Barrick Australia Limited Cowal Gold Project

Independent Environmental Audit April 2011



trevor brown & associates applied environmental management consultants 3 Forwood Crescent Bundanoon NSW 2578 ph 02 4883 7877 mob 0409 053 031 email: tebrown@bigpond.com





Cowal Gold Project

Independent Environmental Audit 11 April to 16 April 2011

26 May 2011

Prepared for:
Barrick Australia Limited
Cowal Gold Project
Clear Ridge Road
West Wyalong NSW 2671 Australia

Report by: Tebcon Pty Limited trading as

trevor brown & associates applied environmental management consultants

ABN: 23 084 906 963

3 Forwood Crescent Bundanoon NSW Australia 2578

Mobile: 0409 503 031 tebrown@bigpond.com

TBA Ref: BAR11/04



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Ву

Tebcon Pty Limited
Trading as Trevor Brown & Associates

ABN: 23 084 906 963

3 Forwood Crescent Bundanoon 2578 Australia

Trevor Brown Principal Environmental Consultant

Kerrie Conant Director Tebcon Pty Limited

Peer Review: Bob Drury Date: 15 May 2011



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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

An independent environmental audit of the Cowal Gold Project (CGP) was conducted between the 11 and 16 April 2011 by Trevor Brown and Robert Drury, of Trevor Brown & Associates, to assess the status of the CGP operation, in accordance with the Minister's Conditions of Approval (MCoA) 8.8(a). The audit reviewed the status of compliance of the CGP operations from May 2010 to April 2011.

The audit was conducted generally in accordance with the Australian/New Zealand Standards AS/NZS ISO 19011:2002 - Guidelines for Quality and/or Environmental Management System Auditing.

The documentation and files held at the CGP site and interview/discussions with relevant site personnel, provided the auditors with the required information and documentation for the verification of compliance of the CGP operations with the MCoA and other statutory approvals.

Rehabilitation trials conducted on the CGP waste emplacements and tailings storage facilities have exhibited results that provide a sound basis for long term restoration of the disturbed project areas. Ongoing management of erosion and sediment control and the rehabilitation procedure(s) to be implemented for the long term management of the disturbed areas on the CGP Mining Lease will be documented and submitted to the relevant authorities for approval for implementation across the site.

Review and revision of the Surface Water, Groundwater, Meteorological & Biological Monitoring Program has occurred to address a recommendation of the Independent Monitoring Panel and the revised Program approved by the Department of Planning on 10 March 2010. The revised Program has been implemented and ensures that the monitoring provides data relevant to the operational phase of the mine and process plant and will provide results to verify compliance of the project with the project approvals.

The audit findings generally confirmed a high degree of compliance with the Minister's Conditions of Approval, Environment Protection Licence conditions and requirements of the conditions attached to the Mining Lease.

Recommendations:

IEA1 - The Indigenous Archaeology and Cultural Heritage Management Plan be reviewed and revised as necessary to reflect the Due Diligence Code of Practice for protection of Aboriginal Objects in NSW, latest revision (dated 24 February 2010).

IEA2 - The Heritage Management Plan should be reviewed to ensure that the proposed actions related to the homestead and shearing shed on the CGP lease are described and consistent with the approved Heritage Management Plan.

IEA3 - The draft Lachlan River (Jemalong Gap to Condobolin) Floodplain Management Plan (dated January 2011) should be reviewed to determine if any of the requirements of the Plan affect the CGP MCoA 3.10 Land Management Plan or MCoA 4.3 Catchment Area Management.



1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

The development consent granted for the Cowal Gold Mine (CGP) on 26 February 1999 required an Independent Third Party Audit of compliance in accordance with the Minister's Condition of Approval (MCoA) 8.8(a) - Third Party Monitoring/Auditing:

(a) An Independent Environmental Audit shall be completed:

- six monthly during construction;
- 12 months after commencement of ore processing;
- then every three years thereafter until decommissioning of the mine and ore processing operations respectively, or as otherwise directed by the Director-General.

The Applicant shall conduct an environmental audit of the mining and infrastructure areas of the development in accordance with ISO 14010 - Guidelines and General Principles for Environmental Auditing, and ISO 14011 - Procedures for Environmental Auditing (or the current versions), and in accordance with any specifications required by the Director-General. Copies of the report shall be submitted by the Applicant to the Director-General, BSC, DECCW, OoW, DII(Minerals) and CEMCC within two weeks of the report's completion for comment.

- (i) The audit shall:
- a. assess compliance with the requirements of this consent, licences and approvals;
- b. in the event of any non-compliance, report on the effectiveness of the environmental management of the mine as it may relate to the area of non-compliance;
- c. be carried out at the Applicant's expense; and
- d. be conducted by a duly qualified independent person or team approved by the Director-General in consultation with BSC and CEMCC.

This Independent Environmental Audit was commissioned by Barrick Australia Pty Ltd (Barrick) and conducted by Trevor Brown and Robert Drury of Trevor Brown & Associates between 11 and 16 April 2011.

1.2 Scope of Work

The audit was conducted generally in accordance with the Australian/New Zealand Standards AS/NZS ISO 19011:2002 - Guidelines for Quality and/or Environmental Management System Auditing.

The scope of work for the audit of the CGP included the following components:

- review of the implementation of the requirements of the development consent conditions, licences and approvals for the project for the operation of the mine and process plant:
- conduct of site inspections and review of on-site documentation and monitoring data relevant to the compliance audit;
- discussions held with project staff in relation to the development consent conditions;
- assessment of compliance of the project with the development consent conditions; and
- preparation of an Independent Environmental Audit Report providing assessment of compliance against each consent condition.

1.3 Structure of the Audit Report

The report has been prepared to provide comment on each condition of approval in a tabulated form, with additional discussion where required on specific matters. The tabulated comments are attached for the MCoA, Environmental Protection Licence (EPL) and Mining Lease (ML), with discussion of the status of other approvals provided where relevant.



1.4 Compliance Tables

The status of compliance of the CGP with the conditions of consent, expressed in Attachments A - C in **blue** text, uses the following terminology:

Compliance - Yes Implies compliance with the intent and/or requirement of the

approval condition.

Compliance - NO The specific requirement of the consent condition was not met.

Not Activated (N/A) The condition had not been activated because the activity had not

yet commenced, or the requirement of the condition had not been triggered (e.g. complaint driven monitoring, land acquisition, etc).

Noted No specific auditable requirement for the condition.



2. PROJECT STATUS

Following receipt of the Minister's Conditions of Approval (MCoA) for the CGP on 26 February 1999 and preparation and approval of the required environmental management plans in accordance with the MCoA. Construction activities for the CGP occurred between January 2004 and June 2006. Commissioning of the process plant began in March 2006 and an Independent Environmental Audit was conducted in April 2007, 12 months after commencement of the ore processing operations. Operation of the mine and process plant has continued generally in accordance with MCoA 1.1, viz:

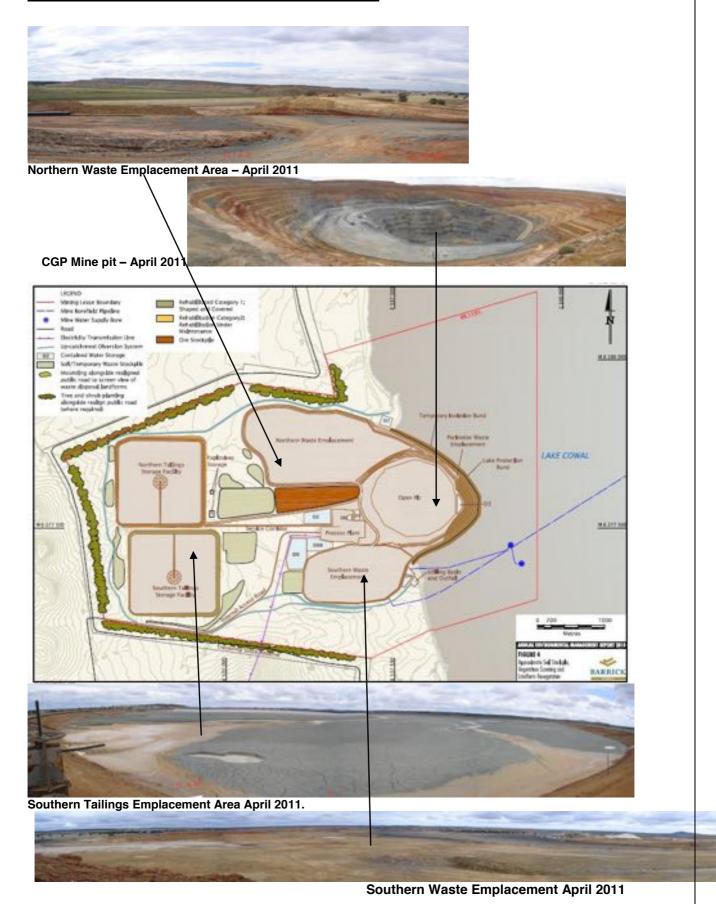
- "(a) The Development is to be carried out generally in accordance with the:
 - (i) EIS dated 13 March 1998, including the Statement of Intent by North Gold (WA) Ltd, and prepared by Resource Strategies, as amended by the plans in Appendix 2 of this consent;
 - (ii) other relevant documentation, including the Applicant's primary submission, and submission in reply to the Commission of Inquiry;
 - (iii) modification application submitted by Barrick Australia Limited, dated 20 June 2003;
 - (iv) modification application and supporting information submitted by Barrick Australia Limited, dated 13 November 2003;
 - (v) modification application and supporting information submitted by Barrick Australia Limited, dated 22 June 2004;
 - (vi) modification application and supporting documentation submitted by Barrick Australia Limited, dated 15 August 2006;
 - (vii) modification application and supporting documentation submitted by Barrick Australia Limited, dated 24 December 2007;
 - (viii) modification application and supporting documentation submitted by Barrick Australia Limited, dated 30 January 2009;
 - (ix) modification application and supporting documentation submitted by Barrick (Cowal) Limited, dated 23 June 2009;
 - (x) modification application dated 25 March 2008 and supporting EA submitted by Barrick Australia Limited;
 - (xi) modification application dated 22 November 2010 and supporting letter submitted by Barrick Australia Limited; and
 - (xii) conditions of this consent."

Plate 1: CGP April 2011 with Lake Cowal beyond (Photo courtesy of Barrick Australia)





Figure 1: Cowal Gold Mine Project - April 2011





3. MINISTER'S CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Development Consent (DA14/98) was granted on 26 February 1999 under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* (EP&A Act) with the Minister's Conditions of Approval (MCoA) for the CGP. Modifications to the Consent have been granted for the development of the CGP in August 2003, December 2003, August 2004, August 2006, February 2008, February 2009, August 2009, March 2010 and January 2011.

This Independent Environmental Audit reviewed the available documentation in relation to the requirements of the Consolidated Minister's Conditions of Approval (MCoA) January 2011 and environmental approvals granted for the mining activities and process plant operation for the CGP project, between May 2010 and April 2011.

Where an authority other than Department of Planning and Infrastructure has administrative responsibility for the requirements of the condition(s) or other approvals, the compliance status has been determined by reviewing correspondence and consultation undertaken by Barrick to meet the requirement of the condition of approval.

Review of compliance and comments with the MCoA for the CGP are summarised in Attachment A. Additional specific comments on the implementation of the Environmental Management Plans are presented below.

3.1 Environmental Management Plans

The majority of the Environmental Management Plans for the CGP were initially approved by the Director-General in 2003 prior to commencement of project. MCoA 3.2 requires the review and revision/update of the Environmental Management Plans (as necessary to address the current operations of the mine and process plant) to be undertaken at least every five years.

Comments on implementation of the environmental management plans for the project are included under each specific condition in the MCoA table, in Attachment A. All EMP's have been revised for the CGP in accordance with MCoA 3.2(a) and submitted to the relevant authorities. Some of the revised EMP's are still awaiting approval from DoP at the date of this audit. Approval for the Plans has been obtained from the other relevant departments that have administrative responsibilities under the MCoA:

- Cyanide Management Plan was amended and approved by the DoP on 20 December 2010.
- Rehabilitation and Offset Management Plan submitted to the DoP on 30 July 2010 following consultation with DECCW, OoW and BSC. Awaiting DoP approval.
- Threatened Species Management Strategy was prepared in consultation with DECCW (for the Inland Forest Bat, Sloanes Froglet and Woodland birds). The Strategy was submitted to DoP on 28 February 2011 and is awaiting approval.
- Noise Management Plan (lodged 30 July 2010), awaiting DoP approval.
- Blast Management Plan revised and submitted to DoP on 11 June 2010 and is awaiting DoP approval.
- Site Water Management Plan (revised plan lodged 30 November 2010), awaiting DoP approval.
- Hazardous Waste and Chemical Management Plan the revised HWCMP was lodged with DoP for approval on 27 April 2011.

Specific comments on the implementation of each EMP for the CGP are presented below:

Indigenous Archaeology and Cultural Heritage Management

The Indigenous Archaeology and Cultural Heritage Management Plan as required by MCoA 3.3 was prepared by Barrick and approved by the Wiradjuri Condobolin Corporation (WCC) in writing on 6 August 2003. Approval was given under the auspices of the Wiradjuri Condobolin Culture and Heritage Company (WCC&HC), that was set up to manage the cultural and heritage component of the

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agreement between Barrick and the Wiradjuri Condobolin People. The implementation of the management program for indigenous archaeology and cultural heritage has involved:

- Cultural Heritage Officers provided by WCC, work under the Principal Consulting
 Archaeologist Dr Colin Pardoe, undertake archaeological investigations prior to any land
 disturbance or earthworks at the CGP mine lease site. Investigations conducted during
 2010 to April 2011 were for areas of the Tailings Storage Facility and the Southern Waste
 Emplacement. Ground Disturbance Procedures were undertaken on the Pre-feasibility
 Study Area on the lake floor and the Eastern Saline Bore-field (phases 1 and 2), prior to
 flooding of the lake.
- Archaeological investigations and collection of artefacts from the areas proposed to be disturbed on the CGP site have been conducted under Section 87 and 90 Consents issued for the project in 2002 and 2003, under the National Parks and Wildlife Act.
- Updating the Master Inventory of items found during archaeological investigations by the Principal Consulting Archaeologist Dr Colin Pardoe and placement in the Temporary Keeping Place on the CGP site occurred during 2011-11. (Artefacts kept on the CGP site are to be relocated to a permanent Keeping House incorporated into the WCC Study Centre at Condobolin). Ongoing construction of the Study Centre and Keeping Place for the Aboriginal items found on the CGP Lease area is occurring.
- Two meetings were held with Cowal Project Co-ordinating Committee (CPCC) and three with the Employment Training and Business Committee (ETBC) during the audit period.
- No incidents related to archaeological matters were reported between April 2010 and April 2011.
- Following a consultation/information meeting with Registered Aboriginal Parties on 18 January 2011, an invitation to attend a site inspection and participate in an archaeological ground survey of the proposed disturbance area associated with the CGP Part 3A Augmentation Project was made to the Registered Aboriginal Parties.
- It is recommended that the CGP Indigenous Archaeology and Cultural Heritage Management Plan be reviewed and revised as necessary to reflect the Due Diligence Code of Practice for protection of Aboriginal Objects in NSW, latest revision (dated 24 February 2010).
- The CGP Heritage Management Plan should also be reviewed to ensure that the proposed actions related to the homestead and shearing shed on the CGP lease are described and consistent with the approved Heritage Management Plan.

Flora and Fauna Management

aemc

The Flora and Fauna Management Plan (FFMP) required under MCoA 3.4 was approved by DIPNR in 2003 and updated in 2008. The FFMP provides the general management strategies for the conservation of wildlife values within ML1535 and around Lake Cowal. The Threatened Species Management Protocol and Vegetation Clearance Protocol developed as part of the FFMP have been implemented as required, prior to the disturbance of areas of the CGP. The following comments are provided in relation to the implementation of the FFMP:

- No replanting or additional tree and shrub planting occurred in the four monitoring quadrants set up on Fellmans Hill Revegetation Enhancement Project (RVEP) between May 2010 and April 2011. Monitoring at Fellmans Hill RVEP has been carried out opportunistically.
- Topsoil Stockpile 1 was ripped and seeded and good germination of the cover crop occurred due to wetter conditions.
- A Vegetation Clearance Protocol Report was completed for an area of the Northern Waste Emplacement and a small area of the Southern facility in March 2010.





Figure 2: Revegetation Enhancement Project areas threatened species were reported.

- The Threatened Species Management Protocol was not triggered between May 2010 and April 2011. Three bird surveys were carried out on Lake Cowal during the audit period by the Centre for Environmental Management, University of Ballarat. Increasing numbers and species of birds were observed over the period as the lake filled. The most recent survey identified 37 species (totalling an estimated 5840 birds). It was also noted in the survey report that 17 species were breeding both individually and in colonies depending upon the species.
- A survey of amphibian species carried out by Cenwest Environmental Services over the period 27 to 30 January 2011 identified nine (9) frog species. No
- The deaths of approximately 250 (mostly goldfish) in Lake Cowal were reported to authorities on 3 February 2011. It was determined that the deaths were due to non-mining related causes, probably increasing water temperature and oxygen depletion.
- The Flora and Fauna Management Plan was amended to reflect the Modification and approved by DoP in November 2008.
- The deaths of two Silver Gulls were reported to DECCW on 19 November 2010. Other
 reports were made quarterly to CEMCC and will be summarised in the 2010 AEMR in
 accordance with the Modification to Approval (granted 12 March 2008), that changed the
 reporting obligations in respect of fauna deaths at the CGP site to annual reporting in the
 AEMR, unless cyanide is suspected as the causal agent.

Erosion and Sediment Control Management

The Erosion and Sediment Control Management Plan required by MCoA 3.5(a) was approved by DIPNR in 2004. Review of the Erosion and Sediment Control Plan was conducted during 2009 and the applicability of the plan to the operational management of the site considered during the review process. The Plan presents general measures to be implemented to control erosion and sediment loss to the environment from the disturbed areas of the project site. The Plan was amended and submitted for approval in March 2009.

Erosion and sediment control management has involved maintenance and inspection of erosion and sediment control structures after trigger rainfall events.

The ongoing management of erosion and sediment control on the site (particularly the batters of the lake protection bund) has been undertaken to ensure that the rehabilitation of the constructed surfaces is maintained for long term stability.

Soil Stripping Management

The Soil Stripping Management Plan required under MCoA 3.5(b) was approved by DIPNR in 2003. The Plan was reviewed in 2009 and the current details of soil stockpile location, stripping volumes and soil management measures were provided in the "Cowal Gold Project Mining Operations Plan April 2009 to December 2010." The Plan presents the processes and scheduling for soil stripping provided in the Mining Operations Plan(s) (prepared in accordance with the Mining Lease requirements).





- More than 1.7 Mm³ of topsoil and 2.0 Mm³ of subsoil are stored on site. There has been light ripping of used stockpile areas. Gypsum application and ripping of other stockpiles has occurred and weed and pest control has been ongoing.
- Topsoil Stockpile 1 was ripped and seeded and showed good germination of the cover crop.
- The topsoil stockpile database is updated as new mining stockpile information is obtained from estimates determined from the site activities.

Landscape Management

The Landscape Management Plan required under MCoA 3.7 was approved by DIPNR in 2003. The Landscape Management Plan was reviewed in 2009 and there had not been any changes to the applicable guidelines, environmental requirements or operational practices that necessitated a revision/update of the plan. The Plan outlines proposed landscaping and visual screening measures to be undertaken for the CGP.

Grass trials on the lake bund in 2005 showed germination one week after sowing, with plants reaching 50 mm height after 16 days. Revegetation trials and associated monitoring and reporting on the lake protection bund are on-going. The last report by DnA consultants on the revegetation was prepared in September 2010.

A trial of the use of biosolids to help the establishment of vegetation on the rehabilitation areas was submitted to DECC in 2008. DECC had no objections to the proposed trial (letter dated 23 April 2008). The biosolids trial was commenced in late 2008 to investigate the relative effectiveness of biosolids treatment in stabilising the soil for rehabilitation and provision of organic matter for the establishment of grass cover. The progress of the biosolids and other rehabilitation trials were assessed by DnA in March 2009. The DnA Report concluded the 45t/ha application of biosolids produced the best vegetative growth result on the biosolids trial area but the application of biosolids did not result in significant improvement of the revegetation.

Shaping of the perimeter of the southern waste emplacement was undertaken during 2008 and subsoil and topsoil were spread on the southern section of the first batter of the Southern Tailings Storage Facility (STSF) in March 2009. Approximately 10 ha of the Southern Tailings Storage Facility batter (including 3 ha of rock ribbons) were seeded with Japanese Millet and a gypsum addition of 10t/ha during 2009.



Plate 3: Rehabilitation trials along the southern wall of the Southern Waste Emplacement Area



A report by DnA Environmental provided an assessment of rehabilitation trials located on the Lake Cowal Foreshore, Southern Waste Emplacement, Northern Tailings Storage Facility and Southern Tailings Storage Facility batters. In summary the DnA Report of the four areas suggested that it was important to have a mulch treatment but there was little difference between subsoil and no subsoil treatments. Deep horizontal ripping was also considered advantageous.

Following discussions with DII (Minerals) on 2 July 2010 and comments by the Independent Monitoring Panel (IMP) in their Sixth Report (2010), revision of the Landscape Management Plan has been delayed. Barrick has agreed with the IMP that replicate trials should be conducted north of pond D1.

A bioremediation facility for the treatment of hydrocarbon contaminated soils was commissioned in 2008. The treatment beds are continuing to be used for small volume treatment of contaminated soil recovered from the site after any hydraulic oil or other hydrocarbon loss from equipment.

Bushfire Management

The Bushfire Management Plan required under MCoA 3.8 was approved by DIPNR in 2003. The Plan was reviewed during 2009 and no revision was considered necessary. The Bushfire Management Plan outlines fuel management and fire incident control measures implemented at CGP to reduce fire risk to the immediate rural area. The Bushfire Management Plan also describes response procedures to fires including assessment, control and clean-up, generally guided by the NSW Rural Fire Service (RFS).

Response capability available in the CGP area includes three RFS brigades in the region (Wamboyne, Clear Ridge and Blow Clear). The Emergency Services Co-operation Agreement (Memorandum of Understanding) between Barrick and the NSW Fire Brigades was signed on 20 February 2007.

Barrick have two Category 7 fire tenders, two (2) trailer mounted 1000L firewater tanks and fire hose units housed in the Rescue Station located near the main maintenance area workshops. Barrick also has two spill response units available on site. A small power boat for use in any incident on Lake Cowal was being commissioned for emergency response at the time of the audit.

Solberg fire fighting foam has now been adopted by CGP for use on site, because of its environmentally friendly and non-carcinogenic properties.

A first aid vehicle is permanently based on site and a first aid room is located in the administration building adjacent to the process plant.

A Fire Trail Register for the mine lease area is maintained on the CGP computer network.

CGP have five permanent Emergency Response Officers on site employed on a rotational shift basis. The CGP Emergency Response Team undertakes regular training sessions in fire fighting skills and fire appliance familiarization and received regular training as members of RFS. An annual on-site nationally accredited Bushfire Fighter course for all RFS members has been established as well as an Advanced Fire Fighter course. General CGP staff fire training includes basic theory on the Emergency Response Plan, fire awareness theory and basic hose handling techniques.



Plate 4: CGP Category 7 fire tenders



Plate 5: CGP Emergency Response Trailers



Land Management

The Land Management Plan required under MCoA 3.11(i) was approved by DIPNR in 2003. A review of the Plan in 2009 indicated that a revision was not necessary as there had not been any changes to applicable guidelines, environmental requirements or operational practices that would necessitate a revision/update of the Plan. The Land Management Plan outlines the management strategies and measures for all of the Barrick land holdings inclding long term land use and rehabilitation measures related to pasture management, weed and pest control.

Exclusion fences have been erected around the remnant vegetation area on the Hillgrove property to assess the long term impact of kangaroos on pasture, and additional fencing has also been erected on the Thornton and Lake Cowal properties to reduce impact of sheep grazing on remnant vegetation.

The annual weed survey and farm management assessment was conducted by Carnegie Natives in January 2011. Due to above average rainfall exceptional growth of problem species occurred during the May 2010 to January 2011 period, including South African Box Thorn, Bathurst and Galvanised Burr, Scotch Thistle, St John's Wort, Purple-Flowered Devil's Claw and St Barnaby's Thistle. On-going control measures recommended to counter the exceptional growth are being implemented by CGP as part of the ongoing programs for the weed and pest control.

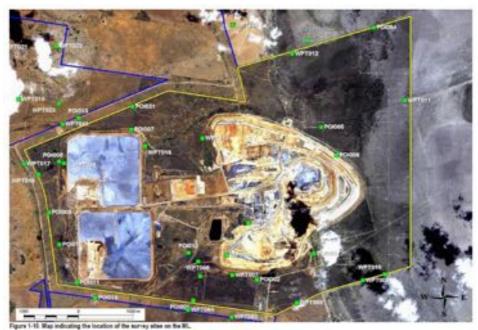


Figure 3: Weed and pest survey locations within the CGO Mining Lease area.

Inspections for Australian Plague Locusts (APL) were carried out by Condobolin and Forbes Livestock Health and Pest Authority (LHPA) with approved poison being issued by LHPA. A follow up inspection was also carried out to check minor infestations of APL at "Lake Cowal" and "Hillgrove".

A research study of native grass recruitment utilising pasture cropping trials was set up on the Hillgrove property as a University of Sydney honours project. These trials were being conducted and funded through the Lake Cowal Foundation.

Compensatory Wetland Management

The Compensatory Wetland Management Plan required under MCoA 3.11(v) was approved by DIPNR in 2003. The Compensatory Wetland Management Plan was reviewed in 2009 and as there had been no changes to the applicable guidelines, environmental requirements or operational practices no revision/update of the Plan was required. The objectives of the Plan outline the compensation measures to be implemented for the loss of the 120ha of wetland from the mine development, through



the enhancement of existing wetland within the CGP mining lease area during operation and following closure of the mine.

Following increase in water levels in Lake Cowal, a survey of the compensatory wetland area and fish species was undertaken by FRC Environmental on 2 February 2011. Resource Strategies reviewed the draft and provided comments to Barrrick. The report dated March 2011 concluded:

"Based on this assessment of aquatic habitat and fish communities, the Compensatory Wetland and Enhancement areas within ML 1535 offer optimal habitat compared to adjacent comparative sites, as they provide structure that supports feeding, shelter and reproduction for a variety of fish species."



Figure 4: Map of Compensatory Wetland Areas survey sites on Lake Cowal

Control programs for rabbits and foxes in the ML area have been carried out between May 2010 and April 2011.

Site Water Management

The Site Water Management Plan required under MCoA 4.1 was approved by DIPNR in 2003. The Plan was amended in December 2004 and December 2006, further reviewed in 2009 and revision of the Plan completed in June and November 2010. The 2010 revision of the Plan was lodged with DoP on 30 November 2010 following comments received from OoW and DECCW. CGP were awaiting approval from DoP at the time of this audit.

The Site Water Management Plan has been implemented with all water management ponds constructed on the CGP site and surface water drainage structures completed for the CGP development.

- The Operational Water Budget is regularly reviewed and revised by CGP process plant staff.
- Water management pond D9, commissioned in June 2007, is used for temporary storage of water to supplement the bore water supply for the project and provide certainty of water supply for the process plant needs.

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No allocation assignments from State Water under section 71T of the *Water Management Act 2000* occurred between May 2010 and April 2011.

- No water had been required to be extracted from the Lachlan Regulated River Water Source between May 2010 and April 2011.
- Landholders using water from the Bland Paleochannel expressed concerns over the
 drawdown of groundwater following commencement of pumping by CGP for supply to the
 project. Barrick met with landholders and developed short and medium term strategies for
 water management in the region. Strategies and sources of water have been investigated to
 develop the long term management of the water resource for all stakeholders. The
 components of the strategies presented to the landowners were:

Short Term Strategy

- Assist stock and domestic (S&D) users that have been clearly impacted by water supply development for the Cowal Gold Mine;
- Manage local aquifer drawdown; and
- Propose to DNR a trigger level and management processes that ensure the viability and effectiveness of S&D schemes in the vicinity of Cowal Gold Mine water supply bores.

