

2018 Tax Corporate Governance Statement

Introduction

Evolution Mining Limited (Evolution) is committed to building on existing relationships with our community stakeholders based on trust, mutual respect and genuine partnership. Underpinning this is Evolution's objective that it will comply with all applicable laws, internal policies and other commitments to our stakeholders, including meeting all our tax responsibilities.

Evolution strives to ensure that every interaction with our stakeholders is positive and aligned with our values of Safety, Excellence, Accountability and Respect. We communicate regularly with our stakeholders with integrity in an open, timely and transparent way.

Evolution utilised a significant portion of tax losses during the 2016, 2017 and 2018 income years, and was tax payable for the 2017 and 2018 income years, demonstrating that Evolution has matured as a company since its formation and is now realising the benefits of its earlier capital investments.

To ensure this transparency with our stakeholders and the public, Evolution publishes this Tax Governance Statement on a voluntary basis as part of our commitment to tax transparency. This report also includes information recommended to be disclosed under the Australian Voluntary Tax Transparency Code (TTC).

Evolution corporate structure

Evolution was formed in late 2011 through the merger of Catalpa Resources Ltd and Conquest Mining Ltd and the concurrent acquisition of Newcrest Mining Limited's interest in the Cracow and Mt Rawdon mines.

Evolution now owns and operates five gold operations, all of which are in Australia. Three of the Company's operations are located in Queensland, one in New South Wales and one in Western Australia. In addition, Evolution has an economic interest in the Ernest Henry mine, in Queensland.

Evolution also conducts exploration on its existing operations and other potentially prospective permits and tenements.

Evolution recently sold its small greenfields exploration project in New Zealand. Evolution established Canadian subsidiaries late in 2018 in preparation for potential exploration activities in the future. At 30 June 2018, only minor administrative expenses were incurred by the Canadian subsidiaries. Apart from this, the Company has no legal or beneficial presence in any entity or economic interest outside of Australia.

Financial and tax reporting

Evolution prepares a single consolidated set of financial statements that discloses the accounting profit before tax and tax expense.

Evolution and its wholly owned subsidiaries have formed a tax consolidated group for income tax purposes. This means that a single consolidated income tax return is lodged by Evolution with the Australian Taxation Office for the entire group.

As all of Evolution's subsidiaries are Australian wholly-owned companies, the composition of Evolution's reporting group for accounting and tax purposes is the same.

Voluntary Tax Transparency Code

The Australian Government has endorsed the TTC that requires large business taxpayers to disclose certain tax information. The following tax information is voluntarily disclosed under the requirements of the TTC.

Australian tax-related contribution summary

A summary of Evolution's tax related contribution over the last 2 years is provided below. All of Evolution's tax related contributions are paid to State and Federal tax authorities in Australia.

AUD \$millions

	Corporate	Government	State	Stamp	Total
	income	royalties	payroll	duty ⁽²⁾	
	tax		taxes		
			&		
			other(1)		
2018	65.0	65.9	14.5	Nil	145.4
2017	36.2	62.5	16.5	3.3	118.5

⁽¹⁾ Comprise of employer payroll taxes paid to State Governments and Fringe Benefits Tax.

Note the table above excludes taxes withheld from employees or shareholders, as Evolution does not consider withholding taxes to be tax-related contributions made by the company.

The total taxes paid by Evolution since its formation in the 2012 year to 2018 (inclusive) are as follows:

AUD \$millions

Corporate	Govt	Carbon	State	Stamp	Total
income	royalties	pricing	payroll	duty	
tax			taxes &		
			other		
101.2	304.6	15.6	66.7	72.1	560.2

⁽²⁾ Stamp duty paid in relation to acquisitions

Prior year tax-related contributions

Evolution's prior year tax-related contributions since the company's formation are as follows:

AUD \$millions

Year	Government	Carbon	State	Stamp	Total
	royalties	pricing ⁽³⁾	payroll	duty	
			taxes &		
			other (4)		
2016	55.7	=	14.6	47.4	117.7
2015	35.1	-	6.8	-	41.9
2014	32.5	8.2	5.5	-	46.2
2013	30.4	7.4	5.7	21.4	64.9
2012	22.5	-	3.1	-	25.6
Total	176.2	15.6	35.7	68.8	296.3

⁽³⁾ Comprise of net carbon liabilities plus fuel tax credits denied due to deemed carbon cost.