Medium-Long Term Strategy

- Pursue a water augmentation scheme;
- Increase on-site storage capacity;
- Combined augmentation and storage to create a system that is flexible, allowing supply from either canal or bore field:
- Capture and utilise rain/runoff water; and
- Minimise evaporative losses.
- The Short Term Strategy and any matters implemented under the Medium-Long Term Strategy, have been regularly surveyed at the bore-field to determine if any measurable ground movement is occurring. Groundwater levels and quality data are monitored by an independent consultant and results are reported in the AEMR. No issues have arisen during the audit period regarding the implementation of the Short Term Strategy.
- A groundwater level contingency plan was agreed between Barrick and DNR on 13 September 2006 as an interim measure. This involved the agreement of trigger levels in borehole GW036553 of 137.5m AHD for water drawdown management actions, and actions to occur at 134m AHD for alternative water supply to impacted S/D bores if the drawdown reached the trigger values. Current water extraction from the Paleochannel bore-field sites is less than previous years due to surface water availability following rainfall events and to date predicted guidelines for groundwater levels have been met with no exceedance of the trigger levels. Automatic loggers are installed in both monitoring bores and production bores.
- Barrick contracted independent consultants (Parsons Brinkerhoff Australia Pty Ltd during 2008 and Coffeys during 2009-2010) to review the collected groundwater monitoring data and to produce hydro-chemical diagrams following analysis of the information. The data analysis is provided in a format suitable for inclusion in the AEMR. The review of groundwater monitoring data by Coffey expressed the following conclusion "The zone of influence of pit dewatering after 5 years is small (around 1km), there has been a localized increase in groundwater levels south of the southern tailings storage facility and groundwater chemistry has remained relatively stable at monitoring bores. Water management control measures appear to have successfully prevented groundwater contamination".
- EPL trigger (i.e. >20mm rainfall/24hrs) for the surface water monitoring program occurred on the following dates between April 2010 and April 2011:

14/02/2010	55mm	1/12/2010	55.4mm
5/03/2010	25.6mm	27/12/2010	23.4mm
7/04/2010	26.6mm	3/02/2011	56mm
14/07/2010	27.4mm.	22/02/2011	20.80mm
15/09/2010	26mm	11/03/2011	46.2mm
16/10/2010	28.2mm	22/03/2011	51.8mm



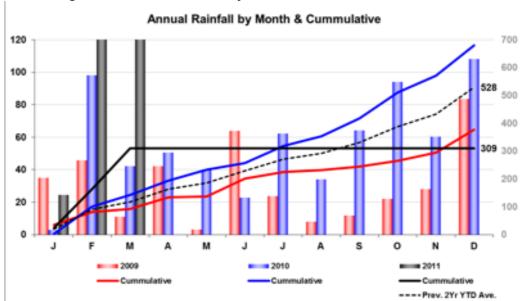


Figure 5: Annual Rainfall by Month and Cummulative Rainfall CGP 2009-2011

Hazardous Waste and Chemical Management

The Hazardous Waste and Chemical Management Plan required under MCoA 5.8 was approved by the Director-General in 2003 and amendments were approved in January 2008, May 2009 and March 2010. A further revision was submitted to DoP on 27 April 2011.

The requirements of the Hazardous Waste and Chemical Management Plan have been implemented (e.g. bunded fuel and lubricant storage, chemical storage facilities) as the CGP has developed.

The approved Operations Emergency Response Plan (OERP) now forms part of the hazardous waste and chemical management procedures. The OERP was revised and submitted to DoP on 19 November 2010.

Two emergency response trailers are available and are operational on site.

The Emergency Response Team (ERT) and other members of the Barrick workforce receive training in emergency response procedures. Numerous training exercises have been carried out by the ERT, including some with external emergency services personnel.

The CHEMALERT system is used for all existing chemicals on site and approval via the system applies to the acquisition of any new chemicals brought onto the site (by Barick or its contractors).

All wastes are managed through the waste storage and disposal area, under contract to J R Richards. Effluent from the Robo-washer units is removed from site under contract by ERS. Under the renewed contract for total waste management services with JR Richards and Sons, Oil Recovery Services have been subcontracted to remove hydrocarbon contaminated solid waste since July 2010.



Plate 6: J R Richards waste management area with segregated wastes – CGP April 2011



Dust Management

The Dust Management Plan required under MCoA 6.1 was approved by DIPNR in 2003 and the Plan was amended in August 2007 and February 2009.

The Dust Management Plan was implemented to suppress dust generation from mining operations, including use of water trucks for disturbed surface areas and internal haulage roads, speed restriction of vehicles on unsealed surfaces (to 20kph), and limiting soil stripping to areas immediately required for the development of the mine activities.

- Treatment of mine access roads using PetroTac water emulsified bitumen has continued on the CGP site with the latest application being made on 27 April 2011. This treatment has been successful in reducing dust generation from light vehicle traffic.
- Three water tankers are used in the pit and surrounds for dust suppression and areas where construction activities occur (e.g. tailings emplacement walls, waste emplacement areas etc).
- An independent consultant from the University of Sydney (Dr Stephen Cattle) has continued to review all dust monitoring data for the CGP. The data analysis is included in the AEMR.
 Three University of Sydney PhD students and a supervisor continued dust studies in the CGP and Lake Cowal area during 2010-2011.



Plate 7: 'Frisbee' (directional dust deposition gauges)

- Following the review of dust monitoring data by Dr Cattle, CGP will adopt the ICP-MS methodology for the analysis of dust samples, subject to DECCW approval.
- Six 'Frisbees' (directional dust deposition gauges) were added to the dust monitoring program in September 2009 to supplement the depositional dust gauges to provide directional data.
- Due to the increase in water levels in Lake Cowal between May 2010 and April 2011,

twelve (12) of the University of Sydney depositional dust gauges and the six (6) frisbees have had to be removed from the lake area due to access problems and inundation of the monitoring locations.

 No complaints about dust were received from surrounding land holders between April 2010 and April 2011.

Blast Management

The Blast Management Plan required under MCoA 6.3 was approved by DIPNR in 2003 and amendments to the Plan approved by DoP in May 2009.

The approved Blast Management Plan was activated when blasting commenced in September 2005. All blasts are monitored with fixed overpressure and vibration monitors at six fixed locations and one mobile/portable monitor available for random checks.

Compliance with the blast vibration or overpressure criteria occurred at all fixed monitor locations during the period 23 December 2009 to 22 December 2010 (Saros report February 2011). No exceedances have been recorded between December 2010 and April 2011.

Two complaints were received from landholders in relation to blast nuisance between April 2010 and April 2011.



Noise Management

The Noise Management Plan (NMP) required under MCoA 6.4(b) was prepared in consultation with the DEC and approved by DIPNR in November 2004. An addendum to the NMP was approved in August 2007 in relation to monitoring location N-04 and a further amendment was approved in April 2010 (following the approval granted on 11 February 2009 to modify the Development Consent pursuant to section 96(1A)).

The Plan provides for the management of noise impacts with six monthly noise monitoring as outlined in the Noise Investigation Plan, methods to be utilised to monitor the impact of noise on wildlife, a program to be undertaken to survey and investigate the effectiveness of noise reduction measures implemented in relation to noisy activities from the operations, and the noise reduction procedures to be implemented in the event of exceedance of the EPL noise criteria or disturbance of bird breeding or other wildlife.

- An operations noise survey was conducted by Heggies during July 2010.
 - Results from the day-time, evening and night-time operator attended survey showed an anomalous result at the "Coniston" residence for the evening survey when considered under the EPL criteria but a non-exceedance under the MCoA criteria. All other measurements were within or at acceptable criteria.

With regard to unattended noise logger data, Heggies concluded that:

"a comparison of the noise levels indicates that at "Coniston" and "Gumbelah" residences there has been a decrease in the daytime ambient noise since the commencement of mine operations and at "Westlea" residence the daytime ambient noise remains generally unaltered since the start of monitoring in September 2007.

A comparison of the noise levels indicates that at "Coniston" and "Gumbelah" residences there has been a decrease in the evening/night-time ambient noise since the commencement of mine operations. However, at "Westlea" residence there appears to have been an upward trend (perhaps up to 9 dBA) in evening/night-time ambient noise since 2007."

- A second survey was carried out by SLR (formerly Heggies) in January 2011.
 - Results for the survey showed no exceedances for the operator attended day time, evening and night-time surveys.

The report concluded that results for unattended noise levels indicated: "that the noise levels monitored in January 2011 were generally higher than the previous summer at noise monitoring locations Gumbelah (No 5) and Lake Cowal (Barrick) (No 6) especially during the evening and the night-time. The increase of the background noise levels is likely to be due to the increase of frogs and insects with the lake now full.

Noise levels monitored in January 2011 were generally similar to the noise levels monitored during the previous years at Westlea (No 7) and McLintock (No 8)."

> Two noise complaints were received between May 2010 and April 2011.

Traffic Noise Management

The Traffic Noise Management Plan required under MCoA 6.4(c) was approved by DIPNR in 2003 and amendments approved in July 2007. The Traffic Management Plan was implemented for the CGP during construction and continues to be applied.

Heggies conducted a traffic survey during January 2011. The report of this survey is still to be finalised.

No traffic noise complaints were received during the period May 2010 to April 2011.



Cyanide Management

The Cyanide Management Plan required under MCoA 5.3(b) was approved by DoP on 9 January 2006. The Plan was revised and the addenda approved by DoP in August 2007, October 2008, January 2009, September 2009 and December 2010.

The management of cyanide transport, storage and use in the process plant has been in accordance with the Cyanide Management Plan. A variation to the transportation route from the Queensland border to Dubbo was approved by the DoP Hazards Unit (dated 1 December 2010).

Monitoring of cyanide in the discharges to the tailings storage is conducted twice daily. Use of the picric acid method of analysis for cyanide at the on-site laboratory was approved by the relevant agencies in 2007 and the Cyanide Management Plan was amended in September 2007 to reflect the approvals. The on-site analysis of cyanide is checked externally by NATA registered laboratories in West Wyalong and results show good correlation.

All results of tailings monitoring during the May 2010 to April 2011 operational period demonstrated that no results exceeded the 20mg CN_{WAD}/L or the maximum 30mg CN_{WAD}/L level.

Monitoring of the decant water in the tailings storages was also carried out twice daily with no exceedances of cyanide levels occurring.

Donato Environmental Services reported on wildlife visitation and cyanide chemistry for the period May 2010 to March 2011. It was noted that no cyanide related wildlife deaths on the tailings storage facilities occurred during the reporting period. Recorded cyanide concentrations were also well below the level that would be expected to cause mortality throughout the reporting period.

(It should be noted that the above Donato report refers to cyanide deaths on the tailings storage facilities. There were two deaths (both Silver Gulls) on 19 November 2010 due to contained cyanide process slurry within the bunded area of Process Plant).



4. OTHER STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS

In addition to the conditions of approval attached to the Minister's consent, MCoA 12 requires:

"The Applicant shall ensure that all statutory requirements including but not restricted to those set down by the Local Government Act 1993, Pollution Control Act 1970, Clean Air Act 1961, Clean Water Act 1970, Noise Control Act 1975, Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991, Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997, National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974, and all other relevant legislation, Regulations, Australian Standards, Codes, Guidelines and Notices, Conditions, Directions, Notices and Requirements issued pursuant to statutory powers by the BSC, DECC, DPI(Minerals), DSC, DWE, RTA, DPI (Agriculture), DPI(Fisheries), and RAC, are fully met.."

The following licences, permits and approvals in Table 1 are held by Barrick for the CGP.

Table 4.1: Licences, Approvals and Permits for CGP

Instrument	Relevant Authority	Date Granted	Duration of Approval
Mining Lease (ML 1535)	DII-Minerals	13 Jun 2003	21 years.
Mining Operations Plan	DII Minerals	30 March 2011	January 2011 to September 2012
Environment Protection Licence (No. 11912)	DECCW	23 Dec 2008	The licence is subject to review every three years. Due for review 3 Dec 2011
Permit #1361 under section 87(1) of the National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974	DECCW (NPWS)	23 May 2002	Valid for period of exploration drilling on the lots covered by the permit.
Consent #1467 under section 90 of the NPW Act	DECCW (NPWS)	27 Nov 2002	The approval lapses when the Minister for Mineral Resources acknowledges that satisfactory rehabilitation work has been completed under ML1535 or 18 years after completion of construction works, whichever occurs first.
Permit #1468 under section 87(1) of the NPW Act	DECCW (NPWS)	27 Oct 2003	Same as Consent #1467.
Consent #1680 under section 90 of the NPW Act	DECCW (NPWS)	28 Jul 2003	Same as above
Permit #1681 under section 87(1) of the NPW Act	DECCW (NPWS)	28 Jul 2003	Same as above
Production bore licence #70BL229248	OoW (DWE)	19 Dec 2003	18 December 2013
Production Bore Licenses #70BL229249, #70BL229250, #70BL229251	OoW (DWE)	22 Dec 2003	21 December 2013
High Security Title WAL13749 DNR Reference 70AL603333	DoL	21 Dec 2006	Title for allocation from Regulated River Source.
General Security WAL13748 DNR Reference 70AL603332	DoL	21 Dec 2006	Title for allocation from Regulated River Source.

4.1 Mining Lease ML1535

Mining Lease (No.1535) area of 2,650 hectares was granted to Barrick under the *Mining Act 1992* on 13 June 2003. Barrick is the registered proprietor of the majority of the land on which the mining lease is located.



An updated Mining Operations Plan (MOP) developed in accordance with the Mining Lease 1535 Condition of Authority No. 25(1) to (9), covers the period April 2009 to December 2010. An extension of the 2009-2010 MOP until 31 March 2011 was granted by DII on 23 November 2010, and a MOP for January 2011 to September 2012 was submitted to DII and deemed acceptable on 30 March 2011.

Compliance with the Mining Lease conditions is summarised in the table in Attachment C.

Rehabilitation

Rehabilitation is undertaken in accordance with the Mining Operations Plan. The annual status of rehabilitation is reported in the draft AEMR 2010 section 5.

Table 4.2: Mine Lease Areas Disturbed/Rehabilitated Still required from G Pearson

Mine Lease Areas Disturbed/Rehabilitated	ha
MINE LEASE AREA	2650
DISTURBED AREAS	
Infrastructure Area ¹	321
Active Mining Area ²	107
Waste Emplacements ³	600
Tailings Emplacements	369
Shaped Waste Emplacement⁴	59
TOTAL DISTURBED AREAS ⁵	1456
REHABILITATION PROGRESS	
Total Rehabilitated Area ⁶	130
SURFACE OF REHABILITATED LAND	
Pasture and Grasses	92
Native Forest/Ecosystems	38

- 1 Includes areas such as ore and soil stockpiles, contained water storages, processing plant and roads.
- 2 Open pit area.
- 3 Areas of waste emplacements yet to be shaped and rehabilitated.
- 4 Areas of waste emplacements that have been shaped and rehabilitated.
- 5 Includes any area that has been disturbed by mining activities.
- 6 Any areas that have been rehabilitated including areas of waste emplacements and tailings storage facilities progressively shaped and rehabilitated.

Trials on the batters of the mine pit, tailings storage facilities and southern overburden emplacement using rock, subsoil, gypsum and mulch, improved stability of the soils and enabled vegetation to establish. Trials using bio-solids also occurred for the STSF outer walls during 2009-2010. The results of the trials have been assessed by DnA Environmental and a report prepared on the results. Decisions on the optimal blend of rock, subsoil, gypsum and mulches will be prepared for consultation with the relevant authorities to determine the long term rehabilitation procedures for the CGP.

4.2 Environment Protection Licence No. 11912

Barrick received an Environment Protection Licence (EPL) 11912 under section 55 of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* for the CGP, on 23 December 2003. The current EPL is due for review by DECCW on 3 December 2011.

Notices of Variation of the Licence dated 29 December 2003, 21 May 2004, 24 September 2004, 19 April 2005, 17 January 2006, 16 July 2008, 6 April 2009, and 17 July 2009 have been advised.

Review of compliance with the EPL conditions is summarised in Attachment B.

Monitoring of groundwater commenced for the tailings storage facilities prior to placement of any tailings. The dewatering piezometers installed around the mine pit area have been sampled in accordance with the EPL and results reported to the DECCW in the EPL Annual Return and AEMR.



The monitoring of groundwater quality has continued in piezometers that have been retained on the mine lease area to provide background data, in addition to the EPL specified monitoring points.

Surface water sampling in Lake Cowal (i.e. points 14-18) and stormwater quality monitoring (points12-13) have been conducted following the rainfall events during May 2010 to April 2011.

Lake Cowal (that had been dry since the commencement of construction of CGP in 2004) received inflow water between May 2010 and April 2011 and the lake level had reached 205.75m AHD by 16 April 2011.EPL Trigger rainfall monitoring events (i.e. >20mm/24hrs) for the surface water monitoring program occurred on the following dates between April 2010 and April 2011:

14/2/2010	55mm
5/3/2010	25.6mm
7/4/2010	26.6mm
14/7/2010	27.4mm.
15/9/2010	26mm
16/10/2010	28.2mm
1/12/2010	55.4mm
27/12/2010	23.4mm
3/2/2011	56mm
22/2/2011	20.80mm
11/3/2011	46.2mm
22/3/2011	51.8mm

The CGP meteorological station in 2003 records wind speed and direction, temperature and rainfall data continuously over 15 minute periods and has continued to provide meteorological information for the project area.

4.3 Water Licences

Bore Licence Certificates under section 115 of the *Water Act 1912* are held for all the groundwater bores associated with the CGP. Copies of each Bore Licence are retained in the Groundwater Bore Licence files at the CGP site. A table of the groundwater bores is in Attachment D.



5. CONCLUSION

The independent environmental audit undertaken between 11 and 16 April 2011, was conducted to satisfy MCoA 8.8 and assessed compliance of the CGP operations with the MCoA for the mining and ore processing operations, during the period of May 2010 to April 2011.

Site inspections, document review and discussions with relevant CGP personnel were undertaken during the site visit and audit program. Additional information for verification of compliance with the MCoA was provided by Barrick as requested by the auditors following the site visit.

The files held by Barrick at the CGP site and information from the CGP personnel on site provided the auditors with the majority of the required documentation for verification of implementation of the commitments in the EMP's and verification of compliance with the MCoA and other statutory approvals. Additional information requested following the on-site audit was provided to satisfy the auditors of the status of the compliance of the CGP operations with the conditions of approval.

The revised Blast Management Plan May 2010, Rehabilitation and Offset Management Plan July 2010, revised Noise Management Plan July 2010, revised/updated Site Water Management Plan November 2010 and revised Hazardous Waste and Chemical Management Plan February 2011 have been submitted to the DoP and Barrick was awaiting approval from the DoP at the time of this audit.

The various rehabilitation trial programs conducted by CGP have indicated that the use of overburden rock placed as ribbons on the slopes of the batters of the tailing storage facilities, mine pit and overburden emplacements has stabilised the surface soils and enabled establishment of grasses. The results of the trials should be confirmed over the next 12 months and the procedures for rehabilitation and revegetation of the disturbed areas of the mine site implemented progressively as areas are completed.

The audit findings confirmed general compliance with the Minister's Conditions of Approval, Environment Protection Licence conditions and requirements of the conditions attached to the Mining Lease and implementation of the commitments in the Environmental Management Plans.



Glossary of Terms

AEMR Annual Environmental Management Report

AR Annual Return – EPA
Barrick Barrick Australia Pty Limited
BCA Building Code of Australia

BL Bore Licence

BSC Bland Shire Council

CEMCC Community Environmental Monitoring and Consultative Committee

CGP Cowal Gold Project

CN Cyanide

CN_{WAD} Cyanide weak acid dissociable

CPCC Cowal Project Coordinating Committee

DA Development Application

DEC Department of Environment and Conservation (now DECCW)

DECC Department of Environment and Climate Change (formerly DEC)

DECCW Department of Environment, Climate Change and Water (formerly DECC)

DII Department of Industry and Investment (includes Minerals)(formerly DPI)

DIPNR Department of Infrastructure, Planning and Natural Resources

Director-General Director-General of DoPI

DLWC Department of Land and Water Conservation

DMR Department of Mineral Resources (now DPI-Minerals)

DNR Department of Natural Resources (now OoW) **DoP** Department of Planning (formerly DIPNR)

DoPI Department of Planning and Infrastructure (formerly DoP pre 2011)

DPI Department of Primary Industries (now DII)

DSC Dam Safety Committee

DWE Department of Water and Energy

ElS Environmental Impact Statement – Cowal Gold Project 1998

EMP Environmental Management Plan

EP&A Act Environment Planning and Assessment Act 1979

EPA Environment Protection Authority
EPL Environment Protection Licence

ETBC Employment Training and Business Committee

LCF Lake Cowal Foundation

LCCC Lake Cowal Conservation Centre

MOP Mining Operations Plan

NPW Act
National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974
NPWS
National Parks and Wildlife Service
OERP
Operational Emergency Response Plan

OoW Office of Water

POEA Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997

RTA Roads and Traffic Authority
SIS Species Impact Statement
TSR Travelling Stock Route
WAD Weak acid dissociable

WCC Wiradjuri Condobolin Corporation

Wiradjuri Condobolin Culture and Heritage Company

ATTACHMENTS

Attachment A Minister's Conditions of Approval (MCoA)

Attachment B Environment Protection Licence (EPL)

Attachment C Mining Lease Conditions (ML)

Attachment D CGP Registered Groundwater Bores



ATTACHMENT A MINISTER'S CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

ATTACHMENT A
DEVELOPMENT CONSENT – MINISTER'S CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (MCOA)
Consolidated Consent Conditions (March 2010):

Red Type represents August 2003 Modification (Mod 1)

Green Type Represents December 2003 Modification (Mod 2)

Blue Type Represents August 2004 Modification (Mod 3)

Lavender Type Represents August 2006 Modification (Mod 4)

Brown Type Represents 12 March 2008 Modification (Mod 5)

Grey Type Represents February 2009 Modification (Mod 7)

Purple Type Represents August 2009 Modification (Mod 8)

Orange Type Represents March 2010 Modification (Mod 6)



Cowal Gold Project Independent Environmental Audit – April 2011

<u> </u>	Cowai dolu Project independent Environmental Adult -				
MCoA No.		Consent Condition	Audit Evidence	Compliance	Comments
1.	GENERAL				
		4- 4			
1.1		to terms of DA, EIS, SIS, etc.			
	with the: (i) E Inter Stra cons (ii) o prim Com (iii) r Limi (iv) r subr (v) n subr (vi) r subr (vii) subr (vii) subr (viii) subr (viii) subr (xii) subr (x) n subr (x) n	elopment is to be carried out generally in accordance IS dated 13 March 1998, including the Statement of Int by North Gold (WA) Ltd, and prepared by Resource tegies, as amended by the plans in Appendix 2 of this sent; Ither relevant documentation, including the Applicant's lary submission, and submission in reply to the large submission of Inquiry; Indification application submitted by Barrick Australia lated, dated 20 June 2003; Indification application and supporting information mitted by Barrick Australia Limited, dated 13 Nov 2003; Indification application and supporting information mitted by Barrick Australia Limited, dated 22 Jun 2004; Indification application and supporting documentation mitted by Barrick Australia Limited, dated 15 Aug 2006; Indification application and supporting documentation mitted by Barrick Australia Limited, dated 24 Dec 2007; Indification application and supporting documentation mitted by Barrick Australia Limited, dated 30 Jan 2009; Indification application and supporting documentation mitted by Barrick Australia Limited, dated 23 June 2009; Indification application dated 25 March 2008 and indification application dated 25 March 2008 and indification application dated 22 Nov 2010 and indification application dated 22 Nov 2010 and conditions of this consent. In any inconsistency between the above documents, the		Yes	The CGP has been developed generally in accordance with the 1998 EIS, Commission of Inquiry submissions, supporting documentation, the Minister's Conditions of Approval (MCoA) and Modifications to the Development Consent granted under the <i>Environment Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> , as listed in MCoA 1.1
		ent shall prevail over the former to the extent of the		Noted	
		cy. However, the conditions of this consent shall prevail			
	over all such	documents to the extent of any inconsistency.			
1.2	Period of A	pproval/Project Commencement			
	Note: Under the site and the Director- will continue	operations may take place until 31 December 2019. This approval, the Applicant is required to rehabilitate perform additional undertakings to the satisfaction of General and DII (Minerals). Consequently this approval to apply in all other respects other than the right to ing operations until the site has been properly it.	Letter from DMR Mining Application No. 45 – Cowal Gold Project, 18 June 2003	Noted	Mining Lease (ML 1535) was granted with conditions on 13 June 2003. The development consent expires on 30 June 2024. The approval will continue to apply in all other respects other than the right to conduct mining operations until the site has been properly rehabilitated. May 2010 to April 2011 The DoP amended the date of mining operations approvate 31 December 2019, in the Notice of Modification dated March 2010. This date is now 5 years less than the Mining Lease approval of 21 years.



(ii) At least one month prior to the commencement of construction, or within such period as agreed by the Director-General, the Applicant shall submit for the approval of the Director-General a compliance report detailing compliance with all the relevant conditions that apply prior to the commencement of construction.	Development Consent Compliance Report 22 Dec 2003 Supplement to Compliance Report, 7 April 2004	Yes	Pre-Construction Compliance Report was submitted to DIPNR on 22 December 2003 and approved by the Director-General on 22 Dec 2003, prior to construction activities commencing. A supplementary Compliance Report was submitted on 7 April 2004 related to transfer of Lot 10 in DP1059150 to the Crown for the new TSR that occurred on 31 March 2004.
(iii) At least one month prior to commissioning of the ore processing plant, or within such period as agreed by the Director-General, the Applicant shall submit for the approval of the Director-General a compliance report detailing compliance with all the relevant conditions that apply prior to the commissioning of the ore processing plant.	Compliance Report submitted to Director-General, 20 January 2006 Letter from DoP re Compliance with Condition 1.2(iii), 6 March 2006	Yes	A compliance report detailing compliance with all relevant MCoA that apply prior to the commissioning of the ore processing plant was submitted to the Director-General on 20 January 2006 and accepted by the Director-General on 6 March 2006.
(iv) Date of commencement of construction works and date of commissioning of the ore processing plant are to be notified in writing to the Director-General and BSC, at least two weeks prior to commencement of construction works and commissioning of the ore processing plant respectively.	Letter from BDW to Director-General and BSC re Notice of Commencement of Works, 24 Dec 2003 Letter to BSC and DoP re Notice of Commencement of Commissioning of the Ore Processing Plant, 16 Feb 2006	Yes	The commencement of construction was notified to the Director-General and BSC on the 24 December 2003 and construction activities started on 12 January 2004. Notification of date of commencement of commissioning of the ore processing plant on or about 13 March 2006 was sent to the Director-General and BSC on 16 February 2006.
(v) No mine construction activity is to occur until the relevant approvals under the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act</i> 1979 have been obtained for the construction of the transmission line from Temora to the mine site and the mine access road upgrade. This condition does not require approval to be obtained under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 in relation to any rail crossing before mine construction activities can commence.	Approval under Section 115(B) in relation to the Temora to Cowal 132KV Transmission Line, 3 Aug 1999 Bland Shire Council Decision Notification of Approval of Cowal Gold Project Access Road Upgrade, 21 Apr 1999	Yes	Approval under Part 5 of the EP&A Act of the Temora Transmission Line was granted to Great Southern Energy August 1999. Approval by the Bland Shire Council (BSC) and approval under Part 5 Approval of the EP&A Act was granted on 21 April 1999 for the upgrade of the access road to the CGP. The ETL was commissioned in January 2006 and is maintained and operated by Country Energy. An inspection of the transmission line route conducted in 2009 indicated compliance of the construction of the ETL with the MCoA for the project except for the vegetative screens that had not established due to the drought conditions. Replanting of tube stock was planned by Country Energy when the weather conditions improved for plant establishment.
If construction works have not commenced within two years of this development consent, the Applicant shall provide an annual report on the status of the project and any major changes to the environmental conditions of the site.	Letter from DIPNR re Application under Section 95B of the EP&A Act, 12 May 2004	Noted	Construction works for the CGP commenced in January 2004 and commissioning of the ore processing plant commenced in January 2006.



1.3	Dispute Resolution			
	In the event that the Applicant and the BSC or a Government agency, other than the Department of Urban Affairs and Planning, cannot agree on the specification or requirements applicable under this consent, the matter shall be referred by either party to the Director-General or if not resolved, to the Minister for Urban Affairs and Planning, whose determination of the disagreement shall be final and binding on the parties.		Noted	
1.4	Security Deposits and Bonds			
	Security deposits and bonds will be paid as required by DPI (Minerals) under mining lease approval conditions.	Confirmation of Security Certificate Ref:ALHS-602788, 8 Sep 2009	Yes	The Security deposit for ML 1535 was amended to \$63,500,000 to take effect from 16 April 2010.
		Letter from DII re Mining Lease 1535 Security Deposit, 16 Apr 2010		May 2010 to April 2011
		Letter from Barrick to DII re Security		Barrick advised DII on 30 April 2010 that the security bond unconditional bank guarantee had been lodged for the
		Bond, 30 Apr 2010		additional amount notified by DII on 16 April 2010.
2.	MINE MANAGEMENT			
2.1	Mine Management Plan, Operations and Methods			
	The Applicant shall submit to and have accepted by the DPI (Minerals), a Mining Operations Plan in accordance with current guidelines issued by DPI (Minerals), prior to commencement of mining. The Plan covers mining operations for a period of up to seven years. Changes in mining operations must be reflected in a revised Plan, which must be approved by DPI-Minerals prior to commencing the changed operations. The revised Plan addressing the changes in mining operations proposed in the modification application and supporting documentation submitted by Barrick Australia Limited, dated 30 January 2009, must include a geotechnical analysis and review of ongoing open pit development, the management of waste rock emplacements and monitoring of the lake protection bund.	Mining Operations Plan – June 2007 to June 2009, submitted June 2007 Letter from DPI Minerals re Approval of MOP 2009-2010, 3 Apr 2009 Letter from Barrick re Addendum to MOP, 18 Mar 2010 Letter of MOP Approval, DII, 19 Mar 2010 Letter from DII re Extension of MOP to 31 Mar 2011, dated 23 Nov 2010 Letter from DII re MOP Jan 2011 to Sep 2012, Dated 30 Mar 2011	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 The MOP for June 2007 to June 2009 was submitted and approved by DPI in June 2007. The MOP for April 2009 to December 2010 was submitted to DPI-Minerals on 31 March 2009. Approval from DPI was provided on 3 April 2009. An Addendum to the MOP was submitted on 18 March 2010 and approved by DII on 19 March 2010. May 2010 to April 2011 An extension of the 2009-2010 MOP until 31 March 2011 was granted by DII on 23 November 2010, and a MOP for January 2011 to September 2012 was submitted to DII and deemed acceptable on 30 March 2011.
2.2	Ore, Waste and Concentrate Production			
	The Applicant shall not transport ore or other excavated materials		Yes	May 2010 to April 2011
	not required for either construction or maintenance works from other mines or locations to the mine site without the written approval of the relevant councils.			No ore or excavated materials from other mines or locations, was transported to the CGP site between April 2010 and April 2011.
2.3	Mine and Public safety			
	The Applicant shall secure the mine site as described in section 2.10.5 of the EIS. The fence for the MLA boundary shall be designed to minimise the impact on water birds and aquatic species. (Refer also to condition 5.4(b) (ii)).		Yes	A 1.3m wire strand fence was erected around the Mining Lease Area in 2004 in accordance with the design requirements in 2003.

3.	LAND AND SITE ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT			
3.1	Appointment of Environmental Officer			
	(i) The Applicant shall employ an Environmental Officer to exclusively work for the Cowal gold mine and no other mine, whose qualifications are acceptable to the DII (Minerals) who shall report to the Mine Manager. The Officer shall be employed throughout the life of the mine, and shall:	Letters to DMR, EPA, NPWS, DLWC, BSC and CEMCC re Appointment of Garry Pearson as Environmental Officer, 31 Aug 2006	Yes	DIPNR, DMR, EPA, NPWS, DLWC and BSC were notified on August 2006 of Mr Garry Pearson's appointment to the position of Environmental Manager on the CGP site. The duties and responsibilities outlined in the Job Description for the Environmental Manager address the
	(a) be responsible for the preparation of the environmental management plans (refer condition 3.2)			requirements of MCoA 3.1
	 (b) be responsible for considering and advising on matters specified in the conditions of this consent and compliance with such matters; 			
	(c) be responsible for receiving and responding to complaints in accordance with condition 10.2(a);			
	(d) facilitate an induction and training program for all persons involved with construction activities, mining and remedial activities;			
	(e) have the authority and independence to require reasonable steps to be taken to avoid or minimise significant environmental impacts which are not in accordance with this consent or the EIS and failing the effectiveness of such steps, to cease the activity causing the problem immediately if a significant impact on the environment is likely to occur.			
	(ii) The Applicant shall notify the Director-General, DII (Minerals), DECCW, OoW, BSC and the CEMCC (refer condition 8.7) of the name and contact details of the Environmental Officer upon appointment and any changes to that appointment.	Letters to DMR, EPA, NPWS, DLWC, BSC and CEMCC re Appointment of Garry Pearson as Environmental Officer, 31 Aug 2006	Yes	The authorities were advised of the appointment of Garry Pearson as Environmental Manager to the CGP in August 2006.
3.2	Environmental Management Plans			
	The Applicant shall prepare the following environmental management plans:			The environmental management plans were prepared and approved by the relevant government authorities:
	Archaeology and cultural management plan (refer condition 3.3)		Yes	Indigenous Archaeology & Cultural Management Plan
	Fauna management plan (refer condition 3.4)		Yes	Fauna Management Plan
	Erosion and sediment control plan (refer condition 3.5(a))	Refer to the relevant conditions re	Yes	Erosion and Sediment Control Management Plan
	Soil stripping management plan (refer condition 3.5(b))	documentation verification/comment.	Yes	Soil Stripping Management Plan
	Rehabilitation and Offset management plan (refer condition 3.6(d))	an (refer condition 3.10)	Yes	Rehabilitation and Offset management Plan
	Bushfire management plan (refer condition 3.8)		Yes	Bushfire Management Plan
	Land management plan (refer condition 3.10)		Yes	Land Management Plan
	Compensatory wetland management plan (condition 3.11(v))		Yes	Compensatory Wetland Management Plan
	Site water management plan (refer condition 4.1)		Yes	Site Water Management Plan
	Cyanide management plan (refer condition 5.3(b))		Yes	Cyanide Management Plan



	Hazardous waste and chemical management plan (refer condition 5.7)		Yes	Hazardous Waste and Chemical Management Plan
	Dust management plan (refer condition 6.1)]	Yes	Dust Management Plan
	Blast management plan (refer condition 6.3)		Yes	Blast Management Plan
	Noise management plan (refer condition 6.4(g))		Yes	Noise Management Plan
	The management plans are to be revised/updated at least every five years, or as otherwise directed by the Director-General, in consultation with the relevant government authorities. They will reflect changing environmental requirements or changes in technology/operational practices. Changes shall be made and approved in the same manner as the initial environmental management plan. The plans shall also be made publicly available at BSC within two weeks of approval of the relevant government authority.		Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 The EMP's developed by Barrick and approved by the relevant authorities in 2003 have been reviewed and revised if necessary to meet the requirement of this condition. A revision of the Site Water Management Plan is still to be submitted to the DoP to meet this condition. May 2010 to April 2011 The revised Site Water Management Plan was submitted to the relevant authorities on 11 June 2010. DECCW and OoW accepted the revised Plan. DoP had not approved the Plan at the date of this audit (11April 2011).
3.3	Heritage Assessment and Management			
3.3	 (a) The Applicant shall prior to commencement of construction works: (i) prepare a Heritage Management Plan (HMP) to address non-indigenous cultural heritage issues. The HMP shall be prepared in consultation with Bland District Historical Society, BSC, and Lake landholders/residents, and to the satisfaction of the Director-General; 	Heritage Management Plan Sept 2003 Letter from BSC re European Heritage Management Plan, 5 Sep 2003 Letter from DIPNR re Approval of the Indigenous Archaeology and Cultural Heritage Management Plan, 11 Nov 2003	Yes	April 2010 The Heritage Management Plan was prepared by Barrick and approved by the Director General on 25 September 2003. The Heritage Management Plan was reviewed during 2009 and no revision was necessary. May 2010 to April 2011 No changes had been made to the Heritage Management Plan. The Heritage Management Plan should be reviewed to ensure that it addresses the proposed management of the homestead site.

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(ii) prepare an Indigenous Archaeology and Cultural Management Plan (IACMP) to identify future salvage, excavation and monitoring of any archaeological sites within the DA area prior to and during development, and to address Aboriginal cultural heritage issues. The IACMP shall be prepared in consultation with NPWS, the Local Aboriginal Land Council, a consultant archaeologist, any other stakeholders identified by NPWS, and to the satisfaction of the Director-General; and	Indigenous Archaeology and Cultural Management Plan, Oct 2003 Letter from DIPNR re Indigenous Archaeology and Cultural Heritage Management Plan, 11 Nov 2003	Yes	The Indigenous Archaeology and Cultural Management Plan prepared in consultation with the NPWS, Wiradjuri-Condobolin Cultural Heritage Company, and Colin Pardoe (consultant archaeologist) and approved in September 2003. The Indigenous Archaeology and Cultural Management Plan was reviewed in 2009 and no revision was required. May 2010 to April 2011 Surveys for Aboriginal relics/artefacts on any land to be disturbed is conducted by CGP including any land that has been surveyed previously and this would satisfy the requirements of the recent changes to the Act/Regulation. The Indigenous Archaeology and Cultural Management Plan should be reviewed to ensure that the requirements of the recent legislative changes are adequately addressed.
(iii) retain a Cultural Heritage Officer approved by the West Wyalong Local Aboriginal Land Council who is to be available on site during construction earthworks.	Letter from Barrick – Letter of Appointment – Professional Services from Wiradjuri Condobolin Corporation, 6 Nov 2003	Yes	Barrick entered an agreement with the Wiradjuri Condobolin Corporation for the provision of cultural heritage officer(s) during construction earthworks. The agreement was approved by the West Wyalong Aboriginal Land Council. Dr Colin Pardoe, Consultant Archaeologist was and approved by the Director-General on 11 November 2003 and appointed by Barrick to oversee all archaeological surveys and works. Cultural heritage officers continue to survey any new areas of land clearing associated with waste emplacement and stockpiles at the site.
(b) The Applicant shall, prior to the commencement of construction works in a particular part of the DA area, submit to and have approved by the Director-General of NPWS, a Consent to Destroy application under Section 90 of the National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974 in relation to that particular part of the DA area for Aboriginal archaeological sites that have been identified to be damaged or destroyed as a result of the development prior to consent and/or by the IACMP.	Section 87 Permit 1361, 23 May 2002 Section 90 Consent 1467, 27 Nov 2002 Section 87 Permit 1468, 27 Oct 2002 Section 90 Consent 1680, 28 Jul 2003 Section 87 Permit 1681, 28 Jul 2003 Letter to Barrick re Certification of Clearance of Southern Waste Dump Area, 15 Sep 2008	Yes	Section 87 Permit 1361 applied to Lot 23 and 24 and Game Reserve – authorised archaeological works, but not destruction of aboriginal objects. Section 90 Consent 1467 applies to the whole mining lease area, plus the water pipeline route and bore field andauthorises destruction of Aboriginal objects after the archaeological works required by Permit 1468 have been carried out and certified. Section 87 Permit 1468 applies to the whole mining lease area, plus the water pipeline route and borefield and authorises archaeological works but not destruction of aboriginal objects. Section 90 Consent 1680 and Section 87 Permit 1681 were granted in July 2003. All ML areas have been and are surveyed prior to any surface disturbance.

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3.4	Flora and Fauna Assessment and Management			
	(a) The Applicant shall prior to commencement of construction prepare a fauna management plan to cover the mining lease area and monitoring of bird breeding areas as identified by the Applicant in consultation with DECCW. The plan shall be prepared in consultation with DII (Fisheries) and DECCW, and be to the satisfaction of the Director-General. The plan shall include, but not be limited to:	Flora and Fauna Management Plan, Oct 2003 Letter from DIPNR re Approval Flora and Fauna Management Plan, 30 Oct 2003 Letter from DoP re Approval of the Amended Flora and Fauna Management Plan, 30 Oct 2008	Yes	The Flora and Fauna Management Plan was prepared by Barrick and approved by the Director General on 30 October 2003. Barrick submitted an amended Flora and Fauna Management Plan to DoP on 12 August 2008. DoP approved the amended plan on 30 October 2008.
	(i) methods for monitoring daily and seasonal fauna usage of tailings dams (eg. species, number, location, habits), and whether deaths or other effects or incidents are occurring. Usage of the tailings dams shall be reported to the DECCW on a six monthly basis, unless otherwise directed by the Director-General;	Seasonal Wildlife Use Pattern of the CGP Tailings Facility: Oct 2006 to March 2007, Oct 2007 to Mar 2008, Apr 2008 and Sep 2008, Oct 2008 and Mar 2009, Donato Environmental Services, November 2008 Seasonal Wildlife Use Pattern of the CGP Tailings Facility: Apr 2009 and Sep 2009, Oct 2009 and Mar 2010, April 2010 to Oct 2010 Nov 2010 to Mar 2011 Donato Environmental Services, Jul 2010	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 Monitoring of the tailings storage facilities has occurred twice a day following commencement of placement of tailings in the STSF in May 2006. The monitoring is conducted by process plant staff plus informal regular inspections by the Environment staff. The six-monthly Donato reports on seasonal wildlife use of the tailings facility were submitted to DECC for the periods October 2007 to March 2008, and April 2008 to September 2008, October 2008 to March 2009 and April to September 2009. May 2010 to April 2011 No deaths on the tailings storage facilities were recorded during this reporting period and cyanide concentrations recorded were consistently well below the level that would be expected to cause mortality (Donato 2011).
	(ii) development of a protocol for the reporting of any native fauna deaths or other incidents involving native fauna on the mining lease to the DECC, DPI(Minerals), CEMCC and in the case of fish, DPI (Fisheries). Native fauna deaths (except those attributable to physical trauma such as vehicle strike) must be reported as per this protocol within 24 hours (or next working day). The Applicant shall maintain a record of any native fauna deaths or other incidents and this record shall be included in the AEMR;	Letter from DoP re Fauna Death Reporting, 13 Mar 2008 Addendum to Flora and Fauna Management Plan Nov 2008 Letter from DoP re Approval for Addendum to Flora and Fauna Management Plan, Nov 2008 Letter from DECC re Fauna Deaths Status, 2 Feb 2009 West Wyalong Veterinary Clinic Reports 2010 to Mar 2011	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 The procedure for quarterly reporting of fauna deaths to the relevant authorities was modified and approved by DoP on 13 March 2008. The Modification to Consent granted 13 March 2008, related to changes to the reporting obligations in respect of fauna deaths at the CGP site. The Flora and Fauna Management Plan was amended to reflect the Modification and the Plan approved by DoP in November 2008. Fauna deaths are now only reported in the AEMR if cyanide is suspected as the causal agent. May 2010 to April 2011 CGP Fauna Death reports and West Wyalong Veterinary Clinic reports were sighted for native fauna deaths recorded between May 2010 and April 2011.



d cl T	ii) provision for fauna autopsy facilities to enable the cause of any eaths to be quickly determined. The protocol required in sub lause (ii) above shall also detail collection and autopsy of fauna. This shall include but not be limited to collection and recording rocedures, autopsy procedures and laboratory tests.	Flora and Fauna Management Plan Section 6.3 West Wyalong Veterinary Clinic Reports 2007 – 2009 West Wyalong Veterinary Clinic Reports 2010 to Mar 2011	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 Autopsy reports prepared by the West Wyalong Veterinary Clinic were sighted for the April 2007 to April 2010 period. May 2010 to April 2011 Autopsy reports prepared by the West Wyalong Veterinary Clinic were sighted for the April 2010 to April 2011 period. No deaths attributable to cyanide in the tailing storage areas.
(i	v) provision of contingency measures for reducing cyanide levels in the tailings dams in the event it is established that fauna deaths are occurring from cyanide in tailings dam water (refer also condition 5.3(c));	Flora and Fauna Management Plan Section 8 Notification forms to DECC/DPI (Minerals and CEMCC for May 2008 to April 2009 2008 AEMR, April 2009 2009 AEMR, 19 April 2010 Draft 2010 AEMR, May 2011	Noted	April 2007 to April 2010 Cyanide levels in the discharge to the tailings storage facilities has been less than the approved concentrations at all times between April 2007 and April 2010. There have been no fauna deaths related to cyanide recorded for the tailings storage facilities on the CGP site between April 2007 and April 2010. May 2010 to April 2011 There were no fauna deaths attributable to cyanide recorded for the tailings storage facilities on the CGP site between April 2010 and April 2011.
	development of effective mechanisms to keep fauna and avifauna away from the tailings storages, which shall include, but not be limited to: - minimising area of open water in the tailings dams; - fencing to prevent both medium and large fauna, terrestrial and amphibians, from entering the area. Mesh will have holes no greater than 5cm in diameter; - making the area non conducive to the establishment of wildlife habitats, as far as possible; - use of netting where practical; and - use of current best practice for avifauna deterrence;	Flora and Fauna Management Plan Section 3 Implementation Plan to Protect Fauna from Interactions with the Tailings Storage Facilities, Feb 2005 Seasonal Wildlife Use Pattern of the CGP Tailings Facility, Oct 2008 to March 2009, Donato Environmental Services, Aug 2009 Seasonal Wildlife Use Patterns of the Cowal Gold Mine Tailings Facility April to September 2010, Donato Environmental Services, Nov 2010 Seasonal Wildlife Use Pattern of the CGP Tailings Facility, Oct 2010 to March 2011, Donato Environmental Services	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 A security fence was erected around the tailings storage facilities prior to tailings being discharged in 2005, to restrict the entry of fauna. Deterrent devices have been installed at the tailings storage facilities with radar activated audio units, sonic gas guns and other passive devices erected to scare away birds approaching or landing on the tailings waters. These devices were installed in 2006 in accordance with the approaches outlined in the Implementation Plan. May 2010 to April 2011 The monitoring of wildlife visitation to the tailings storage facilities indicated no wildlife deaths and cyanide chemistry was consistently below the level that would be expected to result in mortality during the monitoring periods. The Donato reports are prepared each 6 months to satisfy the requirements in the CGP Implementation Plan to protect Fauna from Interactions with the Tailings Storage Facilities.



(vi) development of plans for the rescue and rehabilitation of wildlife that may become bogged/sick/trapped in the tailings	Flora and Fauna Management Plan Section 5	Yes	A small number of birds were rescued from the tailings emplacement facilities during 2010 and 2011.
dams or elsewhere within the mining lease area;			Management of water on the tailings facilities has kept the area of exposed water to a minimum by returning supernatant water to the process plant. The number of birds attracted to the tailings has been small because of the lack of water on the storages.
			A number of methods have been used to discourage birds from settling on the water areas of the tailings emplacements. These deterrents are triggered by the birds flying through the radar controlled areas with loud noise emitters activated to scare the birds away.
(vii) methods to conserve and enhance wildlife values around Lake Cowal, within the mine lease area, including protection and enhancement of existing retained habitats;	Flora and Fauna Management Plan Section 9	Yes	Refer to section 3.1 above on the Flora and Fauna and the Land Management Plans.
(viii) provision to continue fauna and flora, fish, and aquatic	Surface, Groundwater,	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010
invertebrate monitoring of the Lake Cowal region as documented in the EIS and SIS including investigation of fauna deaths off the Mine Site if requested by the Director-General where it is considered the deaths are attributable to activities on the Mine Site;	Meteorological and Biological Monitoring Program		No biological monitoring has been conducted on Lake Cowal to April 2010 as there has been no standing water in Lake Cowal at the trigger level of 204.5 AHD. Bird monitoring has been conducted 3 times a year (August, October and January) between April 2007 and April 2010.
			May 2010 to April 2011
			Monitoring of fauna, flora, fish, and aquatic invertebrate in Lake Cowal occurred between May 2010 and April 2011 following the inflow of water to the lake.
(ix) details to relocate any threatened species and/or its habitat	Flora and Fauna Management Plan	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010
away from disturbed areas that are created by mine operations. This will include placement and maintenance of suitable types and numbers of artificial roosting boxes for bats such as the Greater Long-eared Bat and other animals (eg birds/possums) in undisturbed areas of the mine site;	Section 10		The Strategy of the Threatened Species Management Protocol was initiated during 2006 and 2007 for the relocation of active Grey-Crowned Babblers (a threatened species under the NSW <i>Threatened Species Conservation Act</i>) nesting sites in an area where vegetation clearance was required. It was considered by suit qualified personnel that the TSMS for the Grey Crowned Babbler was appropriate.
			There have been no further threatened species identified in areas proposed for vegetation clearance between April 2007 and April 2010.
			May 2010 to April 2011
			No threatened species relocation was required between May 2010 and April 2011.



	(x) details of monitoring the mine's impacts particularly on birdlife in bird breeding areas identified by the Applicant in consultation with DECC, threatened fauna and flora, and fish and aquatic invertebrates around Lake Cowal, and outline contingency measures should impacts be identified as occurring.	Flora and Fauna Management Plan Section 11 Seasonal Wildlife Use Pattern of the CGP Tailings Facility, Oct 2009 to March 2010, Donato Environmental Services, Aug 2010 Seasonal Wildlife Use Pattern of the CGP Tailings Facility, Apr 2010 to Oct 2010, Donato Environmental Services, Feb 2011 Seasonal Wildlife Use Pattern of the CGP Tailings Facility, Nov 2010 to Mar 2011, Donato Environmental Services	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 Monitoring of bird breeding areas has been conducted around the mine site and Lake Cowal area. No monitoring of fish or aquatic invertebrates in Lake Cowal has occurred because there has been no standing water in the lake. The Donato reports have not presented any evidence that suggests impacts on any threatened fauna from the mine operations. May 2010 to April 2011 The 2010 Donato reports have not presented any evidence that suggests impacts on any threatened fauna from the mine operations.
	(b) The Applicant shall also implement a Threatened Species Management Protocol as outlined in Appendix 9 of the Department's primary submission to the Commission of Inquiry, which will include provisions for targeted searches prior to construction and proposed mitigation measures where threatened flora or fauna species are found.	Threatened Species Management Protocol Appendix A Flora and Fauna Management Plan Oct 2003 Letter from DoP re Inland Greybox Woodland, 10 Aug 2007 Letter from DECC re Inland Greybox Woodland, 27 Aug 2007 Letter from DECC re Myall Woodland, 29 Aug 2007 Letter from DECC re Aquatic Ecological Community, 21 Sep 2007 Letter from DoP re Myall Woodland, 24 Sep 2007 Letter from DoP re Aquatic Ecological Community, 12 Oct 2007 Letter from DECCW re Threatened Species Management Strategies, 23 Feb 2011	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 A Threatened Species Management Protocol was prepared by Barrick and approved by the Director General on 30 October 2003. DECC, DPI (Minerals) and DoP accepted the implementation of the Vegetation Clearance Protocols related to the Inland Grey Box Woodland, in August 2007, and Myall Woodland in August/September 2007. DECC, DPI (Minerals) and DoP accepted the Threatened Species Management Strategy for the Aquatic Ecological Community in the natural drainage system of the Lowland Catchment of the Lachlan River in September 2007. The Threatened Species Management Protocol and Vegetation Clearance Protocol are current and implemented for any new areas where clearance of vegetation and/or disturbance of threatened species would occur. May 2010 to April 2011 DECCW responded on 23 February 2011 to the proposed threatened species management strategies for the Inland Forest Bat, Sloanes Froglet and Woodland Birds without objections.
3.5	Prevention of Soil Erosion The Applicant shall prepare prior to commencement of construction works, in consultation with DECCW and to the satisfaction of the D-G:	Amended Erosion and Sediment Control Management Plan, 2004 Revised and Amended Erosion and Sediment Control Plan Dec 2009		The Erosion and Sediment Control Plan approved in 2003 amended in 2004, and revised for submission to DoP on 23 December 2009. DoP approved the Plan on 10 March 2010.



(a) an erosion and sediment control management plan for the DA area which meets the requirements of DECCW. The plan shall include, but not be limited to:	Erosion and Sediment Control Management Plan Sep 2003 Letter from DECC re Addendum to Erosion and Sediment Control Plan, 22 Dec 2009 Letter from DoP re Addendum to Erosion and Sediment Control Plan, 10 Mar 2010	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 The Erosion and Sediment Control Management Plan for the DA area was prepared and approved by the Director General on 1 October 2003. The Erosion and Sediment Control Plan was revised and updated in 2009 and the latest revision approved by DoP on 10 March 2010. May 2010 to April 2011 No revisions of the CGP Erosion and Sediment Control Plans occurred during May 2010 and April 2011.
 (i) details of temporary and permanent sediment and erosion control systems to be used during both mine construction and operation, including for earthworks associated with landscaping; (ii) details of salinity management; and (iii) a program for reporting on the effectiveness of the sediment and erosion control systems and performance against objectives contained in the approved erosion and sediment control management plan, and EIS; 	Erosion ands Sediment Control Management Plan Sections 3, 4 & 5 Erosion ands Sediment Control Management Plan Section 6 Erosion ands Sediment Control Management Plan Section 11	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 Regular inspections of the mining lease boundary fences and sediment controls are conducted by Environment Personnel, particularly after rainfall events. The lake protection bund showed significant erosion in 2008 following rainfall, due to reactive soils in the bund wall construction. Review of the erosion control strategies and development of appropriate erosion control measures were investigated by Barrick and recommendations related to erosion control were presented by the Independent Monitoring Panel. Inspection of the lake protection bund in April 2010 (i.e during this audit) in relation to the erosion of reactive soils in the bund wall showed that significant works to repair eroded areas had occurred, but there was still some erosion of the slopes of the permanent bund walls. May 2010 to April 2011 The batters of the various stockpiles and bunds around the CGP site exhibited some rilling and loss of sediment to the base of the walls following the prolonged rain period between May 2010 and April 2011. There was no visible sediment loss from the disturbed areas of the CGP site to the surrounding environment outside the mine lease boundaries and no obvious sediment build up along the shore of Lake Cowal in the vicinity of the temporary or permanent bunds walls.
(b) a soil stripping management plan for the DA area to the requirements of DII (Fisheries)and DECCW which shall include, but not be limited to:	Soil Stripping Management Plan Aug 2003 Erosion and Sediment Control Management Plan Section 7.1	Yes	The requirements of the Soil Stripping Management Plan are used for any new areas of clearance (e.g. northern and southern waste emplacement areas and tailings storage facilities in 2007-2011).

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	(i) details of the management of techniques and scheduling; a		Erosion and Sediment Control Management Plan Section 7 and 11	Yes	The CGP site topsoil stockpile database is maintained for recording of all topsoil clearance activities on site.
			Topsoil-Subsoil Stockpile Map Apr 2010		The location and volume of topsoil present on each of the stockpiles is recorded and the locations shown on
			Topsoil-Subsoil Stockpile Map Mar 2011		stockpile maps for the site.
	methods and performance ag	e effectiveness of the soil stripping ainst objectives contained in the	Infill Sampling and Results CGP Environment File Jun 2005	Yes	The stripping of topsoil and stockpiles has been managed in accordance with the Soil Stripping Management Plan
	soil stripping management pla	an, and EIS.	2009 AEMR, 19 Apr 2010		and rehabilitation strategies.
			Topsoil-Subsoil Stockpile Map Apr 2010		The topsoil stockpile database is updated as new stockpile information is obtained, with a location map developed for the site. The segregation of topsoil and infill material
			Topsoil-Subsoil Stockpile Map Mar 2011		occurs as the material is stripped.
3.6	Site Rehabilitation Managemen	nt			
	The Applicant shall carry out reha		Mining Operations Plan 2005-2009	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010
		s of the Mining Operations Plan of 2.1), and EIS, particularly Section	Section 4, Mar 2005		Rehabilitation plans are outlined in the MOP and progress
	5.	2.1), and £15, particularly Section	Mining Operations Plan 2009-2010, Section 4, 31 Mar 2009		is reported in the AEMR. The MOP (2009-2010) was approved by DPI (Minerals) on 3 April 2009 and includes
			Letter from DPI-Minerals re Approval		the proposed rehabilitation program for the 2 years. The
			of MOP, 3 Apr 2009		MOP was amended and approved in March 2010 by DII.
			MOP Amendment, Mar 2010		May 2010 to April 2011
			Letter from Barrick re Addendum to MOP 2009-2010, 18 Mar 2010		The revised MOP for January 2011 to September 2012 was approved by DII in March 2011, and contains the proposed rehabilitation program for the period of the MOP
			Mining Operations Plan Jan 2011 to Sep 2012		(section 4). Rehabilitation trials have continued and recommendations of the IMP are being implemented.
3.6	Rehabilitation and Offset Mana	agement			
	Rehabilitation and Offsets				
	(a) The Applicant shall:		Rehabilitation and Offset Strategy,	Yes	May 2010 to April 2011
	(i) progressively rehabilitate the m	nine site in a manner that is	July 2010		The Rehabilitation and Offset Management Strategy was
	in Appendix 1);	(ii) maximise the salvage and beneficial use of resources in areas			submitted to the relevant authorities for acceptance/
					approval in July 2010. The Plan addressed the requirements of the MCoA 3.6(a):
	subject to disturbance; and (iii) implement the biodiversity offset strategy as described in the				(i) Section 3 Mine site rehabilitation
	EA, and summarised in Table Appendix 2), to the satisfaction	1 (and shown conceptually in of the Director-General and DII			(ii) Section 3.2.10 and 3.2.11 – Collection and propagation of seed and salvage and reuse
	(Minerals). Table 1: Offset Strategy	(Minerals).			of material for habitat enhancement
	Area	Minimum Size			(iii) Section 4 Offset
	Offset – Enhancement Area	110 ha			
	Offset – Revegetation Area	100ha			
	Total	210ha			

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(b) By the end of December 2011, the Applicant shall make suitable arrangements to provide appropriate long term security for the offset areas to the satisfaction of the Director-General.	Letter to DoP re Offset Bond, 17 Dec 2010	Yes	The offset land is owned by Barrick and secure for the long term use as offset areas.
(c) By the end of December 2010, the Applicant shall demonstrate that appropriate monetary bonds are, or will be, in place with applicable authorities to fully implement the offset strategy, to the satisfaction of the Director-General.	Letter to DoP re Offset Bond, 17 Dec 2010	Yes	April 2011 The proposed total offset bond amount of \$339,570.00 for implementation for the offset strategy is within the closure security bond , that was submitted to DII Titles as part of the MOP Rehabilitation bond (dated April 2010).
Rehabilitation and Offset Management Plan			
(d) The Applicant shall prepare and implement a Rehabilitation and Offset Management Plan for the project to the satisfaction of DII and the Director-General. This plan must be prepared in consultation with DECCW, OoW and BSC, and be submitted to the Director-General and DII (Minerals) for approval by the end of July 2010. This plan must include:	Rehabilitation and Offset Management Plan, Jul 2010 Letter from BSC re Rehabilitation and Offset Management Plan, 9 August 2010 Letter from DII re Rehabilitation and Offset Management Plan, 18 Aug 2010 Letter from OoW re Rehabilitation and Offset Management Plan, 27 Aug 2010 Letter from DECCW re Rehabilitation and Offset Management Plan, 22 Dec 2010	Yes	April 2010 The preparation of the Rehabilitation and Offset Management Plan has commenced and consultation with the relevant authorities will occur during the development of the document. Finalisation of the documents and submission of the documentation to the D-G and DII will occur following consultation. May 2010 to April 2011 The Rehabilitation and Offset Management Plan wsa prepared and submitted to the relevant authorities in July 2010. Bland Shire Council responded to Barrick re the Rehabilitation and Offset Management Plan submitted on 30 July 2010, OoW responded on 27 August 2010 and DECCW responded on 21 December 2010, with no objections and agreement that the plan was consistent with the development consent modification. DoP had not responded at the date of this audit.
(i) the rehabilitation objectives for the mine site and offset areas;	Rehabilitation and Offset Management Plan, Jul 2010	Yes	(i) section 3.1.2 Rehabilitation Objectives
(ii) a description of the short, medium, and long term measures that would be implemented to rehabilitate the mine site; implement the offset strategy; and manage the remnant vegetation and habitat on the mine site and in the offset areas;	Rehabilitation and Offset Management Plan, Jul 2010	Yes	(ii) (i) Sections 3.2 and 4.2 Short, Medium and Long Term Measures
(iii) detailed performance and completion criteria for the mine site rehabilitation and implementation of the offset strategy;	Rehabilitation and Offset Management Plan, Jul 2010	Yes	(iii) Sections 3.3 and 4.4 Performance and Completion Criteria for Rehabilitation
 (iv) a detailed description of the measures that would be implemented, including the procedures to be implemented for: progressively rehabilitating disturbed areas; implementing revegetation and regeneration within the disturbance areas and offset areas, including establishment of canopy, sub-canopy (if relevant), under-storey and ground strata; protecting vegetation and soil outside the disturbance areas; rehabilitating creeks and drainage lines on the site (both inside and outside the disturbance areas); managing salinity; conserving and reusing topsoil; 	Rehabilitation and Offset Management Plan, Jul 2010	Yes	 Section 3.2.1 - Progressive Rehabilitation of disturbed areas; Sections 3.2.2 and 4.3.1 - Implementation of revegetation and regeneration Section 3.2.3 - Protection of vegetation and soil outside disturbance areas Section 3.2.5 - Salinity management Section 3.2.6 - Topsoil conservation and reuse Section 3.2.7 - Pre-clearance surveys

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	 undertaking pre-clearance surveys; managing impacts on terrestrial and aquatic fauna; landscaping the mine site to minimise visual impacts; collecting and propagating seed for rehabilitation works; salvaging and reusing material from the mine site for habitat enhancement; controlling weeds and feral pests, including terrestrial and aquatic species; managing grazing and agriculture on site; controlling access; and bushfire management; 			 Section 3.2.8 - Management of impacts on terrestrial and aquatic fauna Section 3.2.9 - Mine site landscaping Section 3.2.10 and 4.3.2 - Collection and propagation of seed Section 3.2.11 and 4.3 3 - Salvage and Reuse of material for habitat enhancement Section 3.2.12 ad 4.3.4 - Weed and feral pest control Section 3.2.15 & 4.3 7 - Bushfire management
	(v) a program to monitor the effectiveness of these measures, and progress against the performance and completion criteria;	Rehabilitation and Offset Management Plan, Jul 2010	Yes	(v) Section 3.4 and 4.5 - Monitoring Program
	(vi) a description of the potential risks to successful rehabilitation and/or revegetation, and a description of the contingency measures that would be implemented to mitigate these risks;	Rehabilitation and Offset Management Plan, Jul 2010	Yes	(vi) Section 5 - Potential risks and risk treatment
	(vii) details of who would be responsible for monitoring, reviewing, and implementing the plan.	Rehabilitation and Offset Management Plan, Jul 2010	Yes	(vii) Section 6 Responsibilities for implementation, monitoring and review
3.7	Deleted			
3.8	Bushfire and other Fire Controls			
	The Applicant shall: (a) prior to commencement of construction works prepare and submit for the approval of BSC, a bushfire management plan as outlined in section 6.4.4 of the EIS; and	Bushfire Management Plan, Aug 2003 Letter from BSC re Draft Bushfire Management Plan, 5 Aug 2003	Yes	April 2011 A Bushfire Management Plan was prepared and the plan approved by DMR and BSC on 24 July 2003. The Bushfire Management Plan was reviewed during 2008 and no revision of the document was required.
	(b) provide adequate fire protection works on-site. This shall include one (1) emergency fire fighting unit on site. (Refer also condition 5.4(a)(i)).	MOU – Barrick and NSW Fire Service 20 Feb 2007	Yes	The Memorandum of Understanding between the NSW Rural Fire Service and Barrick was signed on 20 February 2007. CGP has two Category 7 fire tenders and two emergency response units on the CGP site. CGP Emergency Response personnel are also located at the Rescue Station on the CGP site.
3.9	Other Land Covenants and Agreements			
	Relocation of Game Reserve (a) The Applicant shall prior to the commencement of construction works relocate the existing game reserve in consultation with BSC, DECCW, DII(Fisheries), and lake residents and users as identified by BSC. Where public access arrangements are to be provided they shall be completed no later than the time of the reserve's relocation, to the requirements of BSC and DECCW. The total size of the new reserve(s) shall be no smaller than the existing reserve.		Yes	Barrick relocated a Game Reserve external to the mining lease for "public access" and "environmental protection", on 7 November 2003. The reserve maintains public access to the lake and has an area of 123.4ha. The "Game Reserve" status of the Crown land within ML 1535 was revoked on 19 December 2003.