Reconciliation of accounting profit to income tax expense

A reconciliation of accounting profit to income tax expense is provided below:

	30 June 2018
	(\$millions)
Sales revenue	1,540.4
Cost of sales and other expenses	
Mine operating costs	(639.6)
Depreciation and amortisation	(404.6)
Royalty and other selling costs	(65.9)
Fair value amortisation and expenses	(30.4)
Other expenses	(61.0)
Profit/(loss) before income tax expense	338.9
Tax at the Australian tax rate of 30%	101.7
Non-temporary differences	0.5
Recognition of tax losses	(26.6)
Income tax expense	75.6
Reconciled to income tax payable	
Temporary differences	4.4
Adjustments to current tax	5.5
Less: tax losses	(20.5)
Income tax payable	65.0

^{*} For further details, please refer to the 2018 Annual Report of Evolution at the following link:

2018 Annual Report - Note 3 Income tax expense

Reconciliation to income tax paid

Evolution incurred significant tax losses during previous years. This was mainly due to the fall in gold prices from 2011 through to 2013 and the substantial investments in operations and exploration made by Evolution since formation. A significant portion of tax losses were utilised during the 2016, 2017 and 2018 years. The Australian taxation law provides for higher upfront deduction for mining and exploration expenditure, which in the main contributor to the tax losses in the early years.

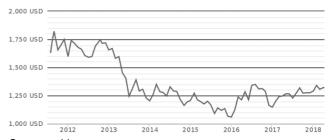
A summary of the tax losses incurred and utilised (including tax offsets) by Evolution since its formation is provided below.

AUD \$millions (at 30% tax rate)

Year	Tax Losses	Utilisation
2011	26.5	
2012	12.4	
2013	29.2	
2014	41.7	
2015	10.4	(3.8)
2016	1.0	(46.8)
2017	Nil	(27.3)
2018	Nil	(19.7)

Evolution has \$23.6m of tax losses (at 30% tax rate) carried forward into the 2019 year. As these losses were acquired the utilisation of them will be on a proportional basis.

The historical gold prices (in USD) over the last 6 years is illustrated in the chart below:



Source: gold.org

Under tax law, companies can carry forward unused tax losses and offset those losses against income in future years, provided strict legislative carry forward rules are satisfied. The TTC prescribes that the effective tax rate of a company is calculated as income tax expense (company tax only) divided by accounting profit. Evolution's effective corporate tax rate is 22.3% for 2018. This is a significant increase from the 2017 year, and approaching the Australian corporate tax rate of 30% as Evolution matures as a company and has now utilised all unrestricted year tax losses.

Evolution (along with many other organisations) may have an effective tax rate lower than the Australian corporate rate of 30%. This does not necessarily mean that tax minimisation strategies are being employed. Evolution's lower effective tax rate for 2018 was due to the utilisation of tax losses. Carrying forward tax losses is a legitimate reason why Evolution's effective tax rate for 2018 is lower than the Australian corporate rate. Further, the carryforward tax loss rules which are available to Evolution are in line with the tax policy of the Australian Government which introduced the measures to encourage investment.

In order for Evolution to carry forward prior year tax losses, it must satisfy strict legislative requirements. Evolution has self-assessed its tax losses against these rules, and as a result Evolution has cancelled approximately \$54.0 million of tax losses over several years that it has self-assessed as no longer being available.

⁽⁴⁾ Comprise of employer payroll taxes paid to State Governments and Fringe Benefits Tax.

Material temporary and non-temporary differences

A summary of material non-temporary and temporary differences for the year ended 30 June 2018 is provided below:

30 June 2018 (AUD \$millions)

Non-temporary differences	Share-based payments	2.5	Not tax deductible
Temporary differences	Difference in accounting and tax depreciation	5.9	Not tax deductible

The amounts in the table above are subject to the preparation and lodgment of the 2018 income tax return.