Letter from BDW re TSR 7 Apr 2004 (b) The Applicant shall, park to the commencement of construction works on the Traveling Stock Route (TSR), relocate the TSR in accordance with the ISB and the requirements of BSC, and the Condobolin Rural Lands Protection Board for the Condobolin Rural Lands Protection Board for the Rows and Foreshores are finalised prior to the commencement of construction works on the Israel applications for road closures are finalised prior to the commencement of construction works on the land comprising the existing public roads that are to be closed. This will include the reforcation of the spublic roads in use commencement of the public roads in use commencement of construction works grown as a commencement plan for all its land holdings to provide for proper land management; consultation with DECOV, DIII/Agricuture), and BSC, and to the satisfaction of the public roads in use of the public roads in use of the proper land management; consultation with DECOV, DIII/Agricuture), and BSC, and to the satisfaction of the Director-General in Pagin and the Commencement of construction works grown as a control of vermin and novous weeds as required by the Rural Lands Protector Authority, the Pickky Pear Authority and other relevant authorities. In the pagin of the lasted versions of the Jemasiong and the Lake Cowal Landowners Association, and Lake Cowal Landowners Association of the Director-General. The plan shall be considered that the Commencement of a construction works prepare a control of vermin and novous weeds as required to the plan within the mine less are during openation and followers of the Jemasion and Lake Cowal Enroperhesia and Commencement of a construction works prepare a control					
(c) The Applicant is to ensure that all applications for road closures are finalised orior to the commencement of construction works on the face of the final commencement of construction works on the face of the commencement of construction works on the land comprising the existing public roads that are to be closed. 3.10 Land Management The Applicant shall: (A) (i) prior to commencement of construction works prepare a Land Management Plan for all its land holdings to provide for proper land management in consultation with become a land provided proper land management in consultation with Eucotro-General. The plan shall be consistent with the fauna management plan for the Jensel consistent with the fauna management plan for the Jensel consistent with the fauna management plan for the Jensel consistent with the fauna management plan condition 3.4) and shall include, but not be limited to: - pastures and remnant vegetation management? - control of vermin and noxious weed on the Jensel consistent with the fauna management plan condition 3.4) and shall include, but not be limited to: - pastures and remnant vegetation management? - control of vermin and noxious weed on the Jensel consistent with the fauna management plan condition 3.4) and shall include, but not be limited to: - pastures and remnant vegetation management? - control of vermin and noxious weed on the Jensel consistent with the fauna management plan condition 3.4) and shall include, but not be limited to: - pastures and remnant vegetation management? - control of vermin and noxious weed on the Jensel consistent with the fauna management plan condition 3.4) and shall include, but not be limited to: - pastures and remnant vegetation management? - control of vermin and noxious weed control, and consisteration of the Jensel consistent with the fauna management plan condition 3.4 and the Lake Coval Exploration and Lake Coval Exploration was required to the Jensel consistent with the fauna management plan condition of the Jensel consistent with the Je		(b) The Applicant shall, prior to the commencement of construction works on the Traveling Stock Route (TSR), relocate the TSR in accordance with the EIS and the requirements of BSC, and the Condobolin Rural Lands Protection Board, and should include	Part 3A Permit No. 703A01055 under the Rivers and Foreshores	Yes	Condobolin Rural Lands Protection Board for the relocation of the TSR. The new road and TSR works were completed in the 1 st quarter 2004, and Barrick transferred the land for the new
The Applicant shall: (A) (i) prior to commencement of construction works prepare a Land Management Plan for all its land holdings to provide for proper land management In consultation with DECCW, OW, DII(Agriculture), and BSC, and to the satisfaction of the Director-General. The plan shall be consistent with the fauna management plan (condition 34) and shall include, but not be limited to: • pastures and remnant vegetation management; • control of vermin and noxious weeds as required by the Rural Lands Protection Authority, the Prickly Pear Authority and other relevant authorities; • integration of the latest versions of the Jemalong and the Lake Cowal Land and Water Management Plan; and • feral animal control. (ii) prior to commencement of construction works prepare a Compensatory Wetland Management Plan in consultation with DECCW, DII(Fisheries), Lake Cowal Landowners Association, and Lake Cowal Environmental Trust, and to the satisfaction of the Director-General. The plan shall detail compensation measures for the loss of 120 hectares of wetland, through the enhancement of at least the equivalent area of existing wetland within the mine lease area during operation and following closure of the mine. The plan shall include, but not be limited to: (a) a definition of wetland which shall be all land up to the high water mark of Lake Cowal recognising that river red gum habitat is below high water mark; (b) measures to improve habitats for wildlife including waterbirds, fish, aqualic organisms etc. in wetland sufficiency of the mine. The plan shall detail compensation Monitoring Results (epont, DnA Environmental, Dec 2008) Compensatory Wetland Management Plan has been carried out in annually in November. Compensatory Wetland Management Plan has been carried out in annually in November. Compensatory Wetland Management Plan has been carried out in annually in November. (c) Monitoring of the survey sites identified in the Compensatory Wetland Management Plan has been carried out in annually in November. (c		are finalised prior to the commencement of construction works on the land comprising the existing public roads that are to be closed. This will include the relocation of the public roads in use prior to commencement of construction works on the land	Closure of Council Roads, undated. Orange Office - Notification of Closing of a Road, NSW	Yes	Department of Lands for Road 1 (a public road within TSR17085 parallel to the western shore of Lake Cowal) and Road 2 (an unformed public road adjacent to the northern boundary of Portion 44). The road closures were
(A) (i) prior to commencement of construction works prepare a Land Management Plan for all its land holdings to provide for proper land management in consultation with DECCW, OoW, DIKAgriculture), and BSC, and to the satisfaction of the Director-General. The plan shall be consistent with the fauna management plan (condition 3.4) and shall include, but not be limited to: • pastures and remnant vegetation management: • control of vermin and noxious weeds as required by the Rural Lands Protection Authority, the Prickly Pear Authority and other relevant authorities: • integration of the latest versions of the Jemalong and the Lake Cowal Land and Water Management Plan; and • feral animal control. (ii) prior to commencement of construction works prepare a Compensatory Wetland Management Plan in consultation with DECCW, DII(Fisheries), Lake Cowal Land and Water Management Plan in consultation with DECCW, DII(Fisheries), Lake Cowal Land and following closure of the Director-General. The plan shall detail compensation measures for the loss of 120 hectares of wetland, through the enhancement of at least the equivalent area of existing wetland within the mine lease area during operation and following closure of the mine. The plan shall include, but not be limited to: (a) a definition of wetland which shall be all land up to the high water mark of Lake Cowal recognising that river red gum habitat is below high water mark; (b) measures to improve habitats for wildlife including waterbirds, fish, aquatic organisms etc. in wetlands covered by the plane factor of a trace of a provided provided to the mine of the provided prov	3.10	Land Management			
proper land management in consultation with DECCW, OW, Dill'Agriculture), and BSC, and to the satisfaction of the Director-General. The plan shall be consistent with the fauna management plan (condition 3.4) and shall include, but not be limited to: • pastures and remnant vegetation management; • control of vermin and noxious weeds as required by the Rural Lands Protection Authority, the Prickly Pear Authority and other relevant authorities; • integration of the latest versions of the Jemalong and the Lake Cowal Land and Water Management Plan; and • feral animal control. (ii) prior to commencement of construction works prepare a Compensatory Wettand Management Plan in consultation with DECCW, Dill'Esheries), Lake Cowal Land works association, and Lake Cowal Environmental Trust, and to the satisfaction of the Director-General. The plan shall detail compensation measures for the loss of 120 hectares of wetland, through the enhancement of at least the equivalent area of existing wetland within the mine lease area during operation and following closure of the mine. The plan shall include, but not be limited to: (a) a definition of wetland which shall be all land up to the high water mark of Lake Cowal recognising that river red gum habitat is below high water mark; (b) measures to improve habitats for wildlife including water by impacting adjoining private properties; and (c) measures to improve habitats for wildlife including waterbirds, fish, aquatic organisms etc., in wetlands covered by the plan.		(A) (i) prior to commencement of construction works prepare a	Land Management Plan Oct 2008	Yes	approved by the Director General in October 2003.
Director-General. The plan shall be consistent with the fauna management plan (condition 3.4) and shall include, but not be limited to: pastures and remnant vegetation management; feral animal, vermin and noxious weeds as required by the Rural Lands Protection Authority, the Prickly Pear Authority and other relevant authorities; integration of the latest versions of the Jemalong and the Lake Cowal Land and Water Management Plan; and feral animal control. (ii) prior to commencement of construction works prepare a Compensatory Wetland Management Plan in consultation with DECCW, Diffsheries), Lake Cowal Landwares Management Plan; and to the satisfaction of the Director-General. The Jen affect the CGP Land Management Plan (ataed January 2011) should be reviewed to determine if any requirements of the Plan affect the CGP Land Management Plan. Compensatory Wetland Management Plan in consultation with DECCW, Diffsheries), Lake Cowal Land and Water Management Plan (ataed January 2011) should be reviewed to determine if any requirements of the Plan affect the CGP Land Management Plan (Anagement Plan (Anag		proper land management in consultation with DECCW, OoW,			
other relevant authorities; integration of the latest versions of the Jemalong and the Lake Cowal Land and Water Management Plan; and if feral animal control. (ii) prior to commencement of construction works prepare a Compensatory Wetland Management Plan in consultation with DECCW, DIII(Fisheries), Lake Cowal Landowners Association, and Lake Cowal Environmental Trust, and to the satisfaction of the Director-General. The plan shall detail compensation measures for the loss of 120 hectares of wetland, through the enhancement of at least the equivalent area of existing wetland within the mine lease area during operation and following closure of the mine. The plan shall include, but not be limited to: (a) a definition of wetland which shall be all land up to the high water mark of Lake Cowal recognising that river red gum habitat is below high water mark; (b) measures to manage the enhanced wetlands without adversely impacting algoing private properties; and (c) measures to improve habitats for wildlife including waterbirds, fish, aquatic organisms etc, in wetlands covered by the plan. (a) a definition of wetland which shall be all land up to the high water mark of Lake Cowal recognising that river red gum habitat is below high water mark; (b) measures to improve habitats for wildlife including waterbirds, fish, aquatic organisms etc, in wetlands covered by the plan. (c) measures to improve habitats for wildlife including waterbirds, fish, aquatic organisms etc, in wetlands covered by the plan. (d) the draft Lachlan River (Jemalong date of Compensatory Wetland Management Plan (dated January 2011) should be reviewed to determine if any requirements of the Plan and Management Plan. (d) Management Plan Cc 2008 (iii) (a) A Compensatory Wetland Management Plan was submitted and approved by the Director General on 25 September 2003. The Plan was reviewed in 2008 and no revision was required. (b) Monitoring of the survey sites identified in the Compensatory Wetland Management Plan Dec 2008 (c) Monitoring of		Director-General . The plan shall be consistent with the fauna management plan (condition 3.4) and shall include, but not be limited to: • pastures and remnant vegetation management;			vegetation and pasture management; feral animal, vermin and noxious weed control; and consideration of the Jemalong and Lake Cowal Land and Water Management
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within the mine lease area during operation and following closure of the mine. The plan shall include, but not be limited to: (a) a definition of wetland which shall be all land up to the high water mark of Lake Cowal recognising that river red gum habitat is below high water mark; (b) measures to manage the enhanced wetlands without adversely impacting adjoining private properties; and (c) measures to improve habitats for wildlife including waterbirds, fish, aquatic organisms etc, in wetlands covered by the plan. (a) a definition of wetland which shall be all land up to the high Report, November 2007 (b) measures to manage the enhanced wetlands without adversely impacting adjoining private properties; and (c) Monitoring of compensatory wetland Regults Report, DnA Environmental, Dec 2008 (c) Monitoring of compensatory wetland areas on Lake Cowal within the mining lease where grazing has been eliminated, were reported to show higher regeneration rates and groundcover than the grazed sites off the mining lease. The Compensatory Wetland Regeneration Monitoring Results Reports (2008 and Regeneration Monitoring Results Report, DnA Environmental, Dec		DECCW, DII(Fisheries), Lake Cowal Landowners Association, and Lake Cowal Environmental Trust, and to the satisfaction of the Director-General. The plan shall detail compensation measures for the loss of 120 hectares of wetland, through the enhancement of at least the equivalent area of existing wetland within the mine lease area during operation and following closure	Compensatory Wetland Management Plan Section 4 Compensatory Wetland		submitted and approved by the Director General on 25 September 2003. The Plan was reviewed in 2008 and no revision was required.
water mark of Lake Cowal recognising that river red gum habitat is below high water mark; (b) measures to manage the enhanced wetlands without adversely impacting adjoining private properties; and (c) measures to improve habitats for wildlife including waterbirds, fish, aquatic organisms etc, in wetlands covered by the plan. Compensatory Wetland Regeneration Monitoring Results Report, DnA Environmental, Dec Cowal within the mining lease where grazing has been eliminated, were reported to show higher regeneration rates and groundcover than the grazed sites off the mining lease. The Compensatory Wetland Regeneration Monitoring Results Reports (2008 and Regeneration Monitoring Results Report, DnA Environmental, Dec Report, DnA Environmental, Dec Cowal within the mining lease where grazing has been eliminated, were reported to show higher regeneration rates and groundcover than the grazed sites off the mining lease. The Compensatory Wetland Regeneration Monitoring Results Reports (2008 and 2009) concluded there was significantly higher recruitment of native species in the compensatory			Compensatory Wetland Monitoring		Compensatory Wetland Management Plan has been carried out in annually in November.
(b) measures to manage the enhanced wetlands without adversely impacting adjoining private properties; and (c) measures to improve habitats for wildlife including waterbirds, fish, aquatic organisms etc, in wetlands covered by the plan. 2006 Compensatory Wetland Regeneration Monitoring Results Report, DnA Environmental, Dec mining lease. The Compensatory Wetland Regeneration Monitoring Results 2009) concluded there was significantly higher recruitment of native species in the compensatory		water mark of Lake Cowal recognising that river red gum	Regeneration Monitoring Results Report, DnA Environmental, Dec		Cowal within the mining lease where grazing has been eliminated, were reported to show higher regeneration
(c) measures to improve habitats for wildlife including waterbirds, fish, aquatic organisms etc, in wetlands covered by the plan. Regeneration Monitoring Results Report, DnA Environmental, Dec Regeneration Monitoring Results Report, DnA Environmental, Dec 2009) concluded there was significantly higher recruitment of native species in the compensatory					mining lease. The Compensatory Wetland
			Regeneration Monitoring Results Report, DnA Environmental, Dec		2009) concluded there was significantly higher recruitment of native species in the compensatory



	Compensatory Wetland Habitat and Fish Investigation, FRC environmental Report Mr 2011		April 2010 to April 2011 The presence of water in Lake Cowal during May 2010 and April 2011 has allowed the monitoring of the wildlife habitats for the first time since the commencement of the CGP.
(B) minimise the removal of trees and other vegetation mine site and restrict any clearance to the areas oc the mine activity, buildings and paved surfaces, and areas necessary for fire control in accordance with requirements, and have regard to the draft Mid-Lac Regional Vegetation Management Plan (or its final	cupied by d those BSC's hlan version); Section 9.7 Vegetation Clearance Protocol, Northern Waste Emplacement Aug 2009 Vegetation Clearance Protocol, Soil Stockpile Areas, Nov 2009 Vegetation Clearance Protocol, Northern & Southern Waste Emplacement Areas, 10 Mar 2010	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 The Vegetation Clearance Protocol VCP) ensures that clearance of vegetation is restricted to areas required for mine development. The VCP has been triggered and the Vegetation Clearance Procedure instigated in areas of the project site where vegetation clearance was to occur between April 2007 and April 2010. Detailed reports on each of these areas are contained in, Cowal Gold Project: Vegetation Clearance Protocol Reports files. May 2010 to April 2011 There has only been one VCP triggered during May 2010 and April 2011 for a waste emplacement area. No other vegetation clearance has occurred during 2010/2011.
(C) not locate topsoil stockpiles within any area of Wilga in the DA area as identified in figure 3-13 of the EIS		Yes	May 2010 to April 2011 No topsoil stockpiles had been located on Wilga Woodland areas at the time of this audit.
(D) not disturb any area of Belah Woodland in the DA ar identified in figure 3-13 of the EIS.	rea as	Yes	May 2010 to April 2011 Belah Woodland areas within the DA had not been disturbed at the time of this audit.
(E) develop a strategy for the long term land use of the I decommissioning of the mine site. The strategy shal but not be limited to: appropriate land uses within the which may include areas for conservation, agricultur recreation, long term management of the area, envir impacts of any uses and maintenance of necessary characteristics and other features provided on the si strategy for long term land use of the DA area shall I submitted by Year 7 of mining operations or five year mine closure, whichever is the sooner, in consultation DWE, DECC, BSC, CEMCC, and to the satisfaction Director-General.	l include, e DA area, e or onmental drainage te. The oe rs before in with	Noted	April 2011 The strategy for long term land use and closure plan for the mine is to be developed for submission to the relevant agencies in Year 7 of the mining operations or five years before mine closure, in accordance with this condition. (Refer also to MCoA 8.7(ix) re Mine Closure)



4.	WATER MANAGEMENT			
4.1/4.2	Surface Water Management & Ground Water Management			
	The Applicant shall: (a) prior to the commencement of construction works shall prepare a site water management plan in consultation with OoW and DECCW, and to the satisfaction of the Director-General, which shall include, but not be limited to, the following matters:	Revised Site Water Management Plan, Dec 2006 Letter from DoP re Amendments to Environmental Management Plan, 8 April 2010 Letter to DoP/DECCW/OoW re Revised Site Water Management Plan, 11 Jun 2010 Letter from DECCW re Site Water Management Plan, 1 July 2010 Letter from OoW re Site Water Management Plan, 24 Aug 2010	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 Amendments to the approved Site Water Management Plan 2003, were approved by DoP in December 2004 and December 2006. A further revision of the Site Water Management Plan is due for submission to DoP to address the requirement of MCoA 4.2 on 11 June 2010. May 2010 to April 2011 The Site Water Management Plan was reviewed, revised and submitted to the relevant authorities on 11 June 2010. The DECCW responded with no objection to the revised Plan on 1 July 2010. OoW responded with a request that OoW licence numbers be cross referenced with the Barrick site identification system. DoP approval still to be received for the revised Site Water Management Plan at the date of this audit.
	(i) management of the quality and quantity of surface and ground water within and around the mine site, including water in the up catchment diversion system, internal catchment drainage system, dewatering bores, Bland Creek Palaeochannel borefield and water supply pipeline from the borefield, which shall include preparation of monitoring programs as provided by condition 8.2.;	Site Water Management Plan Section 4 2006 AEMR, Apr 2007 2007 AEMR, May 2008 Review of Cowal Gold Mine Operations Monitoring Program, Environmetrics Australia, June 2008 AEMR 2008, March 2009 Draft 2009 AEMR, 19 April 2010 Surface, Groundwater, Meteorological and Biological Monitoring Program, 10 Mar 2010 Letter from DoP re Approval of the SGMBP, 10 Mar 2010	Yes	April 2007 to April 2011 The quality and quantity of surface and groundwater in and around the mine operations has been monitored for the up catchment diversion system, internal catchment drainage system, dewatering bores, Bland Creek Palaeochannel borefield and water supply pipeline, in accordance with the Surface, Groundwater, Meteorological and Biological Monitoring Program and the results reported in the Quarterly Reports and the AEMR's (Appendix B). The Surface, Groundwater, Meteorological and Biological Monitoring Program was reviewed by Professor Fox (as a recommendation of the IMP) in 2008. A revised Surface, Groundwater, Meteorological and Biological Monitoring Program was revised and submitted to DoP on 23 December 2009. DoP approved the Program on 10 March 2010.
	(ii) measures to prevent the quality of water in Lake Cowal or any surface waters being degraded below the relevant ANZECC water quality classification prior to construction due to the construction and/ or operation of the mine;	Site Water Management Plan Section 5	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 Minimal water has been present in Lake Cowal following recent rainfall events but no discharge of water from the mine site operational areas has occurred between April 2007 and April 2010. Runoff from undisturbed lease areas outside the operational bunds did enter the Lake, south of D4 water

				storage.
				May 2010 to April 2011
				The Surface, Groundwater, Meteorological and Biological Monitoring Program continues with monthly in-situ water quality monitoring and quarterly sampling of water for full parameter suite analysis and sediment monitoring in Lake Cowal in accordance with the Plan.
(iii)	identification of any possible adverse effects on water supply	Site Water Management Plan	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010
	sources of surrounding land holders, and land holders near the Bland Creek Palaeochannel Bore-field as a result of the mining operations, and implementation of mitigation measures as necessary;	Section 6		Meetings have been held with the agencies and local landowners re reduction in water and pumping from the Palaeochannel bores.
	necessary,			Discussions with the West Trigilana Group occurred in 2006 in relation to possible effects of the mine on groundwater resource and a short term and medium/Long Term Strategy was agreed with the DNR.
				Discussions continued with the agencies and landholders re water usage from the bore-field and implementation of the strategies for water management in 2008 and 2009 have been actioned by Barrick in relation to water management and usage at the project.
				May 2010 to April 2011
				Discussions continue with the agencies and landholders re water usage from the bore-field and implementation of the agreed strategies for water management.
(iv)	identification of changes in flood regime on productive	Site Water Management plan	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010
	agricultural land in Nerang Cowal as a result of the mine perimeter bund intruding into Lake Cowal, and provision of appropriate compensation measures for affected landholders based on inundation of productive land caused by the changed	Section 7		There has been minimal water in Lake Cowal between 2003 and February 2010, so no assessment of changes to the flood regime was possible during this period.
	flood regime;			Rain events in December 2009, February and March 2010 resulted in some shallow water collecting the lake-bed and this resulted in growth of low vegetation in the 'wet' areas. The perimeter bund has not yet affected the flood regime or had any impact on the productive agricultural land.
				May 2010 to April 2011
				Discussions continue with the land owners. No requirement for compensation measures has been requested. The perimeter bund has not resulted in any changes to the flood regime that would affect productive land use.
(v)	construction and operation of water storages D1 and D4 as	Preliminary Earthworks for Mine	Yes	Construction of the D1 and D4 contained water storages
	first flush systems with initial captured run-off waters from the outer batters of northern and southern emplacement dumps reporting to water storage D6;	Development (Isolation Bunds, Northern Tailings Storage Facility, Tailings Service Corridor), URS, 23		was completed by January 2005. Surface runoff from the disturbed areas around the waste emplacement dumps is captured in the D1 and D4 and the

	Apr 2004		water collected is recovered for use in the process plant or
	Contained Water Storage Facilities, URS 10 Jun 2004		on site for dust suppression.
(vi) measures to manage and dispose of water that may be	Site Water Management Plan	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010
captured behind the temporary perimeter bund during construction of that bund;	Section 9		Water collected in the temporary perimeter bund between April 2007 and April 2010 was runoff from the waste emplacements and temporary lake protection bund. No disposal of water occurred from the temporary perimeter bund with any water collected pumped to D4 for recovery and use in the process plant.
			The water collected behind the temporary bund had encouraged vegetative growth within the bunded area and this has controlled erosion of the bund walls and floor. No disposal of water occurred from the temporary perimeter bund during April 2007 and April 2010.
			May 2010 to April 2011
			The filling of Lake Cowal has resulted in water being trapped behind the temporary bund and the temporary bund protects the main mine bund from potential erosive action of wind and waves from the lake waters. The temporary bund has also resulted in habitat for frog species identified in the monitoring surveys conducted by Cenwest in February 2011.
(vii) integration of the latest versions of the Jemalong Land and Water Management Plan and the Lake Cowal Land and Water Management Plan;	Site Water Management Plan Section 10	Yes	The Site Water Management Plan has considered the requirements of the Jemalong and the Lake Cowal Land and Water Management Plans in Section 10 of the CGP Site Water Management Plan.
(viii) measures to evaluate water quality data obtained from monitoring as required by condition 8.2(a)(iii) against records of baseline monitoring undertaken prior to development consent; and	Surface, Groundwater, Meteorological and Biological Monitoring Program, Section 4.2 and 5.2	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 Monitoring of groundwater, dust and meteorological conditions continues with collection of data that can be evaluated against the baseline monitoring. Surface water monitoring of Lake Cowal will be implemented when the lake receives water inflow. May 2010 to April 2011
			Evaluation of water quality collected between May 2010 and April 2011 with the EIS baseline data is being conducted for inclusion in the AEMR and some assessment was conducted by Coffeys as part of the recent Part 3A assessment for CGP. In general the water quality is similar with the pH demonstrating slightly alkaline values that were not significantly different to the results collected in 1991 for the EIS when the lake last had water and the pH ranged from 8.27 to 8.67 during the period of evaporation of the lake water with no inflow to the lake.



(ix) a program for reporting on the effectiveness of the water management systems and performance against objectives contained in the approved site water management plan, and EIS.	Site Water Management Plan Section 12 Notice of Modification, DoP, 23 Aug 2007 Surface, Groundwater, Meteorological and Biological Monitoring Report, Appendix B, draft AEMR 2007. Site Water Management Revised, Nov 2010	Yes	The production dewatering bore-field was established external to the perimeter of the open cut pit in 2005. A detailed water budget for the processing phase of the project was developed and water budget has been revised as the process plant operation has progressed. Water management has been in accordance with the general objectives contained in the EIS and Site Water Management Plan. An amendment to the use of Jemalong water source was approved by a Notice of Modification granted on 23 August 2006. May 2010 to April 2011 The CGP water management systems are monitored and assessed annually and reported in the AEMR. Review of the Site Water Management Plan occurred during 2010 and revisions were submitted to the relevant authorities for
(b) develop a strategy for the decommissioning of water management structures, including water storages both in and around the mine site, the water pipeline from the Bland Creek Palaeochannel borefield (refer condition 4.4), and long term management of final void and Lake protection bund. The strategy shall include, but not be limited to, long term monitoring of the water quality in the final void and stability of Lake protection bund and void walls, and options for alternate uses of the water pipeline. The strategy for the final void shall be submitted by Year 7 of mining operations or five years before mine closure, whichever is the sooner, in consultation with OoW, DECCW, DII(Minerals),and CEMCC, and to the satisfaction of the Director-General.	Site Water Management Plan Section 11	Noted	approval. This matter will be addressed in the Mine Closure Plan for the project, when it is developed.

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	(c) (i) construct the Lake protection bund and site water and tailings	Site Water Management Plan	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010
	storages to the requirements of OoW, DECCW and DSC; (ii) provide a geotechnical report on pit/void wall construction/stability to DII(Minerals)prior to commencement of mining operations and construct pit/void in accordance with the requirements of DII(Minerals);	Section 4.1 Lake Protection Bund Operation and Maintenance Manual, Jun 2005 2006 Surveillance Report for Lake Protection Bund, URS, 11 Dec 2006 The Effectiveness of Different Mulches in Mine Rehabilitation, J K Smits ANU, May 2008 Soil Stockpile Characterisation, J Drake ANU, 2008	Yes	A geotechnical report on the pit/void wall construction/ stability was prepared by URS and submitted to DPI in March 2005 and the Lake Protection Bund Operation and Maintenance Manual was produced by URS in June 2005. The Lake Protection Bund exhibited erosion of reactive soils following rainfall events in 2008. The ongoing management of the batters of the lake protection bund require rehabilitation of the constructed surfaces for the long term stability of the bund. Remedial maintenance works on the Lake Protection Bund to repair the eroded areas and the access track was
		Waste Rock Geochemical Infill Program, Mesh Environmental Inc and O'Kane Consultants, Jun 2008 Landform Design and Rehabilitation Strategies, Landloch Pty Ltd, 9 Dec 2008 Rock Amour Suitability Geotechnical Assessment for the Cowal Gold Mine, Geo-Environmental Management, Dec 2008		undertaken during 2009. There have been several reports commissioned by Barrick to investigate the stabilisation, rehabilitation and revegetation of the reactive surface materials on the bunds. The conclusions and/or recommendations in these reports are being assessed by Barrick to determine the optimal actions to be taken for the long term stabilisation of the bunds. May 2010 to April 2011 The geotechnical assessment of the bund and pit walls is conducted by Dr N Matte of URS annually to report on stability.
4.3	Catchment Areas and Watercourses			
	The Applicant shall as a landowner have on-going regard for the provisions of the latest versions of the Jemalong Land and Water Management Plan, Lake Cowal Land and Water Management Plan, Mid-Lachlan Regional Vegetation Management Plan, and any future catchment/land & water management plans relevant to the area.	Site Water Management Plan Section 10	Noted	The provisions in the Jemalong Land and Water Management Plan, Lake Cowal Land and Water Management Plan, and Mid-Lachlan Regional Vegetation Management Plan were considered and included where relevant in the Site Water Management Plan. April 2011 The draft Lachlan River (Jemalong Gap to Condobolin) Floodplain Management Plan dated January 2011 should be reviewed to ensure any requirements relevant to CGP are included in the CGP Management Plans.
4.4	Water Supply - Bland Creek Palaeochannel water supply			
	(a) The maximum daily extraction of water from the Bland Creek Palaeochannel shall not exceed 15ML/day, and not exceed 3650ML/year. A total extraction of 30,000ML shall not be exceeded for the life of the mine, unless otherwise agreed by the Director-General, in consultation with OoW. All bores from the Bland Creek Palaeochannel borefield used for mine purposes must be metered.	Bore Licence Certificates No. 70BL229248, 70BL229249, 70BL229250, and 70BL229251 (production bores)	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 Barrick was granted Bore License Certificates under Section 115 of the Water Act 1912 for water supply from the Bland Creek Palaeochannel in 2003. The water extraction is metered and recorded continuously, with the data collected daily and recorded by the CGP Process Engineer.

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				bore-field has not exceeded 15 megalitres ML/day or 3650 ML extracted per year, between 2007 and 2010.
				(A total of 1482.95ML was extracted from the borefield during 2007, 1660.77ML during 2008, and 2052 ML for 2009).
				May 2010 to April 2011
				Extraction from the Bland Creek Palaeochannel bore-field has been significantly reduced during the May 2010 to April 2011 period due to the increased rainfall and availability of water from the onsite storage ponds and recovery of supernatant from the tailings storage facilities.
	 (b) The water pipeline from the Bland Creek Palaeochannel borefield to the mine site shall be: (i) constructed in accordance with the requirements of DWE, and in consultation with DII(Fisheries); and (ii) laid in such a way so as not to impede the passage of fish or other animals, or interfere with flood behaviour or the passage of boats and vehicles. 	Permit under Part 3A of the Rivers and Foreshores Improvement Act 1948 No. 703A010056	Yes	The pipeline construction across Lake Cowal and along the alignment to the east of the lake towards the production bores occurred in 2004 and involved the burial of the pipe 1.5 metres below the surface and refilling of the trench with the original excavated material compacted to the original ground level. The pipeline trench was backfilled and an access track along the route had been established to inspect the trench and pipeline and for access to the groundwater monitoring bores across the lake.
	(c) The water supply shall be installed with an automatic shut		Yes	April 2007 to April 2010
	down device so water pumping is immediately stopped in the event of any pipe rupture. The water supply shall not be restarted until the rupture is located and repaired.			Automatic shutdown devices are fitted to the water pipeline from the production bores to the process plant, and were tested prior to commencement of processing. No pipe ruptures had occurred between April 2007 and April 2010.
				May 2010 to April 2011
				No pipe ruptures had occurred between May 2010 and April 2011.
	(d) Leases or private agreements shall be completed with the relevant landholders for the land requirement for pipeline infrastructure prior to commencement of water pipeline	Part 3A Permit Application 24 Mar 2004	Yes	Easement Agreements were provided for land along the pipeline route for which Barrick was not the Registered Proprietor:
	construction.	Enclosure Permit No. 353669 DLWC		Lot 18, DP753097, Lots 44, 45, 46 and 47, DP42918
		Deed of Agreement for Pipeline Easement, 19 June 2003		TSR84719 public roads vested in Forbes Shire Council
4.4A	Saline Groundwater Supply Borefield			,
	(a) The water pipelines from the saline groundwater supply		Noted	April 2011
	borefield to the mine site shall be: (i) constructed in accordance with the requirements of the OoW. (ii) laid in such a way so as not to impede the passage of fish or other animals, or interfere with flood behaviour or the passage of boats and vehicles.			The development of the saline groundwater supply bore field has not commenced. Two bores have been established but require approval as production bores from OoW. At the time of this audit applications for twenty-three exploration bores have been prepared for submission to OoW for approval.
	or other animals, or interfere with flood behaviour or the			OoW. At the time of this audit applications for tw three exploration bores have been prepared for submission to OoW for approval.



	(b) The water supply shall be installed with an automatic shut down		Noted	<u>April 2011</u>
	device so water pumping is immediately stopped in the event of any pipe rupture. The water supply shall not be restarted until the rupture is located and repaired.			When the saline water supply is established, automatic shutdown devices will be installed so water pumping will be immediately stopped in the event of any pipe rupture.
4.5	Disposal of Excess Water			
	There shall be no disposal of water from the internal catchment	Site Water Management Plan, 2010	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010
	drainage system to Lake Cowal under any circumstances.			The Site Water Management Plan (section 4.2.1) describes the lake isolation system for water management, constructed to collect all water from the mine operations area and direct it to holding ponds for reuse within the process plant or on site for the mine operations (dust control etc).
				No water was released to Lake Cowal from the CGP internal catchment system between April 2007 and April 2010.
				May 2010 to April 2011
				All water collected from the mine site is used on site in the process plant or for other mine site activities. No water was released to Lake Cowal between May 2010 to April 2011.
5	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS AND TAILINGS MANAGEMENT			
5.1	Waste Rock Emplacement and Management			
	The Applicant shall construct and manage the waste rock emplacement as set out in the documentation listed in condition 1.1(a), and to the satisfaction of DII (Minerals).	EIS section Mining Operations Plan 2005-2007	Yes	Waste rock emplacement from the mine operations is occurring in accordance with the current approved MOP, with the establishment of the designated waste emplacement areas.
				May 2010 to April 2011
				The northern and southern waste emplacements have been used for overburden emplacement and the top soil and subsoil materials have been separated and located for reuse on rehabilitation works around the site.





Plate 8: Northern waste rock emplacement area (looking East from the STSF Wall) April 2011

5.2	Tailings Emplacement and Management			
	The Applicant shall: (a) construct the tailings dams to the requirements of, DII (Minerals), DECCW and DSC and in consultation with OoW; (b) construct and compact the floor of the tailings storages as required to a permeability acceptable to the DII(Minerals) and DECCW in consultation with OoW;	Letter to DEC re Permeability Test Report for NTSF, Dec 2004 Letter to DEC re Permeability Test Report for STSF Letter from Dam Safety Committee re STSF Stage 2 Construction, 9 Jan 2009	Yes	(a) The NTSF and STSF were constructed in accordance with the requirements of the DECC (EPA) /DSC and DPI (Minerals). The STSF initially received tailings between March 2006 to April 2007. Tailings disposal then occurred to the NTSF while construction of the first lift of the STSF walls occurred during 2008. When the Stage 2 STSF construction was complete, and Stage 2 lift on the NTSF commenced. The Dam Safety Committee provided a response to the Construction Report in January 2009 advising that the review satisfies the Committee's requirements. The STSF third lift had commenced at the time of this audit and tailings were being pumped to the NTSF. (b) Permeability Test Report for the NTSF was submitted to DEC and DPI and DIPNR (LWC) on 1 Dec 2005.



Plate 9: Northern Tailing Storage Facility (looking north from the north east corner of the STSF) April 2011



Plate 10: Southern Tailing Storage Facility (looking southeast April 2011).

5.3	Management of Retained Water – Cyanide Management			
	(a) <u>Cyanide levels</u> The Applicant shall ensure that cyanide levels of the aqueous component of the tailings slurry stream do not exceed: 20mg CN _{WAD} /L (90 percentile over six months), and 30mg CN _{WAD} /L (maximum permissible limit at any time), at the discharge point to the tailings storages.	Letters and Data to DoP/DII- Minerals/DECC re Monthly Cyanide Monitoring, April 2007 to Mar 2010 Letters to DII/DoP/DECCW re Monthly Cyanide Monitoring Results, April 2010 to March 2011	Yes	May 2010 to April 2011 The cyanide levels in the slurry stream have not exceeded <20mg CN _{WAD} /L (90 percentile) or 30mg CN _{WAD} /L (maximum permissible limit) between May 2010 and April 2011. CN _{WAD} levels at the CGP STSF and NTSF have been forwarded to DII-Minerals/DECCW and the CEMCC quarterly between May 2007 and April 2010.
	(b) Cyanide Management The Applicant shall prepare a cyanide management plan for the monitoring and reporting of cyanide use on the site, in consultation with DII(Minerals), DECCW, and OoW, and to the satisfaction of the Director-General, prior to any use of cyanide on the site. The plan	Letter from DECC re Addendum to Cyanide Management Plan, 24 Aug 2007 Letter from DWE re Addendum to Cyanide Management Plan, 17 Sep	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 The Cyanide Management Plan prepared in accordance with MCoA 5.3(b) was approved by the Director-General of DoP on 9 January 2006.

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	 shall make provision for, but is not limited to: (i) containing cyanide contaminated waters entirely within the mine site; (ii) maintaining weak acid dissociable (WAD) cyanide levels at the 	2007 Letter from DWE re Addendum to Cyanide Management Plan, 21 Jul 2008		Amendments to the Cyanide Management Plan monitoring program in relation to the analysis method (i.e. use of the picric acid analysis procedure) was agreed with the DPI in December 2006, and DECC in January 2007.
	discharge point to the tailings dams to the levels stated in condition 5.3(a); (iii) contingency measures for cyanide reduction.	Letter from DoP re Approval of Cyanide Management Plan, 30 October 2008 Letter from DoP re Amendments to Cyanide Management Plan, 24 Mar 2010 Letter from DECCW re Proposed Change to Cyanide Monitoring Point, 11 Jun 2010 Letter from OoW re Addendum to Cyanide Management Plan, 23 Aug 2010 Letter from DoP re Proposed Amendments to Cyanide Management Plan, 20 Dec 2010 Letter from DoP re Addendum to Transport of Hazardous Material Study, 1 Dec 2010		The cyanide levels in the slurry stream have not exceeded <20mg CN _{WAD} /L (90 percentile) between April 2007 and April 2010. (Cyanide monitoring results are forwarded to the DoP and DECCW monthly). Amendments to the Cyanide Management Plan were accepted by DWE on 21 July 2008, approved by DoP on 30 October 2008 and accepted by DECC on 9 Oct 2009. Further amendments to the Cyanide Management Plan were approved by DoP on 24 March 2010. May 2010 to April 2011 An amendment to the Cyanide Management Plan was approved during 2010 for a change to the cyanide monitoring point. The proposed change was accepted by the DECCW on 11 June 2010 and approved by DoP on 20 December 2010. A change of the transport route between the Queensland Border and Dubbo (via Goondiwindi) was approved by DPI/DoP on 1 December 2010.
	(c) In the event of wildlife deaths occurring due to cyanide, review of cyanide levels shall occur by the DECCW in consultation with the Applicant and DII (Minerals). Any decision to require cyanide reduction shall include, but not be limited to, consideration of the number of fauna deaths, the species involved, antecedent condition of species, methods employed at the time to prevent use of tailings dams by fauna, and antecedent climatic and surface water conditions of the Lake and surrounding area. The Applicant shall notify the CEMCC of any reductions in cyanide levels as soon as practicable.	Letter from DECC re Fauna Reporting Protocol, Feb 2009 Seasonal Wildlife Use Pattern of the CGP Tailings Facility, Apr 2010 to Sep 2010, Donato Environmental Services, Nov 2010 Seasonal Wildlife Use Pattern of the CGP Tailings Facility, Oct 2010 to March 2011, Donato Environmental Services, Apr 2011	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 No wildlife deaths attributable to cyanide have occurred between April 2007 and April 2010. Barrick environmental and processing personnel attended avifauna training workshops presented by Donato Environmental Services on Wildlife Monitoring and the International Cyanide Management Code, in 2007, 2008 and 2009. The training module provided procedures, reporting requirements, observation records and species list/reference images. May 2010 to April 2011 No wildlife deaths attributable to cyanide in the tailings storage facilities occurred between May 2010 and April 2011.
5.4	Fuel, Oil and other Chemical Handling	d to offsite risk to people and the hisphy	oigal anvironment	The potety of all persons and energions on site is the
	Note: The development consent conditions under 5.4(a)-(f) are related responsibility of the DII (Minerals) under the Mines Inspection Act and	d Dangerous Goods Act.	T	
	(a) <u>Pre-Construction Studies</u> The Applicant shall prepare and submit for the approval of the Director-General, the studies set out under subsections 5.4(a)(i) to 5.4(a)(iii) (the pre-construction studies), at least one month prior to	Letter from DIPNR re extension for submission of HAZOP Studies, 9 Dec 2004	Yes	The pre-construction studies (excluding the HAZOP supplementary studies) were prepared and submitted to DIPNR on 22 December 2004.

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the commencement of construction of the proposed development, (except for construction of those preliminary works that are outside the scope of the hazard studies), or within such further period as the Director-General may agree. Construction, other than of preliminary works, shall not commence until approval has been given by the Director-General and, with respect to the fire safety study, approval has also been given by the Commissioner of the NSW Fire Brigades.			
Study Guidelines" and the New South Wales Government's "Best Practice Guidelines for Contaminated Water Retention and Treatment Systems". The study shall also be submitted for approval to the New South Wales Fire Brigades.	Letter to NSW Fire Brigades – Submission of Fire Safety Study for approval, 22 Dec 2004 Letter to DIPNR – Submission of Fire Safety Study, 22 Dec 2004 Letter from NSW Fire Brigades re Satisfaction with the Fire Safety Study, 15 September 2005	Yes	Fire Safety Study prepared by Pinnacle Risk Management for CGP was submitted to the Commissioner of the NSW Fire Brigade for approval and then submitted to DIPNR in December 2004 in accordance with MCoA 5.4. The NSW Fire Brigades provided a letter expressing satisfaction with the fire safety measures within the study in September 2005. The Final Hazard Analysis was approved by DIPNR in March 2005 and a Fire Hazard Audit of the CGP site and facilities was carried out in November 2008.
approved by the Director-General prior to the commencement of the study. The study shall be carried out in accordance with the Department's Hazardous Industry Planning Advisory Paper No. 8, "HAZOP Guidelines". The HAZOP shall in particular address the monitoring, control, alarm and shutdown systems associated with	Letter to DIPNR – Submission of HAZOP Study, 22 Dec 2004 Letter from DoP re HAZOP Supplementary Studies, Sep 2005 Letter from Barrick to DoP re HAZOP Study Action Closeout Status, 16 Jan 2006HAZOP Supplementary Studies	Yes	The Hazard and Operability Study for the main plant area was prepared and submitted to DIPNR in Dec 2004 and the HAZOP Study Action Item Closeout Status Report (Action Program) prepared by Aker Kvaerner Australia Pty Ltd, was submitted in Dec 2004. Supplementary HAZOP Studies for the oxygen system, LPG system and cyanide leach package was notified to be to the satisfaction of the Director-General in Jan 2006.
The analysis should be prepared in accordance with the Department's Hazardous Industry Planning Advisory Paper No. 6, "Guidelines for Hazard Analysis".	Final Hazard Analysis, 2004 Letter to DIPNR – Submission of Final Hazard Analysis, 22 Dec 2004 Letter from DIPNR re Fire Hazard Analysis, 30 Mar 2005	Yes	The Final Hazard Analysis was prepared by CGP and submitted to DIPNR on 22 December 2004. The Final Hazard Analysis was approved by DIPNR in March 2005.
(b) <u>Pre-Commissioning Studies</u> The Applicant shall prepare and submit for the approval of the Director-General the studies set out under subsections 5.4(b)(i) to 5.4(b)(iii) (the pre-commissioning studies), no later than two months prior to the commencement of commissioning of the proposed development, or within such period as the D-G may agree. Commissioning shall not commence until approval has been given by the D-G.	See references below	Yes	The pre-commissioning studies were conducted and reports prepared and submitted to the Director-General. Approval of the studies and plans by the D-G was obtained prior to commencement of the plant commissioning.
The study comprises arrangements covering the transport of hazardous materials including details of routes to be used for the	Transport of Hazardous Material Study, 2006 Letter from DoP re Approval of Transport of Hazardous Materials	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 Route evaluation for hazardous materials studies as conducted and consultation with the affected Councils occurred in accordance with Guideline No.9. The



proposed development. The study shall be carried out in accordance with the Department's draft "Route Selection" guidelines. Suitable routes identified in the study shall be used except where departures are necessary for local deliveries or emergencies. The study should also address (1) the issues associated with spills, cleanup procedures, training of clean-up teams, communication, and liaison with organisations such as the fire brigades, District Emergency Management Coordinator (and Committee), Local Emergency Management Committee(s), and state emergency services; (2) inspection and monitoring procedures for chemicals such as explosives, xanthates and cyanides prior to commencement of a trip, to verify the integrity of the packaging; and (3) measures to be taken to ensure that the temperature of the materials does not rise above safe levels	Plan, 9 Jan 2006 Letter from DoP re Approval for Transport of Flotation Chemicals, 28 Feb 2007 Letter re Interim Approval from DoP re Transport of SIBX, 20 Sep 2007 Letter from DoP re Addendum to Transport of Hazardous Materials Study, 13 Oct 2010 Letter from DoP re Addendum to Transport of Hazardous Materials Study, 1 Doc 2010		Transport of Hazardous Materials Study was approved by the D-G on 9 Jan 2006 and transport of flotation chemicals was approved by DoP in Feb 2007. A temporary amendment to the Transport of Hazardous Materials Study to allow the substitution of SiBX for PAX (due to an unexpected short supply of PAX) was approved by DoP on 20 September 2007. Amendment of the Transport of Hazardous Materials Study in relation to an alternative storage transfer location at Botany Bay has commenced, and consultation with the relevant Council(s) and government departments is occurring. May 2010 to April 2011 An amendment to the route for the transport of hydrogen peroxide from the Solvay Interox Banksmeadow facility to CGP was proposed and accepted by DoP on 13 October 2010. Approval for a variation to the transport route for hydrogen peroxide from the Queensland border to Dubbo (via Goondiwindi) was granted by DoP on 1 December 2010.
(ii) Emergency Plan A comprehensive emergency plan and detailed emergency procedures for the proposed development. This plan shall include detailed procedures for the safety of all people outside of the development who may be at risk from the development. The plan should be in accordance with the Department's Hazardous Industry Planning Advisory Paper No. 1, "Industry Emergency Planning Guidelines", and include procedures for spillage, cleanup, control and protection, and rescue of wildlife during the emergency.	Letter from DoP re Approval of the Operations Emergency Management Plan, 14 Dec 2005 Emergency Response Plan, Mar 2007 Emergency Response Plan Cowal Gold Project, Mar 2007 Letter from DoP re updated Emergency Plan, 18 Jun 2008	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 The Operations Emergency Plan was approved by DoP on 14 December 2005. A comprehensive review of the Emergency Response Plan was undertaken in February 2007 and the revised plan was submitted to DoP on 23 March 2007. The CGP Emergency Plan was revised and updated in April 2008 and DoP approved the updated plan on 18 June 2008. May 2010 to April 2011 No revisions of the 2008 Emergency Response Plan occurred during May 2010 and April 2011.

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A document setting out a comprehensive safety management system, covering all operations on-site and associated transport activities involving hazardous materials. The document shall clearly specify all safety related procedures, responsibilities and policies, along with details of mechanisms for ensuring adherence to procedures. Records shall be kept on-site and should be available for inspection by the Director-General upon request. The safety management system should be developed in accordance with the Department's Hazardous Industry Planning Advisory Paper No. 9, "Safety Management".	Safety Management System Oct 2005 Letter from DoP re Approval of the Safety Management System, 14 Dec 2005 Revised Safety Management System Feb 2007 Safety Management Plan Cowal Gold Project, Mar 2007 Letter from DoP re updated Safety Management System, 18 Jun 2009	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 The Safety Management System for CGP was approved by DoP on 14 December 2005 and a major review of the Safety Management System was conducted by Barrick in February 2007 and a revised version submitted to DoP on 22 Feb 2007. The Safety Management System was updated and DoP approved the updated plan on 18 June 2009. May 2010 to April 2011 No further updates to the Safety Management System occurred between May 2010 and April 2011.
(c) Compliance Reports One month prior to the commencement of operation of the plant, the Applicant shall submit to the Director-General, a compliance report detailing compliance with conditions 5.4(a) and 5.4(b), including: (i) dates of study submission, approval, commencement of construction and commissioning; (ii) actions taken or proposed, to implement recommendations made in the studies; and (iii) responses to each requirement imposed by the Director-General under condition 5.4(f).	Pre-Operation Compliance Report, Feb 2006 Letter to Director-General re Pre- operation Compliance Report, 16 Feb 2006. Letter from Director-General re Acceptance of Compliance Report, 6 Mar 2006	Yes	The Compliance Report was prepared and submitted to the Director-General on 16 February 2006 in accordance with MCoA 5.4(c) prior to the commencement of operation of the plant.
(d) Incident Report Within 24 hours or the next working day of any incident or potential incident with actual or potential significant off-site impacts on people, or the biophysical environment (including wildlife), report shall be supplied to the D-G outlining the basic facts and mitigation measures undertaken at the time. A further detailed report shall be prepared and submitted following investigations of the causes and identification of necessary additional preventative measures. The report must be submitted to the D-G no later than 14 days after the incident or potential accident. The Applicant shall maintain a register of such accidents, incidents, and potential incidents. The register shall be made available for inspection by the independent hazard auditor and the D-G.		Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 No reportable incidents related to on-site activities have occurred between April 2007 and April 2010. May 2010 to April 2011 No incidents related to on-site activities were reportable to DoP between May 2007 and April 2010.
(e) Hazard Audit Twelve months after the commencement of operations of the proposed development or within such further period as the Director-General may agree, the Applicant shall carry out a comprehensive hazard audit of the proposed development and submit a report of the audit to the Director-General. The audit shall be carried out at the Applicant's expense by a duly qualified independent person or team approved by the Director-General prior to commencement of the audit. Further audits shall	Hazard Audit Report for Barrick Australia, Cowal Gold Project, Pinnacle Risk Management Pty Ltd, 6 Jun 2007 Letter to DoP re Hazard Audit, 10 Jul 2007 Letter from DoP re Hazard Audit, 6 Aug 2007.	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 A Hazard Audit was conducted by Dean Shewring of Pinnacle Risk Management Pty Ltd, 12 months after commencement of operation of process plant (i.e. April 2007). DoP accepted the Hazard Audit conducted by Pinnacle Risk Management on 6 August 2007. The second Hazard Audit of the CGP operations was conducted on 19-22 April 2010.