Tax Corporate Governance

Evolution is committed to complying with its obligation to pay the right amount of tax legally due federally or in any state or territory, in accordance with the laws set out by governments. To meet this commitment, Evolution has in place a Tax Risk Management Policy, Strategy and Procedures to manage tax risks.

The commercial needs of Evolution are paramount and all tax outcomes will be undertaken in this context. All transactions must have a business purpose or commercial rationale.

Due consideration will be given to Evolution's reputation, brand, and corporate and social responsibility when considering tax engagements, as well as legal and fiduciary duties of directors and employees of Evolution. In line with these reputational considerations, Evolution pursues a tax strategy that is fair and transparent. This forms part of the overall decision-making and risk assessment process.

Tax Governance Framework

The Directors believe that Tax Corporate Governance is an important element in maintaining high standards of corporate responsibility and adhering to Evolutions set values of Safety, Excellence, Accountability and Respect. These principles are reflected in Evolution's Corporate Governance standards and policies: http://evolutionmining.com.au/corporate-governance/, which have been in place since the formation of the Company. These principles are regularly reviewed to ensure that they reflect current best practices. All staff at every one of Evolution's operations are expected to adhere to these values.

Evolution has a formal tax governance framework that is driven by its Audit Committee (which comprises of independent non-executive directors), managed by a proactive internal tax function and supported by diligent finance teams at each of its business units and function areas. External reviews of Evolution's tax position are carried out regularly by independent consultants to ensure that Evolution continues to act responsibly and meet its tax obligations.

Evolution does not engage in any aggressive tax planning. It does not host any offshore special purpose entities or marketing hubs. It does not engage in any cross-border transactions.

Evolution has invested comprehensively in information technology, an integrated accounting platform and tax compliance software to ensure integrity in its financial data and tax reporting.

Furthermore, the operations of Evolution are subject to an annual Internal Audit Review program carried out by an independent

consultancy firm to ensure (amongst other things) that the procedures and practices at Evolution are appropriate and complied with, and reflect its high standards of corporate governance.

Tax and Revenue Office engagement

Evolution has proactively sought private binding rulings from the Australian Taxation Office on areas of the tax law that are not clear. Evolution has been, and continues to be, subject to risk reviews by the Australian Taxation Office and other State Revenue Offices in relation to all taxes and royalties, which it has complied with in a transparent and collaborative way.

Evolution is committed to complying with all relevant tax disclosure and approval requirements in the future. Required disclosure will be clearly presented to the tax authorities or other relevant bodies, as appropriate. Openness, honesty and transparency are paramount in all the Company's dealings with the tax authorities and other relevant bodies.

Overview of Evolution's approach to tax governance

Audit Committee	Sets the overall tax risk / reward philosophy and the ethos of how risk is assessed; Periodically monitors and provides guidance for the improvement of the Evolution Tax Risk Management Policy and Strategy; Independently assesses material transactions and material tax matters that are reported to the Audit Committee and makes decisions in relation to these items when required.
Senior Management	 Provides high level input into the Evolution Tax Risk Management Policy and Strategies design; Makes decisions in relation to material transactions and material tax matters within its limit of authority. Monitors how tax is being managed and the performance of tax resources, both internal and external.
Internal Tax Function	Involved in all areas of tax risk management including primarily:
	 Preparation of annual tax returns; Review and seeking of tax advice on transactions and tax matters; The allocation of sufficient and appropriate resources to manage tax risks; and Ensuring effective tax processes and procedures are in place and periodically reviewing the effectiveness of those controls and procedures.
Business Units & Function Areas	 Responsible for providing accurate and complete information to the Internal Tax Function and external tax advisors in a timely manner; Assist the Internal Tax Function in mitigating tax risks when required.
Supported by a integrated acco	a comprehensive information technology and bunting platform and tax compliance software
External support	Regular reviews by independent consultants
Tax Office engagement	Regular engagement with tax authorities