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	be carried out every three years or as determined by the Director-General and a report of each audit shall within a month of the audit be submitted to the Director-General. Hazard audits should be carried out in accordance with the Department's Hazardous Industry Planning Advisory Paper No. 5, "Hazard Audit Guidelines".	Letter from DoP re Approval of the 2010 Hazard Audit Report, 15 Feb 2011		May 2010 to April 2011 DoP received the Hazard Audit Report 2010 on 24 December 2010 and approved the report on 15 February 2011. DoP requested that the recommendations in Appendix 4 of the Hazard Audit Report be implemented. CGP have been progressively implementing the recommendations.
	(f) Further requirements The Applicant shall comply with all reasonable requirements of the Director-General in respect of the implementation of any measures arising from the approvals given in respect of conditions 5.4(a) - 5.4(e) above, within such time as the Director General may agree.		Noted	April 2007 to April 2011 No further requirements in relation to MCoA 5.4(a) – 5.4(e) were advised by the Director-General between April 2007 and April 2010.
5.5	The Applicant shall dispose of all solid waste and putrescible matter from the site to the satisfaction of BSC.		Yes	May 2010 to April 2011 All solid waste and putrescible matter from the site activities is collected by JJ Richards waste contractor, for disposal at an approved landfill.
5.6	Sewage and Associated Waste Management			alopoodi at all approved failanni.
	The Applicant shall install the site sewage treatment facility, and dispose of treated sewage and sullage to the satisfaction of BSC and DECCW, and in accordance with the requirements of the Department of Health.	Construction Certificate No.6, 4 Apr 2005 for Package Sewage Treatment Plant, DIPNR	Yes	The permanent on-site sewage management system was installed west of the Mine Workshop and Administration Complex in the 1 st quarter 2006 in accordance with the requirements of the Department of Health.
5.7	Asbestos & Other Hazardous/Toxic Waste Management			
	The Applicant shall prior to commencement of construction works prepare a Hazardous Waste and Chemical Management Plan as set out in section 6.4.1 of the EIS in consultation with DECC and BSC, and to the satisfaction of the Director-General.	Letter from DECC re Addendum to HWCMP, 6 Dec 2007 Letter from DECC re Hazardous Waste Management Plan, 30 Apr 2009 Letter from DECC re Hazardous Waste Management Plan, 22 Dec 2009 Letter from DoP re Amended Hazardous Waste Management Plan, 10 Mar 2010 Letter from DECCW re Hazardous Waste and Chemical Management Plan, 23 Feb 2011	Yes	April 2007 to April 2009 The Hazardous Waste and Chemical Management Plan approved by the Director General in October 2003, was revised by Barrick and the changes were accepted by DECC in December 2007, and April and December 2009. Amendments to the Hazardous Waste and Chemical Management Plan were approved by DoP on 10 March 2010. May 2010 to April 2011 DECCW responded on 3 February 2011 to the revised Hazardous Waste and Chemical Management Plan with no objections to the changes. Barrick is awaiting a response from DoP at the date of this audit.
6.	AIR QUALITY/BLAST/ NOISE AND LIGHT MANAGEMENT			
5.1	Air Quality Management			
	(a) The Applicant shall prior to commencement of construction works prepare a dust management plan detailing air quality safeguards and procedures for dealing with dust emissions in consultation with the EPA and to the satisfaction of the	Amendment to Dust Management Plan, Dec 2008 Letter from DoP re Dust	Yes	A Dust Management Plan was approved by the Director-General in August 2003. Amendments to the Dust Management Plan have also

required by t	the Director-Ge	agement plan shal neral and/or EPA. o details of locatio	The plan shall	Management Plan Amendment Approval, 25 Feb 2009		been approved by DoP in August 2007 and February 2009.
monitoring (i location gau breeding and	include, but not be limited to, details of: locations for dust monitoring (in accordance with Australian Standard), including location gauges near the Gumbelah residence, and bird breeding and native flora areas determined by the Applicant in consultation with the EPA and NPWS;			Dust Management Plan 2009		May 2010 to April 2011 No amendments to the Air Quality Management occurred between May 2010 and April 2011.
		and how the mine		(b) Dust Management Plan S. 5	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010
be modified to minimise the potential for dust emissions. (c) measures to continue baseline monitoring undertaken prior to development consent. (Refer condition 8.3 for air quality monitoring details)				(c) Dust Management Plan S. 7		Baseline monitoring of dust has continued with the dust deposition gauges maintained and samples collected each month. Dust monitoring results are reviewed by Dr Stephen Cattle (University of Sydney) annually and the results of the review and monitoring data are included in the AEMR's section 3.1.3.1. Dust monitoring has continued at the sites specified in EPL condition P1.1.
						May 2010 to April 2011
	(d) The Applicant shall ensure that the dust emissions generated by the development do not cause additional exceedances of the air					Dust monitoring has continued and the results are reviewed by Dr Stephen Cattle with the results and assessment to be reported in the AEMR.
\ /						April 2007 to April 2010
quality impact any residence	assessment cr on privately-ov ately-owned lar	e additional exceed teria listed in Table med land, or on mo and not located with	es 2, 3 and 4 at ore than 25			Dust management from the CGP operations will continue to control emissions from the site in accordance with the Dust Management Plan to within the criteria specified in MCoA 6.1(c).
Table 2: Long ter	m impact asses	sment criteria for p				Monitoring of dust deposition and PM ₁₀ as outlined in the
Total suspende	ed particulate	Averaging period Annual	Criterion 90 μg/m3			Dust Management Plan and the Surface Water, Groundwater, Meteorological and Biological Monitoring Program will continue with review by Dr Stephen Cattle,
(TSP) r Particulate ma (PM	atter < 10µm	Annual	30 µg/m3			University of Sydney and reporting in the AEMR. The dust monitoring results have generally been complian with the criteria in MCoA 6.1(d).
		criteria for particul				May 2010 to April 2011
Pollu	tant	Averaging p eriod	Criterion			Dust deposition and PM ₁₀ monitoring (as defined in the
Particulate matter < 10 µm (PM ₁₀)		24 hour	50 μg/m3			Dust Management Plan and the Surface Water, Groundwater, Meteorological and Biological Monitoring Program) is reviewed annually by Dr Stephen Cattle,
Pollutant	Pollutant Averaging Maxim period increase deposi		Maximum total deposited			University of Sydney and reported in the AEMR. The monitoring results have generally been compliant with
		dust level	dust level			the criteria in MCoA 6.1(d).
Deposited dust	Annual	2 g/m²/month	4 g/m ² /month			
Dust Suppression and Control						
The Applicant shall:				Letter from DoP re Addendum to	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010

	mc	- d				2007.	Jonai G	old Project Independent Environmental Audit – April	
	(i) maintain and use sufficient equipment with the capacity to apply water to all unsealed trafficked areas at a rate which minimises dust emissions;					Amendment to Dust Management Plan, Dec 2008		Water tankers are available on site for the control of dust on roads and other disturbed areas subject to traffic movements.	
	emissions; (ii) ensure the prompt and effective rehabilitation of all disturbed areas to minimise generation of wind erosion dust, in accordance with the requirements of DII(Minerals); (iii) keep the surface of all stockpiles sufficiently treated to minimise windblown dust.				st, in <mark>s)</mark> ;	Plan, Dec 2008 Letter to DoP re Amendment to Dust Management Plan, 19 Dec 2008 Letter from DoP re Dust Management Plan Amendment Approval, 25 Feb 2009		DoP accepted the amendments to the Dust Management Plan in 2007, 2008 and 2009 in relation to monitoring locations and dust mitigation techniques for the site. Petrotac surface treatment was applied to the internal roads near the entrance to the operational site area and in front of the administration building for dust control in 2008 and 2009. May 2010 to April 2011 Dust generation during May 2010 and April 2011 has been managed with water carts as required. The increased rainfall has reduced the potential for dust generation on the trafficked areas. Petrotac surface treatment was again applied to the internal roads near the entrance to the operational site area and in front of the administration building for dust control on 27 April 2011.	
.3		Blasting and Vibration							
	Blasting Imp								
	exceed the	Blasting Over- pressure (dB _(Lin Peak) vibration exceedance (mm/s)			Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 The blast monitoring conducted between April2007 and April 2010 at the fixed monitor locations around the CGP site has demonstrated compliance with the overpressure and vibration criteria in MCoA 6.3(a). May 2010 to April 2011 Overpressure results for 2010 demonstrated compliance			
	on privately owned land	Any time Day Evening Night, Sundays & Public holidays	120 115 105 95	10 5 2 1	0% 5% of the total no. of blasts over a period of 12 mths			with the blast impact assessment criteria. Only one (1) blast exceeded 115dBL (16 November 2010). No blasts exceeded 120dBL. All ground vibration results were compliant with the 5mm/s criteria during 2010.	
	Blast Manage								
	 (b) The Applicant shall prepare and implement a Blast Management Plan for the project in consultation with DECCW and to the satisfaction of the D-G. This plan must be submitted to the D-G for approval by the end of July 2010 and include provisions to: (i) evaluate blasting impacts on, and demonstrate compliance with the blasting criteria in this approval for privately-owned residences and structures; (ii) implement best blasting practice to: protect the safety of people, property, public infrastructure, 			Revised Blast Management Plan 2009 Letter from DECC re revised Blast Management Plan, 30 April 2009 Letter to DECCW re Revised Blast Management Plan, 11 Jun 2010	Yes	May 2010 to April 2011 A revised Blast Management Plan was submitted to the relevant authorities on 11 June 2010 and was accepted by DECCW and DII. The Plan is currently awaiting DoP approval.			

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	and livestock; and • minimise disturbance to bird breeding; and (iii) ensure that blast monitoring data is assessed regularly, and that operations are relocated, modified and/or stopped as required to ensure compliance with the relevant blast criteria.		
	Public Notice		
	(c) The Applicant shall advise residents within two (2) kilometres of the active mining area of future blasting events on a monthly basis, and of any changes to monthly programs.	Noted	April 2010 There are currently no dwellings located within 2 kilometres of the active mining area. May 2010 to April 2011 There are no dwellings located within 2 kilometres of the active mining area.
	(d) Upon written request of the owner of any dwellings located within two (2) kilometres of the active mining area, the Applicant shall arrange at its own costs, for the inspection by a technically qualified person agreed to by both parties, to record the material condition of any structure on such property within 14 days of receipt of the request. The Applicant shall supply a copy of any inspection report, certified by the person who undertook	Noted	May 2010 to April 2011 There are no dwellings located within 2 kilometres of the active mining area.
ļ	Noise		
	Acquisition Upon Request		
	 (a) Upon receiving a written request for acquisition from the owner of any land listed in Table 6 following landholder notification in accordance with condition 11.1 of schedule 2, the Applicant shall acquire the land in accordance with the procedures in condition 11 of schedule 2. Table 6: Land subject to acquisition upon request Coniston McLintock West Lea 	Noted	April 2010 This condition had not been activated at the date of this audit. There has been no exceedance of the criteria. May 2010 to April 2011 This condition was not activated during 2010-2011. No requests for acquisition had been received by CGP.
	(b) If the noise generated by the development exceeds the criteria in Table 7 at any residence on privately-owned land, or on more than 25 percent of privately-owned land not located within Lake Cowal (as shown in Appendix 3), the Applicant shall, upon receiving a written request for acquisition from the landowner, acquire the land in accordance with the procedures in condition 11 of Schedule 2. Table 7: Land acquisition criteria dB(A) LAeq (15min) Location All privately-owned land excluding the land listed in Table 6	Noted	April 2010 This condition had not been activated at the date of this audit. There has been no exceedance of the criteria. May 2010 to April 2011 This condition was not activated during 2010-2011.
	Noise Impact Assessment Criteria		
	(c) The Applicant shall ensure that the noise generated by the development does not exceed the noise impact assessment criteria	Noted	April 2010

than 25 percent of privately-owned	itely-owned land, o land not located w	or on more ithin Lake		This condition had not been activated at the date of this audit. There has been no exceedance of the criteria.
Cowal, as shown in Appendix 3. Table 8: Noise Impact Assessment	Critorio dP(A) I Ac	og (15min)		May 2010 to April 2011
Location	Day/Evening/Nig	ht		This condition was not activated during 2010-2011.
Bungabulla	39			This condition was not activated during 2010-2011.
Coniston	44			
Cowal North	38			
Gumbelah	39			
Lake Cowal (non-Barrick)	38			
Laurel Park	39			
Mattiske	36			
McLintock	41			
The Glen	38			
West Lea	41			
All other residences	35			
Notes:	da in Tall O	. A		
 To interpret the locations referre Noise generated by the project is with the relevant requirements, a certain meteorological conditions Policy. 	s to be measured i and exemptions (in	n accordance cluding		
 The noise limits do not apply if the with the relevant owner/s of thes higher noise levels, and the App Department in writing of the term 	e residences /land licant has advised	to generate the		
Traffic Noise Impact Assessment	Criteria			
(d) The Applicant shall take all reas ensure that the traffic noise general exceed the traffic noise impact asse	ed by the project of	loes not	Noted	April 2010 The monitoring of traffic noise has been conducted by Heggies Australia in January 2008 (Operational, including
Table 9: Traffic noise criteria dB(A)	LAeg (1 hour)			EPL M8.4 and Traffic), January 2009 and January 2010. The January 2010 operator attended traffic monitoring
Road	Day/Evening	Night		noise survey results showed an increases in traffic noise
		Night		during the peak period for the beginning of morning shift:
Ungarie Road	60	55		➤ Ungarie Road (Traffic Noise TN 1) – exceedence above
Wamboyne Road, Blow Clear Road, Carrawandool-Warroo Road, Burcher Road, Condobolin Road, Lake Cowal Road	55	50		the morning traffic noise criteria between 7-8am. > 'Clairview' (Traffic Noise TN 2) – exceedence above the morning traffic noise criteria between 6-8am. > 'Windstone' (Traffic Noise TN 3) – exceedence above
Note: Traffic noise generated by the accordance with the relevant proce Environmental Criteria for Road Tra	dures in the DECC			the morning traffic noise criteria between 6 – 8am. No traffic noise complaints were received during the period April 2007 to April 2010. April 2010 to April 2011 The Traffic Noise Survey (January 2011) was conducted by Heggies, but the report was not available at the date of this audit Results will be reported in the AEMR.
				this audit Results will be reported in the AEMI

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(e) Truck movements for material delivery purposes will be restricted as far as practicable to the day and evening periods.	Noted	
Additional Noise Mitigation Measures		
(f) Upon receiving a written request from:	Noted	April 2010
the landowner of the properties in Table 6 (unless the		MCoA 6.3(f) not activated at the date of this audit.
landowner has requested acquisition); · the landowner of the properties identified as:		May 2010 to April 2011
Bungabulla;		
Gumbelah;		MCoA 6.3(f) not activated between May 2010 and April 2011.
 Laurel Park; 		2011.
■ The Glen;		
Cowal North; and		
Lake Cowal (non-Barrick); or the lead ourself ariginately support lead where subsections.		
the landowner of privately-owned land where subsequent operational noise monitoring shows the noise generated by the		
project exceeds the noise limits in Table 8 by more than:		
1 dB(A), in the case of the location identified as Mattiske; and		
 2 dB(A), in the case of all other locations; 		
the Applicant shall implement additional noise mitigation measures		
such as double glazing, insulation, and/or air conditioning at any		
residence on the land in consultation with the landowner.		
In the event that other landowners consider that noise at their		
dwelling which is located along the mine access road between the		
Mid-Western Highway and the mine site, is in excess of the relevant criteria in Table 9, and the Director-General, in consultation with the		
DECCW, is satisfied that an investigation is required, the Applicant		
shall upon receipt of a written request:		
· appoint a qualified independent person to undertake direct		
discussions with the landowners affected to ascertain their		
concerns and to plan and implement an investigation to quantify		
the impact and determine the sources of the effect, and		
where the project is identified as the cause/source bear the		
cost of the independent investigation and if exceedences are		
identified implement additional noise mitigation measures such as double glazing, insulation, and/or air conditioning at any		
residence on the land in consultation with the landowner. These		
additional mitigation measures shall be approved by BSC prior to		
implementation. These additional mitigation measures must be		
reasonable and feasible.		
If, within 3 months of receiving this request from the landowner, the		
Applicant and the landowner cannot agree on the measures to be		
implemented, or there is a dispute about the implementation of		
these measures, then either party may refer the matter to the		
Director-General for resolution.		
At least 3 months prior to increasing the mobile equipment fleet as		
described in the EA, the Applicant shall notify the following land owners that they may be entitled to receive additional noise		
mitigation measures, to the satisfaction of the Director-General:		
· Bungabulla;		

		T	1	
	· Gumbelah; · Laurel Park;			
	· The Glen;			
	· Cowal North; and · Lake Cowal (non-Barrick).			
	Noise Management Plan			
	(g) The Applicant shall prepare and implement a Noise	Letter from DeD on Assess described		And 0007 to And 0040
	Management Plan for the project in consultation with DECCW	Letter from DoP re Amendments to Noise Management Plan, August		April 2007 to April 2010
	and to the satisfaction of the Director-General. This plan must be submitted to the Director-General for approval by the end of	2007		The Noise Management Plan approved in 2003 was revised and amended in 2007 and 2009.
	July 2010 and include provisions to: (i) evaluate noise impacts on privately-owned residences (ii) demonstrate compliance with the noise impact assessment	Letter from DECC re Addendum to Noise Management Plan, 21 Sep 2009		The 5year revision of the Noise Management Plan was submitted to the DoP on 28 September 2009 and approved on 8 April 2010.
	criteria in Table 8; (iii) implement all reasonable and feasible noise mitigation measures; (iv) investigate ways to reduce the noise generated by the	Letter from DoP re Amendment to the Noise Management Plan, 8 April 2010		Any further revision of the Noise Management Plan related to the Modification granted in March 2010 will occur as required to address this condition.
	project, including:	Noise Management Plan, July 2010		April 2010 to April 2011
	 off-site road noise; and noise levels which may result in sleep disturbance and disturbance to bird breeding behaviour; and (iv) report on these investigations and the implementation and effectiveness of these measures in the AEMR. 			A revised Noise Management Plan was submitted to the relevant authorities on 30 July 2010. Barrick are currently still awaiting DoP approval.
6.5	Visual Amenity and Lighting			
	The Applicant shall take all reasonable and feasible measures, in		Noted	April 2007 to April 2010
	consideration of Australian Standard AS 4282-1997 Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting, to mitigate visual and off-site lighting impacts of the project, to the satisfaction of the D-G.			Two (2) complaints were related to light scatter from the mine site in March 2008. The matter was fixed immediately by moving the offending light sources. No other complaints related to lighting were received between April 2007 and April 2010. April 2010 to April 2011 No light complaints received between May 2010 and 2011.
7	TRANSPORT AND UTILITIES			
7.1	Road Transport			
	Mine site access road	Bland Shire Council Decision -	Yes	April 2007 to April 2011
	(i) The Applicant shall use its best endeavours to ensure that the preferred mine access road routes as described in the EA are the only routes used by employees and contractors traveling to and from the mine site.	Notification of Approval of CGP Access Road Upgrade, 21 Apr 99 Letter to BSC re Mine Access Road, 31 Jan 05		The access road route to the mine site from West Wyalong was approved by the Bland Shire Council in 1999 and the road works were completed and in use in 2006.
	(ii) The mine access road upgrade shall be undertaken in accordance with the approval issued by BSC under Part 5 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979.			Access to the CGP site by employees and contractors has been along the new road since late 2006.
8.	MONITORING/AUDITING			

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	Monitoring programs in conditions 8.1 - 8.6 below are to be revised/updated annually, unless otherwise directed by the Director-General, to reflect changing environmental requirements significant changes in technology/operational practices and results from monitoring conducted. Changes shall be made and approved through the AEMR process. All monitoring programs shall also be made publicly available at BSC within two weeks of approval of the relevant government authority.	Independent Monitoring Panel Report, March 2006 Independent Monitoring Panel Report, August 2007 Fourth Independent Monitoring Panel Report, October 2008 Letter from DoP re Approval of Surface and Groundwater, Meteorological and Biological Monitoring Program – Operations Phase, 10 March 2010	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 Development of investigative triggers and effective responses to any detected adverse effects as recommended by the Independent Monitoring Panel Annual Report, were included in the revised Program. An independent review of the Surface Water, Groundwater, Meteorological & Biological Monitoring Plan was conducted by Professor David Fox (Environmentrics, Melbourne), as recommended by the Independent Monitoring Panel (IMP Report 2006-2007), and the review submitted to Barrick in June 2008. This revision of the Program was further reviewed by Dr David Goldney and the revised Program approved by DoP in March 2010. May 2010 to April 2011 The 2010 approved Surface Water, Groundwater, Meteorological & Biological Monitoring Plan has been implemented.
.1	Meteorological			
	The Applicant shall continue meteorological monitoring by utilising and maintaining the existing weather station on site. The data shall be particularly used for predicting noise, dust and blasting impacts on nearby residences, and bird breeding areas identified by the Applicant in consultation with DECCW.	Cowal Calibration Report, Sentinel Pty Ltd, 21 Feb 2011 Monthly Weather Station Reports – January 2010 to March 2011, Sentinel Pty Ltd	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 The permanent meteorological station installed on the southern side of the mine lease in June 2004 continues to operate provides continuous monitoring results for use by the site operators. May 2010 to April 2011 The meteorological station is checked and calibrated three monthly by Sentinel Pty Ltd and a monthly summary report of the meteorological data is provided to CGP.
.2	Surface and Ground Water and Cyanide			
	 (a) Water monitoring (i) The Applicant shall construct and locate: (a) surface water monitoring positions in consultation with OoW and DECCW, and to the satisfaction of the Director-General, at least three months prior to the commencement of construction works unless otherwise directed by the Director-General; and (b) groundwater monitoring positions in consultation with OoW and DECCW, and to the satisfaction of the Director-General at least six months prior to the commencement of construction works unless otherwise directed by the Director-General. 	Third Independent Monitoring Panel Report, Aug 2007 Review of CGP Operations Monitoring Program, Environmetrics Australia, Jun 2008 Fourth Independent Monitoring Panel Report, Oct 2008 Fifth Independent Monitoring Panel Report, 2009 Letter from Dr David Goldney re Surface Water, Groundwater, Meteorological & Biological Monitoring Program, 12 Aug 2009	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 Surface and groundwater monitoring locations were approved by the Director-General in March 2003. Groundwater monitoring has been conducted generally in accordance with the EPL. The independent review of the Surface Water, Groundwater, Meteorological & Biological Monitoring Program as recommended by the Independent Monitoring Panel (IMP Report 2007 Report) was conducted in June 2008 with the revision of the monitoring program undertaken in 2009. Dr David Goldney reviewed the revised Program and concluded: "it provides a robust program of monitoring that will contribute to the assessment of the effectiveness of
		Meteorological & Biological Monitoring Program, 12 Aug 2009 Letter re DoP Approval of Surface Water, Groundwater, Meteorological		1



	& Biological Monitoring Program, 10 Mar 2010		operations phase of the Project". April 2010 to April 2011 Conformance with the water monitoring program occurred between May 2010 and April 2011 with all water sampling on the mine site and in the Lake Cowal area conducted in accordance with the Surface Water, Groundwater, Meteorological & Biological Monitoring Program.
(ii) The Applicant shall prepare a detailed monitoring program in respect of ground and surface water, including water in the up catchment diversion system, internal catchment drainage system, dewatering bores, Bland Creek Palaeochannel borefield and water supply pipeline from borefield, pit/void, Lake Cowal, and any other waters in and around the mine site, during construction works, mine operations and post mine operations in consultation with OoW, DECCW, DII(Fisheries)and to the satisfaction of the Director- General. The monitoring program during construction works shall be prepared prior to commencement of construction. The monitoring program during mine operation shall be prepared prior to commencement of mine operation. The monitoring program post mine operations shall be prepared by year 7 of mine operations.	Surface Water, Groundwater, Meteorological and Biological Monitoring Program – Mining Operation Phase, Mar 2010 Letter re Surface Water, Groundwater, Meteorological and Biological Monitoring Program – Mining Operation Phase, Dr David Goldney 12 Aug 09 Letter from DoP re Approval of Revised Surface Water, Groundwater, Meteorological and Biological Monitoring Program – Mining Operation Phase, 10 Mar 10	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 The revised Surface Water, Groundwater, Meteorological and Biological Monitoring Program - Mining Operations Phase was revised approved by DoP on 10 March 2010. The revised of the Surface Water, Groundwater, Meteorological and Biological Monitoring Program – Mining Operation Phase included recommendations made by the Independent Monitoring Panel (Independent Monitoring Panel Report 2007) and the review by Dr David Goldney. May 2010 to April 2011 The ground and surface water monitoring program has been conformed with all water sampling on the mine site and in the Lake Cowal area conducted in accordance with the Surface Water, Groundwater, Meteorological & Biological Monitoring Program and MCoA 8.2(a)(ii).
(iii) The monitoring program will include the development of adequate chemical and biological monitoring in the waters of Lake Cowal, when water is present, by suitably qualified and experienced staff or consultants to the satisfaction of the OoW and DECCW, and in the case of biological monitoring OoW, DECCW, DII(Fisheries)must be satisfied as to sampling design, including sample locations, sample frequency, sample handling, transport and analysis, sampling parameters and reporting of analysis results.	Surface Water, Groundwater, Meteorological and Biological Monitoring Program – Operations Phase, Mar 2010	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 The revised Surface Water, Groundwater, Meteorological and Biological Monitoring Program – Mining Operation Phase was approved by DP on 10 March 2010. Surface water and biological monitoring of Lake Cowal waters would be conducted if the water present in the lake is at or above the trigger level of 204.5m AHD. No surface water in Lake Cowal has occurred at or above the 204.5m AHD trigger level since the commencement of CGP construction or operation, (i.e. prior to April 2010). May 2010 to April 2011 The rainfall events during the May 2010 to April 2011 period have resulted in the water levels in Lake Cowal reaching the trigger level for the collection of samples required under the water monitoring program.



(iv) The results and interpretation of surface and ground water monitoring (including biological monitoring) are to be provided by the Applicant in an approved form to the OoW, DECCW, DII(Fisheries) on a three monthly basis during construction and the first 12 months of ore processing operations and thereafter on an annual basis, unless otherwise agreed by the Director-General. The results are also to be contained and analysed in the Annual Environmental Management Report (Condition 9.2(a)).	Monitoring Data Reports to DECC, DoP and DPI - Jan to Mar, Apr-Jun, Jul-Sep, Oct-Dec 2007 to 2009 Cyanide Monitoring Reports to DECC, DoP and DPI (Minerals), monthly May 2007 to March 2010	Yes	April 2007 to April 2011 The Quarterly Reports on surface and groundwater monitoring results have been provided to the DECCW, DoP and DII (Fisheries) in accordance with MCoA. Reporting of monitoring (including cyanide monitoring) also occurs to the relevant authorities in the AEMR and DECCW Annual Return. May 2010 to April 2011 The Quarterly Reports on surface and groundwater monitoring results have been provided to the DECCW, OoW and DII (Fisheries) in accordance with MCoA 8.2(iv).
(v) the Applicant shall prior to commencement of construction works prepare in consultation with OoW and DII (Minerals) and to the satisfaction of the Director-General, a monitoring program for the detection of any movement of the Lake protection bund, water storage and tailings structures and pit/void walls during the life of the mine, with particular emphasis on monitoring after any seismic events.	Monitoring Program for the Detection of any Movement of the Lake Protection Bund, Water Storage and Tailings Structures and Pit/Void Walls, Dec 200 2009 AEMR 19 April 2010 2010 draft AEMR May 2011	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 The monitoring program for the detection of any movement in the lake protection bund, water storage and tailings structures and pit/void walls was approved by the Director-General on 9 October 2003. Monitoring points in the Lake Protection Bund (located every 200m on top of the banks) were installed in accordance with the program have been monitored during April 2007 to April 2010 period. No significant movement has been recorded at any of the monument survey points. May 2010 to April 2011 No significant movement has been recorded at any of the monument survey points during the May 2010 to April 2011 period.
(b) Cyanide Monitoring The Applicant shall prior to any tailings disposal prepare a cyanide monitoring program in consultation with the DECCW and DII (Minerals), and to the satisfaction of the Director-General. The plan shall include, but not be limited to, provision for:	Cyanide Management Plan Sep 2009 Amended Cyanide Management Plan, Dec 2010,	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 The Cyanide Monitoring Program was prepared as part of the Cyanide Management Plan, submitted to the DoP and approved in January 2006. Monitoring has been conducted in accordance with the Cyanide Monitoring Program between April 2007 and April 2010. May 2010 to April 2011 An amendment to the Cyanide Management Plan was approved during 2010 for a change to the cyanide monitoring point. The proposed change was accepted by the DECCW on 11 June 2010 and approved by DoP on 20 December 2010.



 (i) monitoring of CN_{WAD} levels of the aqueous component of the tailings slurry stream at the discharge point to tailings dams twice daily or as otherwise directed by the Director-General, with any increases above 20mg CNWAD/L to be assessed daily to ensure compliance and reported monthly to the DII(Minerals) and DECC, unless otherwise agreed by the Director- General. If the CNWAD levels of 30mg/L are exceeded in the liquid at any time, discharge to the tailings dams shall cease until CN_{WAD} levels can be achieved below the levels stated in condition 5.3(a) and such exceedance shall be reported to the DECC within 24 hours; (ii) monitoring CN_{WAD} levels in the decant water of the tailings dams twice daily or as otherwise directed by the Director-General; 	Cyanide Management Plan, section 6.2 Process Plant Cyanide Monitoring Data, Barrick Cyanide Management Plan, section 6.2 Cyanide Monitoring Results, Monthly Reports, April 2010 to March 2011	Yes	discharge sampling analysed at the on	2011 lecant water quality an g occurs twice daily wist-site laboratory. No ex April 2010 and April 2 >20mg CN _{WAD} /L 0 0 0 0	th the samples ceedences were
(iii) an on site laboratory for quickly establishing CN _{WAD} levels in the liquid at the discharge point to tailings dams and in the decant ponds for monitoring purposes;	Cyanide Management Plan, section 6.2.3.1 Letter from DEC Approving Use of Picric Acid Cyanide Methodology Letter from DPI re Approving Use of Picric Acid Cyanide Methodology, 2 Dec 2006 Cyanide Monitoring Results, Monthly Reports, April 2007 to March 2010	Yes	decant water samp spectrophotometric (Minerals) has occ with the picric acid sample collection. Laboratory in Wes the same day. April 2010 to April Cyanide analysis haboratory with haboratory with analysis haboratory wit	tory analyses of tailing oles for CN _{WAD} using a comethod (approved by urred since December method are available Verification analysis by twyalong, provides co	picric acid y DECC and DPI 2006. Results within 4 hours of by SGS confirmatory results the onsite d by SGS and
(iv) on-line monitoring of CN _(FREE) at locations where employees are operating;	Cyanide Management Plan, section 6.3	Yes	conducted as part	toring within the proce of the daily workplace ection 6.3 of the Cyan	monitoring
(v) establishing a monitoring regime for detection of cyanide movement beneath and adjacent to the tailings impoundments.	Cyanide Management Plan, section 6.4	Yes	the quarterly grour detect cyanide mo tailings storage fac	2011 Cyanide Management dwater monitoring provement beneath and a cilities. No cyanide ha conitoring bores to date	ogram designed to adjacent to the s been detected in
A summary of the cyanide monitoring results shall be provided to the Director-General, DECC and DII (Minerals) on a three monthly basis, unless otherwise agreed by the Director-General. All results shall be included in the AEMR.	2009 AEMR 19 Apr 2010 Letters to DoP, DECCW, DII re Monthly Cyanide Monitoring Results, May 2010 to March 2011	Yes	the DII (Minerals) a 2010 and April 201 the criteria. (Note	de monitoring results of and DECCW. All result have demonstrated if any results were dethey would be reported.	Its during May compliance with etected in excess



8.3	Air Quality and Dust			
	The Applicant shall: (a) undertake monitoring at locations described in the dust management plan (condition 6.1); (b) monitor dust deposition rates and concentrations of total suspended particulates (TSP) for the life of the mine, including monitoring impacts of dust on any surface water within the high water mark of Lake Cowal; and	Amended Dust Management Plan, July 2007 Letter to DoP re Amended Dust Management Plan, 9 August 2007 Dust Management Plan Feb 2009	Yes	May 2010 to April 2011 Dust deposition gauges were installed at the locations identified in the Dust Management Plan. Some dust deposition gauges and 'frisbees' (installed by Dr Stephen Cattle as part of the University of Sydney program) had to be recovered due to the depth of water in Lake Cowal over the past 12 months. A high volume air sampler is located at the nearest residences (sensitive receptor) and operates on a 6 day cycle for TSP.
		Dust Management Plan Feb 2009 2007 AEMR, May 2008 2008 AEMR, March 2009 2009 AEMR, 19 April 2010 Interpretation and Discussion of 2009 Air Quality Monitoring Results, Dr Stephen Cattle UoS	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 Dust deposition and TSP monitoring related to Lake Cowal were not activated from 2007 to 2010 as there was no water in the lake. Dust monitoring has continued around the CGP area and the results reported in the AEMR's. Dust deposition monitoring at six sites and PM ₁₀ monitoring at the locations specified in the EPL condition P1.1, has continued.
				April 2010 to April 2011 The dust monitoring results are reviewed by Dr Stephen Cattle, University of Sydney for presentation in the AEMR. Analysis of the dust monitoring data to assess potential impact on Lake Cowal is also being conducted by University of Sydney.
	(c) provide all results and analysis of air quality monitoring in the AEMR including a determination of the dust deposition rate in gm/m²/month, which shall be plotted in the AEMR.	2007 AEMR, May 2008 Interpretation and Discussion of Air Quality Monitoring Results, Uni of Sydney, Dr Stephen Cattle 2008, 2009 and 2010 2008 AEMR, March 2009 2009 AEMR, 19 April 2010	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 The dust monitoring results were independently reviewed by Dr Stephen Cattle, University of Sydney each year and the review presented in the AEMR's. April 2010 to April 2011 Dust monitoring results have been independently reviewed by Dr Stephen Cattle, University of Sydney and the review presented in the AEMR.
8.4	Deleted			
8.5	Fauna and Flora Monitoring			
	The Applicant shall monitor the effectiveness of measures outlined in the fauna management plan and Threatened Species Protocol (condition 3.4). A summary of monitoring results shall be included in the AEMR.	Flora and Fauna Management Plan Oct 2003 Vegetation Clearance Protocol Implementation Report, Sep 2005 2009 AEMR, 19 Apr 2010 Draft 2010 AEMR, May 2011	<u>Yes</u>	April 2007 to April 2011 The management of flora and fauna under the Flora and Fauna Management Plan and the Threatened Species Protocol is reported in the AEMR's in sections 3.7 and 3.8 respectively. Vegetation clearance activities have been conducted in accordance with the Vegetation Clearance Protocol, weed

				and pest management and flora monitoring in accordance with the FFMP.
8.6	Cultural Heritage Monitoring			
	The Applicant shall monitor the effectiveness of measures outlined in the archaeology and heritage management plan (condition 3.3). A summary of monitoring results shall be included in the AEMR.	Indigenous Archaeology and Cultural Heritage Management Plan 2003 2007 AEMR, May 2008 2008 AEMR, March 2009 Draft AEMR, 19 Mar 2010 Letter from Bland Shire Council re Heritage Advisors Report, 6 March 2009	Yes	April 2007 to April 2011 The management of Aboriginal heritage has been in accordance with the Indigenous Aboriginal and Cultural Heritage Management Plan. The management actions and registered sites/items are reported in the AEMR section 3.13. Management occurring between April 2007 and April 2010 was discussed with the Barrick Environmental staff. No non-compliance issues were reported. European Heritage is managed under the Heritage Management Plan with any actions reported in section 3.14 of the AEMR's. Bland Shire Council provided information from their Heritage Advisor in relation to the interpretative display format for the relics and building artefacts from the Lake Cowal Station homestead and outbuildings. May 2010 to April 2011 The homestead and other buildings on the CGP lease site north of the southern waste emplacement area have been monitored and plans to dismantle and recover sections of the structures for restoration are being developed.



Plate 11: European heritage site (homestead, shearing shed and storage shed) north of the southern waste emplacement area.

		,	•
8.7	Community Consultative Committee		
Community Environmental Monitoring and Consultative Committee (CEMCC)			



	The Applicant shall:	Charter of the CEMCC	Yes	
	Consultative Committee and ensure that the first meeting is held before the commencement of construction works. Selection of representatives shall be agreed by the Director-General and the appointment of an independent Chairperson shall be to the satisfaction of the Director-General in consultation with the Applicant and BSC. The Committee shall comprise two (2) representatives of the Applicant (including the	CEMCC Minutes 6 Jun 2007		The Community Environmental Monitoring and
		CEMCC Minutes 5 Sep 2007		Consultative Committee (CEMCC) was established in 2003 and the inaugural meeting of the CEMCC occurred
		CEMCC Minutes 5 Dec 2007		on 15 October 2003. The CEMCC meets quarterly and
		CEMCC Minutes 5 Mar 2008		the meeting minutes are made available at Bland Shire
		CEMCC Minutes 4 June 2008		Council library for public inspection.
		CEMCC Minutes 3 Sep 2008		
	Environmental Officer), one (1) representative of BSC, one (1) representative of the Lake Cowal Environmental Trust (but not	CEMCC Minutes 3 Dec 2008		
	a Trust representative of the Applicant), four community	CEMCC Minutes 4 Mar 2009		
	representatives (including one member of the Lake Cowal Landholders Association), to monitor compliance with	CEMCC Minutes 3 June 2009		
	conditions of this consent and other matters relevant to the	CEMCC Minutes 26 Aug2009		
	operation of the mine during the term of the consent.	CEMCC Minutes 2 Dec 2009		
	Representatives from relevant government agencies (including DoP) may be invited to attend meetings as required by the Chairperson. The Committee may make comments and recommendations about the implementation of the development and environmental management plans. The Applicant shall ensure that the Committee has access to the	CEMCC Minutes 3 Mar 2010		
		CEMCC Minutes 9 Jun 2010		
		CEMCC Minutes 1 Sep 2010		
		CEMCC Minutes 1 Dec 2010		
	necessary plans for such purposes. The Applicant shall	CEMCC Minutes 2 Mar 2011		
	consider the recommendations and comments of the Committee and provide a response to the Committee and D-G.			
	(ii) The Applicant shall, at its own expense:		Yes	April 2011
	• nominate two (2) representatives to attend all meetings of the			Minutes of the CEMCC meetings are provided to the
	Committee;			Committee members and made available for public
	 provide to the Committee regular information on the progress of work and monitoring results; 			inspection at the BSC library.
				The CEMCC members are:
	 promptly provide to the Committee such other information as the Chair of the Committee may reasonably request 			Independent Chair: Margaret McDonald-Hill
	concerning the environmental performance of the			Community Members: Angus Stitt, Barry Pokoney, Gary Shaw, Chris Roylance
	development;			Lake Cowal Foundation: David Mitchell
	provide access for site inspections by the Committee;			Bland Shire Council: Neil Pokoney and Howard
	 provide meeting facilities for the Committee, and take minutes of Committee meetings. These minutes shall be available for 			Mangelsdorf
	public inspection at BSC within 14 days of the meeting.			Lachlan Shire Council: Graham Scott, Les Saunders
				Lake Cowal Landowners Assn: Bruce Dent
				Wiradjuri Condobolin Corporation: Ally Coe/Percy Knight
				Barrick: Garry Pearson, Richard Savage



(iii) The Applicant shall establish a trust fund to be managed by the Chair of the Committee to facilitate the functioning of the Committee, and pay \$2000 per annum to the fund for the duration of gold processing operations. The annual payment shall be indexed according to the Consumer Price Index (CPI) at the time of payment. The first payment shall be made by the date of the first Committee meeting. The Applicant shall also contribute to the Trust Fund reasonable funds for payment of the independent Chairperson, to the satisfaction of the Director-General.		Yes	Barrick pay an annual contribution of \$2000 (plus CPI) to Bland Shire Council, and the funds are held in trust for the purpose of the CEMCC.
(iv) At least four years prior to mine closure the Applicant shall, in consultation with the CEMCC, identify and discuss post-mining issues, particularly in relation to reduced employment and consequent impacts on West Wyalong, and develop a mine workforce phase-out plan. This plan shall be reviewed and updated in consultation with the CEMCC at the commencement of the final year of mine operations.		Noted	MCoA 8.7(iv) not yet activated.
(v) The Applicant shall, in consultation with the CEMCC, develop appropriate strategies to support activities which promote special interest tourism related to the co-existence of mining and the Lake Cowal environment.	Lake Cowal Foundation Ltd, 2010 Annual Report 2010	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 Barrick have supported the Lake Cowal Foundation (LCF) and preparation of brochures highlighting the activities of the Foundation in conservation, sustainable farming, education and research projects for the area (refer to section 3 of this report under Flora and Fauna Management Plan) have been produced by LCF.
			CGP provides the community and visitors with an overview of the project and the Lake Cowal environment, and Cowal Update News is distributed to neighbours, communities and stakeholder groups.
			April 2010 to April 2011 CGP support of the Lake Cowal Foundation (LCF) and Lake Cowal Conservation Centre (LCCC) with contributions and site offices plus in kind assistance from CGP staff operations. LCF developed or implemented 32 projects during 2010.



8.8	Third Party Monitoring/Auditing			
	 (a) An Independent Environmental Audit shall be completed: six monthly during construction; 12 months after commencement of ore processing; then every three years thereafter until decommissioning of the mine and ore processing operations respectively, or as otherwise directed by the Director-General. 	Independent Environmental Audit, Trevor Brown & Associates, May 2009 Independent Environmental Audit, Trevor Brown & Associates May 2010	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 An Independent Environmental Audit of the CGP was conducted in 2008 and 2009 at the request of Barrick, to meet the recommendation of the IMP. An Independent Audit was conducted for the period April 2007 to April 2010 to satisfy MCoA 8.8(a). May 2010 to April 2011 This Independent Environmental Audit of the CGP was conducted in April 2011, at the request of Barrick Australia.
	The Applicant shall conduct an environmental audit of the mining and infrastructure areas of the development in accordance with ISO 14010 - Guidelines and General Principles for Environmental Auditing, and ISO 14011 - Procedures for Environmental Auditing (or the current versions), and in accordance with any specifications required by the Director-General. Copies of the report shall be submitted by the Applicant to the Director-General, BSC, DECC, DWE, DPI (Minerals), and CEMCC within two weeks of the report's completion for comment.	Independent Environmental Audit Report, May 2009 Independent Environmental Audit Report, May 2010	Yes	May 2010 to April 2011 A copy of the Independent Environmental Audit Report has been submitted to the Director-General, BSC, DECC, DLWC, DPI (Minerals), and CEMCC, and is also attached as an appendix to the 2010 AEMR (dated May 2011).
	 (i) The audit shall: a). assess compliance with the requirements of this consent, licences and approvals; b). in the event of any non-compliance, report on the effectiveness of the environmental management of the mine as it may relate to the area of non-compliance; c). be carried out at the Applicant's expense; and d). be conducted by a duly qualified independent person or team approved by the Director-General in consultation with BSC and CEMCC. 	Independent Environmental Audit Report, May 2007 Independent Environmental Audit Report, May 2008 Independent Environmental Audit Report, May 2009 Independent Environmental Audit, Trevor Brown & Associates May 2010	Yes	April 2007 to April 2011 The environmental audits have been conducted in accordance with AS/NZ ISO 19011 and the requirements of MCoA 8.8(i). The independent auditors (Trevor Brown and Bob Drury) of Trevor Brown & Associates have been approved by the Director-General after consultation with the CEMCC and BSC.
	(ii) The Director-General may, after considering any submission made by the relevant government agencies, BSC and CEMCC on the report, notify the Applicant of any requirements with regard to any recommendations in the report. The Applicant shall comply with those reasonable requirements within such time as the Director-General may require.		Noted	



(b) Independent Monitoring Panel			
(i) The Applicant shall at its own cost establish an Independent Monitoring Panel prior to commencement of construction. The Applicant shall contribute \$30,000 per annum for the functioning of the Panel, unless otherwise agreed by the Director-General. The annual payment shall be indexed according to the Consumer Price Index (CPI) at the time of payment. The first payment shall be paid by the date of commencement of construction and annually thereafter. Selection of the Panel representatives shall be agreed by the Director-General in consultation with relevant government agencies and the CEMCC. The Panel shall at least comprise two duly qualified independent environmental scientists and a representative of the D-G.	Letter from DoP re Annual IMP Report, 6 July 2006 Third Independent Monitoring Panel Report, August 2007 Fourth Independent Monitoring Panel Report, Oct 2008 Fifth Independent Monitoring Panel Report, Sep 2009 Sixth Independent Monitoring Panel Report, Oct 2010	Yes	The independent Monitoring Panel was established in 2005. The current members are: Dr Craig Miller CSIRO Sustainable Ecosystems Prof. Clive Bell, Executive Director Australian Centre for Mining Environmental Research. Barrick deposits \$30,000 (plus CPI) annually into a special account (Independent Panel Monitoring Trust) for the functioning of the panel. May 2010 to April 2011 The IMP submits a report to the DoP annually. The Sixth Independent Monitoring Panel Report was submitted to DoP and provided to CGP on 15 October 2010.
(ii) The panel shall: a. provide an overview of the independent audits required by condition 8.9 above; b. regularly review all environmental monitoring procedures undertaken by the Applicant, and monitoring results; and c. provide an Annual State of the Environment Report for Lake Cowal with particular reference to the on-going interaction between the mine and the Lake and any requirements of the Director-General. The first report shall be prepared one year after commencement of construction. The report shall be prepared annually thereafter unless otherwise directed by the Director-General. Copies of the report shall be provided to those parties which receive the AEMR (condition 9.2) and shall be made publicly available at Bland Shire Council within two weeks of the report's completion.	Third Independent Monitoring Panel Report, August 2007 Fourth Independent Monitoring Panel Report, October 2008 Letter to DoP re Barrick Response to IMP Recommendations – 4 th Report, 30 Mar 2009 Fifth Independent Monitoring Panel Report, Sep 2009 Letter to DoP re Barrick Response to IMP Recommendations – 5 th Report, 23 Dec 2009 Sixth Independent Monitoring Panel Report, Oct 2010 Letter to IMP re Barrick Response to IMP Recommendations – 6 th Report, 29 Jan 2011	Noted	May 2010 to April 2011 The IMP made the following recommendations in the Sixth Report and Barrick responded on the 29 January 2011: IMP Recommendation 1: CGM should continue to evaluate its inventory of topsoil, subsoil and waste materials and the future needs for rehabilitation, paying particular attention to the total requirement for benign, competent rock through to mine closure. Barrick Response: Barrick will continue to maintain and evaluate its topsoil and subsoil inventory. Analysis of the currently stockpiled soil resources will be undertaken in early 2011 to characterise the soil properties and determine suitability and/or amelioration that may be required to enable use in future rehabilitation. IMP Recommendation 2: CGM should continue to monitor existing rehabilitation trials with a focus on treatments showing most promise. Consideration should be given to the establishment of limited additional replicated trials of promising combinations of topsoil, subsoil and benign rock mulch with various direct seeded native species combinations. Barrick Response: Independent monitoring of the trial plots will be undertaken by Carnegie Natives. IMP Recommendation 3: CGM should conduct a trial to determine the success of root establishment and growth by appropriate tree and shrub species into a variety of potential rehabilitation site subsurface materials. Treatments should include 1) no fertiliser, 2) fertiliser, 3) no fertiliser + mycorrhizae. Barrick Response: Root establishment trials of tree species grown in various depths of cover materials over tailings were established in 2009. Treatments will include fertiliser and non-fertiliser (with and without added mycorrhizae).



9	REPORTING			
9.1	Reports on Operations			
	The Applicant shall report on mine operations in accordance with the mine operations plan (condition 2.1).	MOP Jun 2007 to Jun 2009, Jun 07 MOP Mar 2009 to Dec 2010, Mar 09 Amended MOP 2009-2010, 18 Mar 2010 Letter from DII re Approval of Amended MOP, 19 Mar 2010	Noted	April 2007 to April 2010 A MOP for 2009-2010 was submitted to DPI-Minerals on 31 March 2009 and approved. An amendment to this MOP was submitted to DII and approved on 19 Mar 2010. May 2010 to April 2011 The reporting requirements for the approved MOP for January 2011 to September 2012 have been addressed by CGP.
9.2	Environmental Reporting			
	Annual Environmental Management Report (AEMR)		Yes	
	(i) The Applicant shall, throughout the life of the mine and for a	Letter to DoP requesting a Deadline		April 2007 to April 2010
	period of at least five years after the completion of ore processing operations, prepare and submit an Annual Environmental Management Report (AEMR) to the D-G. The	Extension for the 2008 ÅEMR, 10 Feb 2009		Barrick have prepared the AEMR's for the CGP operations in accordance with the requirements of MCoA 9.2(i).
	AEMR shall review the performance of the mine against the environmental management plans (refer condition 3.2), MOP (refer condition 2.1), the conditions of this consent, and other licences and approvals relating to the mine. To enable ready	Letter from DoP re Deadline Extension for 2008 AEMR, 18 Feb 2009 Letter to DII re 2009 AEMR Deadline		The AEMR's were made available to the Independent Environmental Auditors for review at the time of the audit and the documents submitted to the relevant authorities when finalised.
	comparison with EIS predictions, diagrams and tables, the report	Extension, 19 Feb 2010		May 2010 to April 2011
	shall include, but not be limited to, the following matters:			Draft sections of the 2010 AEMR were available for the independent auditors at the time of the audit.
	> an annual compliance audit of the performance of the project	2006 AEMR, Apr 2007	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010
	 against conditions of this consent and statutory approvals; a review of the effectiveness of the environmental management of the mine in terms of DECCW, OoW, 	2007 AEMR, May 2008 2008 AEMR, 31 Mar 2009		The AEMR's prepared have addressed all the components of MCoA 9.2(i)(a)-(h).
	 DII(Minerals), DII(Fisheries), and BSC requirements; results of all environmental monitoring required under this consent or other approvals, which includes interpretation and 	2009 AEMR, 19 Apr 2010 Draft 2010 AEMR May 2011		The AEMRs for January to December each year have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the MCoA requirements and submitted to DoP.
	discussion by a suitably qualified person; From results of fauna monitoring, records of any fauna deaths			April 2010 to April 2011
	 due to mine operations; a listing of any variations obtained to approvals applicable to the subject area during the previous year; the outcome of the water budget for the year and the quantity of water used from water storages and Bland Creek palaeochannel; 			The first draft of the 2010 AEMR was being prepared at the time of this audit.
	 rehabilitation report; environmental management targets and strategies. 			

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	(ii) In preparing the AEMR, the Applicant shall: consult with the Director-General during preparation of each report for any additional requirements; comply with any requirements of the Director-General or other relevant government agency; and ensure that the first report is completed and submitted within twelve (12) months of this consent, or at a date determined by the Director-General in consultation with DMR. (iii) The Applicant shall ensure that copies of each AEMR are submitted at the same time to the Director-General, DECCW, OoW, DII(Minerals), DSC, DII(Fisheries), the BSC and CEMCC, and be available for public information at the BSC within 14 days	Letters to DNR, DEC (EPA and NPWS), DPI (Mineral and Petroleum and Fisheries), Dam Safety Committee, BSC, CEMCC re AEMR,	Noted	April 2010 to April 2011 No additional requirements were reported to have been received from the Director-General in relation to the preparation of the 2010 AEMR. April 2010 to April 2011 Copies of the 2009 AEMR submitted to each authority listed in MCoA 9.3(iii). Presentation on the findings in the 2009 AEMR was held for the authorities at the CGP site.
10	of submission to these authorities. COMMUNITY CONSULTATION/OBLIGATIONS	2010		
10.1	(a) Complaints The Environmental Officer (refer condition 3.1) shall be responsible for receiving complaints with respect to construction works and mine operations on a dedicated and publicly advertised telephone line, 24 hours per day 7 days per week, entering complaints or comments in an up to date log book, and ensuring that a response is provided to the complainant within 24 hours; and providing a report of complaints received every six months throughout the life of the project to the Director-General, BSC, DECC, DPI(Minerals), and CEMCC, or as otherwise agreed by the Director-General. A summary of this report shall be included in the AEMR (condition 9.2(a)).	Letter to DoP, DECC, CEMCC, and DII (Mineral Resources) re Complaints Register, 30 Jun 2009 and 6 Jan 2010 Letter to DoP re Complaints Register, 12 Jul 2010 Letter to DoP re Complaints Register, 30 Dec 2010	Yes	April 2010 to April 2011 Six community complaints recorded: 28 April 2010 – complaint of noise from a Barrick employee house in West Wyalong. 3 May 2010 – two (2) vehicles used Clear Ridge Road to access the mine site 13 September 2010 – noise complaint – noise and blast data checked and no exceedence of criteria recorded for the date of the complaint 20 September 2010 – vehicle use of Bogie Islands Road – road closed after flooding 23 September 2010 – noise complaint from East Lake Cowal resident 13 Dec 2010 – mine bus complaint on Burcher-Forbes Rd.
11.	PROPONENTS OBLIGATIONS	The obligations under MCoA 11 that we March 2010 have not yet been activated.		e consent conditions attached to the Modification granted in
11.1	At least 3 months prior to increasing the mobile equipment fleet as de notify the landowners of the lands listed in Table 6 in writing that they to acquire their land at any stage during the development.	have the right to require the Applicant	Not activated	
11.2	If the results of monitoring required in Schedule 2 identify that impacts generated by the development are greater than the relevant impact assessment criteria, except where a negotiated agreement has been entered into in relation to that impact, then the Applicant shall, within 2 weeks of obtaining the monitoring results, notify the Director-General, the affected landowners and tenants (including tenants of mine-owned properties) accordingly, and provide quarterly monitoring results to each of these parties until the results show that the development is complying with the criteria in Schedule 2. Independent Review		Not activated	
44.0		oo overeding the impact assessment		
11.3	If a landowner of privately owned land considers the development to be exceeding the impact assessment criteria in Schedule 2, then he/she may ask the Director-General in writing for an independent review of the impacts of the development on his/her land. If the Director-General is satisfied that an independent review is warranted, the Applicant shall within 2 months of the Director-General's decision: (a) consult with the landowner to determine his/her concerns; (b) commission a suitably qualified, experienced and independent person, whose appointment has been		Not activated	

aem		Cowal Go	old Project Independent Environmental Audit – April 201
aņ (c	proved by the Director-General, to conduct monitoring on the land, to: · determine whether the development is complying with the relevant impact assessment criteria in Schedule 2; and · identify the source(s) and scale of any impact on the land, and the development's contribution to this impact; and) give the Director-General and landowner a copy of the independent review.		
11.4 If 1 as ap If 1 as (a) de me (b) critical fit co rev	the independent review determines that the development is complying with the relevant impact sessment criteria in Schedule 2, then the Applicant may discontinue the independent review with the proval of the Director-General. The independent review determines that the development is not complying with the relevant impact sessment criteria in Schedule 2, then the Applicant shall: Implement all reasonable and feasible measures, in consultation with the landowner, to ensure that the evelopment complies with the relevant criteria, and conduct further monitoring to determine whether these easures ensure compliance; or In secure a written agreement with the landowner to allow exceedances of the relevant impact assessment teria, to the satisfaction of the Director-General. The further monitoring referred to under paragraph (a) above determines that the development is implying with the relevant impact assessment criteria, then the Applicant may discontinue the independent view with the approval of the Director-General.	Not activated	
	and Acquisition		
(c)	ithin 3 months of receiving a written request from a landowner with acquisition rights, the policant shall make a binding written offer to the landowner based on: 1 the current market value of the landowner's interest in the property at the date of this written request, as if the property was unaffected by the development, having regard to the: 2 existing and permissible use of the land, in accordance with the applicable planning instruments at the date of the written request; and 3 presence of improvements on the property and/or any approved building or structure which has been physically commenced at the date of the landowner's written request, and is due to be completed subsequent to that date, but excluding any improvements that have resulted from the implementation of the 'additional noise mitigation measures' in condition 6.4(f) of Schedule 2; 2 the reasonable costs associated with: 3 relocating within the same local government area, or to any other local government area determined by the Director-General; 4 obtaining legal advice and expert advice for determining the acquisition price of the land, and the terms upon which it is to be acquired; and 3 reasonable compensation for any disturbance caused by the land acquisition process. However, if at the end of this period, the Applicant and landowner cannot agree on the acquisition price of the land and/or the terms upon which the land is to be acquired, then either party may refer the matter to the Director-General for resolution. 3 you necessity to be acquired, then either party may refer the matter to the Director-General for resolution. 4 you not receiving such a request, the Director-General shall request the President of the NSW vision of the Australian Property Institute to appoint a qualified independent valuer to: 4 (1) consider submissions from both parties; 5 (2) determine a fair and reasonable acquisition price for the land and/or the terms upon which the land is to be acquired, having regard to the matters referred to in paragraphs (Not activated	

	receiving the independent valuer's report, they may refer the matter to the Director-General for review. Any request for a review must be accompanied by a detailed report setting out the reasons why the party disputes the independent valuer's determination. Following consultation with the independent valuer and both parties, the Director-General shall determine a fair and reasonable acquisition price for the land, having regard to the matters referred to in paragraphs (a)-(c) above and the independent valuer's report. Within 14 days of this determination, the Applicant shall make a binding written offer to the landowner to purchase the land at a price not less than the Director-General's determination. If the landowner refuses to accept the Applicant's binding written offer under this condition within 6 months of the offer being made, then the Applicant's obligations to acquire the land shall cease, unless the Director-General determines otherwise. The Applicant shall pay all reasonable costs associated with the land acquisition process described in			
11.6	condition 11.5 above.	acquisition process described in	Not activated	
12.	FURTHER APPROVALS AND AGREEMENTS			
12.1	Statutory Requirements			
	The Applicant shall ensure that all statutory requirements including but not restricted to those set down by the Local Government Act 1993, Pollution Control Act 1970, Clean Air Act 1961, Clean Water Act 1970, Noise Control Act 1975, Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991, Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997, National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974, and all other relevant legislation, Regulations, Australian Standards, Codes, Guidelines and Notices, Conditions, Directions, Notices and Requirements issued pursuant to statutory powers by the BSC, DECCW, DII(Minerals), DSC, OoW, RTA, DII(Agriculture), DII(Fisheries), and RAC, are fully met.		Noted	Barrick obtained approvals under the relevant statutory requirements for the construction and operation of the mine facilities at CGP including: Environment Protection Licence No. 11912 (EPA) Mining Lease No. 5135 (DMR) Section 87 Permits No. 1361, 1648 & 1681 (NPWS) Section 90 Consents to Destroy No. 1467 & 1680 (NPWS) Part 3A Permits No.703A01055 & 703A010056 (DLWC) Bore Licence Certificates (DLWC) Enclosure Permit No. 353669 (DLWC)



ATTACHMENT B ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION LICENCE



ATTACHMENT B - ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION LICENCE NO. 11912 (Licence Varied 17 July 2009)

EPL No.	EPL Condition	Audit Evidence	Compliance	Comments
A2	Premises to which this licence applies			
	Cowal Gold Project 38km North East of West Wyalong		Yes	Noted
A2.1	Lake Cowal Road, West Wyalong NSW 2671			
	Premises include the land defined by ML 1535.			
A4.2	For the purposes of condition A4.1, the licence application includes: 1) Development Consent Cowal Project 2) Cowal Gold Project EIS 3) List of Initial development activities associated with the construction of the Cowal Gold Project. 4) Cowal Gold Project – SIS 5) Modifications to the Cowal Gold Project approved by			Noted
Discharges t	the Department of Planning. to air and water and applications to land			
P1.1	The following points referred to in the table are identified in this licence for the purposes of monitoring and/or the setting of limits for the emission of pollutants to the air from the point.	 MP-5 database CGP Environment Department Quarterly Monitoring Reports to DECC 2009 AEMR 2010 Draft AEMR 	Yes	May 2010 to April 2011 The dust deposition and high volume sampler monitoring program has been continued in accordance with the requirements of the EPL conditions.
P1.2	The points referred to in the table are identified in this licence for the purposes of the monitoring and/or the setting of limits for discharges of pollutants to water from the point.	 Quarterly Monitoring Reports CGP Site Rainfall Records Surface Water Event Monitoring Field Sheets (for rainfall events of 20mm or greater). 2009 AEMR, April 2009 2010 Draft AEMR 	Yes	May 2010 to April 2011 Groundwater monitoring has been conducted from the piezometers locations listed in P1.2 in accordance with the EPL requirements. Surface water monitoring occurred following EPL trigger (i.e. >20mm rainfall/24hrs) for the surface water monitoring program occurred on 8 occasions during 2010 and 4 occasions between January and March 2011: 14/02/2010 55mm 1/12/2010 55.4mm 5/03/2010 25.6mm 27/12/2010 23.4mm 7/04/2010 26.6mm 3/2/2011 56 mm 14/07/2010 27.4mm 22/2/2011 20.8mm 15/09/2010 26 mm 11/3/2011 46.2mm 16/10/2010 28.2mm 22/3/2011 51.8mm
P1.3	The following utilisation areas referred to in the table are identified in this licence for the purposes of the monitoring and/or the setting of limits for any application of solids or liquids to the utilisation area.		Noted	



P2 Weath	er monitor	ing				
	The point in the table is identified in this licence for the purposes of the monitoring of weather parameters.			Blast Management Plan Figure 1 Cowal Calibration Report, Sentinel Pty Ltd, 21 Feb	Yes	May 2010 to April 2011 The meteorological station installed at the CGP
P2.1	EPA No.	EPA Type of Description of location 2	2011 Monthly Weather Station Reports – January 2010 to March 2011, Sentinel Pty Ltd		site is located in accordance with the Blast Management Plan and provides continuous 15- minute data for each parameter that is downloaded	
	7	Weather analysis	Weather station labeled as "Meteorological Station" in Figure 5 'Dust Monitoring Locations' of the "Cowal Gold Project Dust Management Plan" dated August 2003.			daily to the CGP computer system. The meteorological station is checked for calibration and maintenance 3 monthly by Sentinel Pty Ltd and a monthly summary report of the data is provided to CGP by Sentinel.
3 Limit co	nditions	•	<u> </u>		1	
L1.1	condition	n of this licence,	ssly provided in any other the licensee must comply with ction of the Environment		Noted	
L3.1	specified discharg exceed	d in the tables th ged at that point	charge point or utilisation area e concentration of a pollutant or applied to the area, must not n limits specified for that		Noted	
L3.2	specified		is specified in the table, the samples must be within the		Noted	
L3.3	pollution		condition does not authorise the y pollutant other than those		Noted	
			AD 20mg/L (90percentile); concentration limit).	 Cyanide Management Plan, revision 2010 Cyanide Management Plan, revision, Dec 2010 Monthly Cyanide Monitoring Results, May 2010 to March 2011 	Yes	May 2010 to April 2011 Monitoring of the discharge to the STSF is conducted twice daily. All results of the cyanide monitoring have been < 20mg CN _{WAD} /L (90 percentile) and no CN _{WAD} results have exceeded the 30mg CN _{WAD} /L for the May 2010 to April 2011period. The cyanide results are reported to the DECCW on a monthly basis.



Waste				
L5.1	The licensee must not cause, permit or allow any waste generated outside the premises to be received at the premises for storage, treatment, processing, reprocessing or disposal or any waste generated at the premises to be disposed of at the premises, except as expressly permitted by the licence.		Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 No waste material from any outside premises has been received onto the CGP site. May 2010 to April 2011 No waste material from any outside premises has been received onto the CGP site.
L5.2	For the purposes of condition L5.1: (a) Effluent, waste rock and tailings generated at the premises are not defined as "waste".		Noted	
	 (b) Waste generated at the premises described in Attachment A 'Cowal Gold Project Proposed Bioremediation Facility' of the licence variation application supplementary material received by DECC on 16 June 2008 and classified as general solid waste (putrescible) in accordance with the Waste Classification Guidelines (DECC, 2008) is permitted by this licence to be disposed of at the premises. Disposal of this waste must be undertaken in accordance with the methods described in Attachment A of the licence variation application supplementary material received by DECC on 16 June 2008, and the Cowal Gold Project - Hazardous Waste and Chemical Management Plan. (c) Waste generated at the premises described in Attachment B 'Cowal Gold Project Proposed Trash Screen Oversize Waste Management' of the licence variation application supplementary material received by DECC on 16 June 2008 and classified as general solid waste (putrescible) in accordance with the Waste Classification Guidelines (DECC, 2008) is permitted by this licence to be disposed of at the premises. Disposal of this waste must be undertaken in accordance with the methods described in Attachment B of the licence variation application supplementary material received by DECC on 16 June 2008, and the Cowal Gold Project 	Email to DECC/DPI-Minerals re Bioremediation Facility, 10 Dec 2008 CGP Bioremediation bed – contaminated soil being mixed with straw to promote biological breakdown of hydrocarbons, prior to placing in the remediation beds.	Yes	May 2010 to April 2011 All waste described in Attachment A of the licence variation application is disposed of at the CGP premises in accordance with EPL condition L5.2(b). The location co-ordinates and layout plans for the on-site bioremediation treatment area were provided to DECC/DPI-Minerals in December 2008 following Cultural Clearance of the proposed area at the end of November 2008. The bioremediation treatment area continues to be used for treatment and management of hydrocarbon contaminated soils from the site. April 2007 to April 2010 All waste described in Attachment B of the licence variation application is managed at the CGP premises in accordance with EPL condition L5.2(c). May 2010 to April 2011 All waste described in Attachment B of the licence variation application has been managed at the CGP premises in accordance with EPL condition L5.2(c).
	- Hazardous Waste & Chemical Management Plan. (d) Waste generated at the premises described in Attachment D 'Cowal Gold Project Proposed Onsite Waste Management' of the licence variation application supplementary material received by DECC on 16 June 2008 and classified as general		Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 All waste described in Attachment D of the licence variation application is disposed of at the CGP premises in accordance with EPL condition L5.2(d).



	solid waste (putrescible) and/or general solid waste (non-putrescible) in accordance with the Waste Classification Guidelines (DECC, 2008) is permitted by this licence to be disposed of at the premises. Disposal of this waste must be undertaken in accordance with the conditions of this licence and within the waste rock emplacements only.			May 2010 to April 2011 All waste described in Attachment D of the licence variation application is disposed of at the CGP premises in accordance with EPL condition L5.2(d).
L6.1	L6.1 Noise from the premises must not exceed: (a) 35 dB(A) LAeq(15 minute) during the day (7am to 6pm) Monday to Friday; and (b) 35 dB(A) LAeq(15 minute) during the evening (6pm to 10pm) Monday to Friday; and (c) at all other times 35 dB(A) LAeq (15 minute), except as expressly provided by this licence. Where LAeq means the equivalent continuous noise level – the level of noise equivalent to the energy-average of noise levels occurring over a measurement period.	 Noise Management Plan, November 2004 Operating Noise Monitoring, Heggies, Jan 2009 Operation Noise Monitoring, Heggies, Jul 2009 Operating Noise Monitoring, Heggies, Jan 2010 	Yes	May 2010 to April 2011 Two noise complaints were received between May 2010 and April 2011. Results from the operator attended noise survey conducted by Heggies during July 2010 indicated one result at the "Coniston" residence for the evening survey of 36dBA (i.e. 1dBA above the EPL criteria). All other measurements were within or at acceptable criteria. Results for the survey carried out by SLR (formerly
L6.2	L6.2 The noise emission limits identified in condition L6.1 apply when measured at, or computed for, any residence not owned by the licensee. A modifying factor correction must be applied for tonal, impulsive or intermittent noise in accordance with the "Environmental Noise Management – NSW Industrial Noise Policy (January 2000)".	 Operating Noise Monitoring, Heggies , Jul 2010 Operating Noise Monitoring, Heggies , Jan 2011 	Yes	Heggies) in January 2011showed no exceedance for the operator attended day time, evening and night-time surveys.
L6.3	L6.3 The noise emission limits identified in condition L6.1 apply under meteorological conditions of: • Wind speed up to 3 metres per second at 10 metres about ground level; or • Temperature inversion conditions of up to 3°C/100 metres and wind speed up to 2 metres per second at 10 metres above ground level.		Noted	
L7	Blasting Limits			
L7.1	The overpressure level from blasting operations at the premises when measured at the locations defined in condition M7.1 must not exceed 120 dB (Lin Peak) at any time. Error margins associated with any monitoring equipment used to measure this are not to be taken into account in determining whether or not the limit has been exceeded.	Blast Management Plan, August 2003 Review of Blast Monitoring Results, 2008, The Saros Group Review of Blast Monitoring Results, 2009, The Saros Group	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 Blast monitoring that occurred from April 2007 and April 2010 did not indicate any exceedance of the 115dB (Lin peak) on any occasion at the fixed blast monitor locations at <i>Gumbaleh</i> , <i>Hillgrove or Coniston</i> residences or on Lake Cowal.

L7.2	The overpressure level from blasting operations at the premises when measured at the locations defined in condition M7.1 must not exceed 115 dB (Lin Peak) for more than five per cent of the total number of blasts over each reporting period. Error margins associated with any monitoring equipment used to measure this are not to be taken into account in determining whether or not the limit has been exceeded. Ground vibration peak particle velocity from the blasting	 Review of Blast Monitoring Results, 2007, The Saros Group Review of Blast Monitoring Report 2008, The Saros Group, Jan 2009 Review of Blast Monitoring Report 2009, The Saros Group, Jan 2010 Review of Blast Monitoring Report 2010, The Saros Group, Feb 2011 	Yes	April 2010 to April 2011 Blast monitoring that occurred from May 2010 to April 2011 indicated that five (5) overpressure results exceeded the 115dB (Lin peak) at the fixed blast monitor locations. The range of the exceedances was 115.2-116.7dB(Lin Peak). This is equivalent to less than 5% of the total blasts and is therefore compliant with the condition. No overpressure readings exceeded 120dB(Lin peak).
L7.3	operations at the premises when measured at the locations defined in condition M7.1 must not exceed 10 mm/sec at any time. Error margins associated with any monitoring equipment used to measure this are not to be taken into account in determining whether or not the limit has been exceeded.	 Blast Management Plan August 2003 Review of Blast Monitoring Results 2007, The Saros Group, Feb 2008 Review of Blast Monitoring Report 2008, The Saros 	. 55	April 2007 to April 2010 No blasts between April 2007 and April 2010 exceeded the ground vibration (ppv) criteria of 5mm/sec at any of the fixed monitor locations at Gumbaleh, Hillgrove or Coniston residences or the breeding areas on Lake Cowal.
L7.4	Ground vibration peak particle velocity from the blasting operations at the premises when measured at the locations defined in condition M7.1 must not exceed 5 mm/sec for more than five per cent of the total number of blasts over each reporting period. Error margins associated with any monitoring equipment used to measure this are not to be taken into account in determining whether or not the limit has been exceeded.	Group, Jan 2009 Review of Blast Monitoring Report 2009, The Saros Group, Jan 2010 Review of Blast Monitoring Report, The Saros Group, Feb 2011	Yes	May 2010 to April 2011 No blasts between May 2010 and April 2011 exceeded the ground vibration (ppv) criteria of 5mm/sec at any of the fixed monitor locations.
L8	Potentially Offensive Odour			
L8.1	No condition of this licence identifies a potentially offensive odour for the purposes of section 129 of the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.		Yes	No odour complaints have been received in relation to the operation of the process plant.
Operating co	onditions			
01	Activities must be carried out in a competent manner			
01.1	Licensed activities must be carried out in a competent manner. This includes: (a) the processing, handling, movement and storage of materials and substances used to carry out the activity; and (b) the treatment, storage, processing, reprocessing, transport and disposal of waste generated by the		Noted	
	activity.			
O2	Maintenance of plant and equipment			
O2.1	All plant and equipment installed at the premises or used in connection with the licensed activity: (a) must be maintained in a proper and efficient condition; and		Noted	April 2007 to April 2010 All equipment used for the mining is maintained by CGP in the onsite Maintenance Workshops with noise emissions and vehicle emission controlled to

aem	C	Cowa	l Gold Project In	dependent Environmental Audit – April 2011
	(b) must be operated in a proper and efficient manner.		-	meet the vehicle and equipment specifications.
				All blast monitoring equipment undergoes maintenance and annual calibration by the Saros Group.
				Calibration of the meteorological station equipment occurs quarterly by Sentinel Pty Ltd.
				May 2010 to April 2011
				Blast monitoring equipment undergoes maintenance and annual calibration in February/March by the Saros Group.
				Calibration of the meteorological station equipment occurs quarterly by Sentinel Pty Ltd.
	All persons associated with the licensee including employees, agents' licensee, contractors and subcontractors must be advised of their responsibilities	Barrick Induction Training package Training Course Register for Barrick personnel – 2005	Yes	Training of Barrick personnel in the responsibilities and liabilities under the POEO Act is conducted annually.
	and liabilities under the Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997.	Training Course Summary for Barrick CGP – 22 Jun 2006		April 2010 to April 2011
O2.2		Environmental Awareness Handbook, CGP, Barrick Oil and Chemical Spill Response Awareness Handbook, CGP, Barrick		Induction and the Environmental Awareness Handbook and Oil and Chemical Spill Response Awareness Handbook prepared by the CGP have been provide to all new personnel during the May 2010 to April 2011 period.
Bunding Re	quirements			
O3.1	All above ground storage facilities containing flammable and combustible liquids must be bunded in accordance with Australian Standard AS1940:2004.	Plate 12: AST placed on the concrete pad in the contractor's yard, to contain any spillage of fuel.	Yes	All waste is managed by J J Richards in the waste storage area near the main workshop area. The waste management area segregates waste for collection and disposal or recycling. Under the contract for total waste management services with Richards, Theiss Services have been subcontracted to remove hydrocarbon contaminated materials from site and Southern Oil remove waste oil stored in a bunded AST. The aboveground diesel storage facility in the contractor's area is a double skinned tank constructed to AS1692 required to be placed on a
		The second secon		concrete containment area with a sump (completed in May 2009) to reduce potential for spillage of fuel to the ground during filling and vehicle refuelling. All above ground storage tanks for flammable or combustible were audited in 2009 and the status of
				bunding and general storage, assessed against AS1940 demonstrated compliance with the standard.
Waste Rock	Emplacements, Tailings Facilities and Water Storage Fa	acilities		
O4.1	The waste rock emplacement areas and the perimeter		Yes	May 2010 to April 2011

	waste emplacement must be located on a base drainage control zone with a minimum slope towards the open pit of 1 (vertical 1:200 (horizontal) and be designed to ensure all seepage from beneath the waste rock emplacement areas and the perimeter waste emplacement is directed towards the open pit.			Any seepage from the northern and southern waste emplacement areas is directed to the internal 'dirty' water storage ponds. All waste emplacement areas have been designed to ensure that runoff and seepage is directed and collected in the site water management ponds for reuse in the process plant or onsite for dust control.
O4.2	The tailings storage facilities and contained water storage facilities must have a basal barrier or impermeable liner with an equivalent permeability of 1x10 ⁻⁹ metres per second over a thickness of 1 metre.	 Permeability Test Report for Northern Tailings Storage Facility, URS 24 Nov 2004 Permeability Test Report for Southern Tailings Storage Facility, URS 11 Jan 2006 Northern Tailings Storage Facility 2008 Surveillance Report, URS, Mar 2008 Letter from Dam Safety Committee re STSF, Feb 2009 	Yes	April 2007 to April 2011 A Surveillance Report was produced by URS in 2008 for the NTSF, prepared in accordance with the Dams Safety Committee requirements for the High C category TSF. The report concluded that the NTSF performed in accordance with the design expectations during the Stage 1 filling. The Construction Report for the Stage 2 lifts of the STSF and NTSF were submitted to the NSW Dam Safety Committee (DSC) and the DSC provided a response in January 2009 advising that the review satisfies the Committee's requirements. The NTSF and STSF continue to be assessed by Dr Neil Matte of URS to satisfy the requirements of the DSC.
O5	Dust			
O5.1	Activities occurring in or on the premises must be carried out in a manner that will minimise the generation, or emission from the premises, of wind-blown or traffic generated dust.		Noted	Dust generation is managed with the use of water carts (3) that are continually used on the roads and disturbed areas of the site.
5	Monitoring and recording conditions			
M1.1	The results of any monitoring required to be conducted by this licence or a load calculation protocol must be recorded and retained as set out in this condition.	Environmental Management File 5.09 - Monitoring	Noted	
M1.2	All records required to be kept by this licence must be: (a) in a legible form, or in a form that can readily be reduced to a legible form; (b) kept for at least 4 years after the monitoring or event to which they relate took place; and (c) produced in a legible form to any authorised officer of the EPA who asks to see them.	 Environmental Management File 5.09 - Monitoring MR5 database 	Yes	May 2010 to April 2011 All monitoring data collected by CGP is entered into the Barrick database system where the data is retained for reporting and filing. This system also generates quarterly reports required within Barrick and monitoring reports for the DECC, DoP and DII.
M1.3	The following records must be kept in respect of any samples required to be collected for this licence: (a) the date(s) on which the sample was taken; (b) the time(s) at which the sample was collected; (c) the point at which the sample was taken; and (d) the name of the person who collected the sample.	MP-5 database	Yes	May 2010 to April 2011 All monitoring data collected by CGP to meet the requirements of the EPL is entered into the Barrick computerised database and includes all information required by this condition.



M2	Requirement to monitor concentration of pollutants di	scharged		
M2.1	For each monitoring/discharge point or utilisation area specified (by a point number), the licensee must monitor (by sampling and obtaining results by analysis) the concentration of each pollutant specified in Column 1. The licensee must use the sampling method, units of measure, and sample at the frequency, specified opposite in the other columns. For the purposes of the table(s) above Special Frequency 1 means the collection of samples weekly and following rainfall events of 20mm or greater in a 24 hour period.	Monthly Weather Station Reports, May 2008 to Mar 2009, Sentinel Pty Ltd Monthly Weather Reports, May 2010 to Mar 2011, Sentinel Pty Ltd	Yes	May 2010 to April 2011 All monitoring conducted is in compliance with the requirements of the EPL where practicable including Lake Cowal. Surface water monitoring of sites occurred following EPL trigger (i.e. >20mm rainfall/24hrs) for the surface water monitoring program occurred on 8 occasions during 2010 and 4 occasions between January and March 2011: 14/02/2010 55mm; 5/03/2010 25.6mm; 7/04/2010 26.6mm; 14/07/2010 27.4mm;
	For the purposes of the table(s) Special Frequency 2 means the collection of samples once per month prior to the waste being disposed within the waste rock emplacements.			15/09/2010 26mm; 16/10/2010 28.2mm; 1/12/2010 55.4mm; 27/12/2010 23.4mm 3/02/2011 56mm; 22/02/2011 20.80mm; 11/03/2011 46.2mm; 22/03/2011 51.8mm
М3	Testing methods - concentration limits			
M3.1	Monitoring for the concentration of a pollutant emitted to the air required to be conducted by this licence must be done in accordance with: (a) any methodology which is required by or under the Act to be used for the testing of the concentration of the pollutant; or (b) if no such requirement is imposed by or under the Act, any methodology which a condition of this licence requires to be used for that testing; or (c) if no such requirement is imposed by or under the Act or by a condition of this licence, any methodology approved in writing by the EPA for the purposes of testing prior to the testing taking place.		Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 Analysis of dust deposition samples is carried out by Australian Laboratory Services (ALS), a NATA registered laboratory, for analysis of all the parameters required to be tested by the CGP to meet regulatory requirements. Ecowise Environmental Pty Ltd were contracted to supply a high volume air sampler and conduct the analysis for the TSP, total aluminium, copper and zinc from the HVAS for the CGP. May 2010 to April 2011 Dr Stephen Cattle of University of Sydney has been commissioned to report on the mass and elemental composition of the dust from the CGP monitoring. The results of the monitoring and dust analysis program are reported in the AEMR and Annual Report.
M3.2	Subject to any express provision to the contrary in this licence, monitoring for the concentration of a pollutant discharged to waters or applied to a utilisation area must be done in accordance with the Approved Methods Publication unless another method has been approved by the EPA before any tests are conducted.		Yes	Analysis of water samples collected by CGP is conducted by Australian Laboratory Services (ALS), a NATA registered laboratory using approved methods for analysis of the parameters required to be tested by the CGP to meet regulatory requirements.



M4	Recording of pollution complaints			
M4.1	The licensee must keep a legible record of all complaints made to the licensee or any employee or agent of the licensee in relation to pollution arising from any activity to which this licence applies.		Yes	A complaints register, including responses to complainants, is maintained by Barrick in accordance with the condition. A summary of the complaints is provided in the AEMR and the EPL Annual Environment Report.
M4.2	The record must include details of the following: (a) the date and time of the complaint; (b) the method by which the complaint was made; (c) any personal details of the complainant which were provided by the complainant or, if no such details were provided, a note to that effect; (d) the nature of the complaint; (e) the action taken by the licensee in relation to the complaint, including any follow-up contact with the complainant; and (f) if no action was taken by the licensee, the reasons	 Letter to DoP, DECC, CEMCC, and DPI (Minerals) re Complaints Register, 10 Jul 2007 and Jan 2008 Letter to DoP, DPI, DECC, BSC and CEMCC re Complaints Register, Jul 2008 Jan 2009 Letter to DoP, DPI, DECC, BSC and CEMCC re Complaints Register, Jul 2009 and Jan 2010 	Yes	Complaints are recorded in the CGP Complaints register and include information in accordance with each of the requirements of this condition. A summary of the Complaints is submitted to the relevant authorities each 6 months and a full summary included in the AEMR each year.
M4.3	why no action was taken. The record of a complaint must be kept for at least 4 years after the complaint was made.		Yes	All complaints received by Barrick are retained on the site computer system Complaints Register.
M4.4	The record must be produced to any authorised officer of the EPA who asks to see them.		Noted	
Telephone of	complaints line			1
M5.1	The licensee must operate during its operating hours a telephone complaints line for the purpose of receiving any complaints from members of the public in relation to activities conducted at the premises or by the vehicle or mobile plant, unless otherwise specified in the licence.		Yes	The complaints and concerns telephone line (02 6975 3454) was established on 9 December 2003.
M5.2	The licensee must notify the public of the complaints line telephone number and the fact that it is a complaints line so that the impacted community knows how to make a complaint.		Yes	The complaints line is advertised in the West Wyalong Advocate on a regular basis.
	Conditions M5.1 and M5.2 do not apply until 3 months after:		Noted	
M5.3	 (a) the date of the issue of this licence or (b) if this licence is a replacement licence within the meaning of the Protection of the Environment Operations (Savings and Transitional) Regulation 1998, the date on which a copy of the licence was served on the licensee under clause 10 of that regulation. 			

MZ	Blocking monitoring			1
M7	Blasting monitoring			Diget manitors were installed at the approximate
M7.1	To determine compliance with condition(s) L7.1, L7.2, L7.3 and L7.4: (a) Airblast overpressure and ground vibration levels must be measured at blast monitoring locations labeled as "BM01, BM02, BM03, BM04 and BM05 identified in Figure 2, 'Blast Monitoring Locations of the proposed addendum to the Cowal Gold Project Blast Management Plan, received 12/2/2009 and on DECCW file FIL07/2610-05 - for all blasts carried out in or on the premises; and (b) Instrumentation used to measure the airblast overpressure and ground vibration levels must meet the requirements of Australian Standard AS 2187.2-2006.	 Blast Management Plan August 2003 Review of Blast Monitoring Results 2007, The Saros Group, Feb 2008 Review of Blast Monitoring Report 2008, The Saros Group, Jan 2009 Review of Blast Monitoring Report 2009, The Saros Group, Jan 2010 	Yes	Blast monitors were installed at the approved locations for the measurement of air-blast overpressure and ground vibration levels in accordance with the Blast Management Plan.
M8	Requirement to monitor weather			
M9.1	For each monitoring point specified in the table below, the licensee must monitor (by sampling and obtaining results by analysis) the parameters specified in Column 1. The licensee must use the sampling method, units of measure, averaging period and sample at the frequency.	Barrick Gold Lake Cowal Weather Station Report, Hydrodata, 7 Jun 2006 Download/Calibration of the Automatic Weather Station, Sentinel April 2007 to Jan 2010 Cowal Calibration Report, Sentinel Pty Ltd, 21 Feb 2011 Monthly Weather Station Reports – Jan 2010 to Mar 2011, Sentinel Pty Ltd	Yes	May 2010 to April 2011 The meteorological station installed at the CGP site is located in accordance with the Blast Management Plan and provides continuous 15-minute data for each parameter that is downloaded daily to the CGP computer system. The meteorological station is checked for calibration 3 monthly by Sentinel Pty Ltd and a monthly summary report of the data is provided to CGP by Sentinel.
R1	Annual return documents			
R1.1	What documents must an Annual Return contain? The licensee must complete and supply to the EPA an Annual Return in the approved form comprising: (a) a Statement of Compliance; and	 Annual Return to DECC, 23 Dec 2006 to 22 Dec 2007, submitted 21 Feb 2008 Annual Return to DECC, 23 Dec 2007 to 22 Dec 2008, submitted 19 Feb 2009 	Yes	April 2007 to April 2010 The Annual Returns have been prepared in the approved form by CGP and submitted to the DECCW in accordance with this condition. May 2010 to April 2011
	(b) a Monitoring and Complaints Summary. Before the end of each reporting period, the EPA will provide to the licensee a copy of the form that must be completed and returned to the EPA.	 Annual Return to DECCW, 23 Dec 2008 to 22 Dec 2009, submitted 17 February 2010 Annual Return to DECCW, 23 Dec 2009 to 22 Dec 2010, submitted February 2011 		The EPL Annual Return for 2010 was submitted to the DECCW complete with the monitoring and complaints summary.
R1.2	Period covered by Annual Return An Annual Return must be prepared in respect of each reporting period, except as provided below. Note: The term "reporting period" is defined in the dictionary at the end of this licence. Do not complete the Annual Return until after the end of the reporting period.	 Annual Return to DECCW, 23 Dec 2008 to 22 Dec 2009, submitted 17 February 2010 Annual Return to DECCW, 23 Dec 2009 to 22 Dec 2010, submitted February 2011 	Yes	May 2010 to April 2011 The Annual Return for 23 December 2009 to 22 December 2010 was submitted to the DECCW complete with the monitoring and complaints summary, in accordance with EPL condition R1.2.

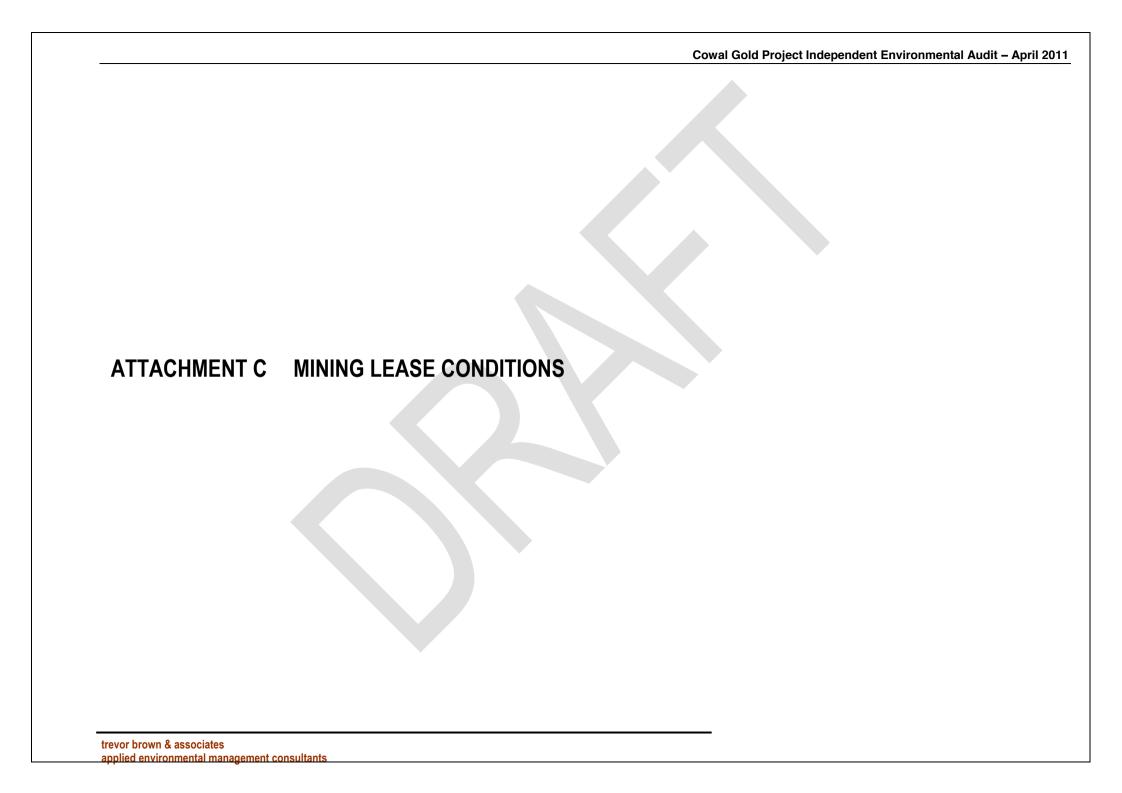


	Deadline for Annual Return	Annual Return to DECCW, 23 Dec 2008 to 22 Dec	Yes	May 2010 to April 2011		
R1.5	The Annual Return for the reporting period must be supplied to the EPA by registered post not later than 60 days after the end of each reporting period or in the case of a transferring licence not later than 60 days after the date the transfer was granted (the 'due date').	 2009, submitted 17 February 2010 Annual Return to DECCW, 23 Dec 2009 to 22 Dec 2010, submitted February 2011 		The Annual Returns for the CGP for the period 23 December 2009 to 22 December 2010 was submitted to the DECCW in accordance with the requirement of EPL condition R1.5.		
R1.7	Licensee must retain copy of Annual Return The licensee must retain a copy of the Annual Return supplied to the EPA for a period of at least 4 years after the Annual Return was supplied to the EPA.	 Annual Return to DECCW, 23 Dec 2008 to 22 Dec 2009, submitted 17 February 2010 Annual Return to DECCW, 23 Dec 2009 to 22 Dec 2010, submitted February 2011 	Yes	May 2010 to April 2011 A copy of the 2010 Annual Return is retained within the Barrick document system in the DECCW-EPA/OEH file.		
R1.8	Certifying of Statement of Compliance and Signing of Monitoring and Complaints Summary Within the Annual Return, the Statement of Compliance must be certified and the Monitoring and Complaints Summary must be signed by: (a) the licence holder; or (b) by a person approved in writing by the EPA to sign on behalf of the licence holder.	 Annual Return to DECCW, 23 Dec 2008 to 22 Dec 2009, submitted 17 February 20102010 Annual Return to DECCW, 23 Dec 2009 to 22 Dec 2010, submitted February 2011 	Yes	May 2010 to April 2011 The 2010 Annual Returns was completed and certified by senior Barrick Managers as required by EPL R.18.		
Notification	of environmental harm					
R2.1	Note: The licensee or its employees must notify the EPA of incidents causing or threatening material harm to the environment as soon as practicable after the person becomes aware of the incident in accordance with Part 5.7 of the Act. Notifications must be made by telephoning the EPA's Pollution Line service on 131 555.	 Annual Return to DECC, 23 Dec 2006 to 22 Dec 2007, submitted 21 Feb 2008 Annual Return to DECC, 23 Dec 2007 to 22 Dec 2008, submitted 19 Feb 2009 Annual Return to DECCW, 23 Dec 2008 to 22 Dec 2009, submitted 17 February 20102010 Annual Return to DECCW, 23 Dec 2009 to 22 Dec 2010, submitted February 2011 	Yes	April 2007 and April 2010 No notifiable incidents occurred between June April 2007 and April 2010. May 2010 to April 2011 No notifiable incidents were reported to have occurred between May 2010 and April 2011.		
R2.2	The licensee must provide written details of the notification to the EPA within 7 days of the date on which the incident occurred.	Annual Return to DECCW, 23 Dec 2009 to 22 Dec 2010, submitted February 2011	Yes	May 2010 to April 2011 No notifiable incidents were reported to have occurred between May 2010 and April 2011.		
Written report						
R3.1	Where an authorised officer of the EPA suspects on reasonable grounds that: (a) where this licence applies to premises, an event has occurred at the premises; or (b) where this licence applies to vehicles or mobile plant, an event has occurred in connection with the carrying out of the activities authorised by this licence, and the event has caused, is causing or is likely to cause material harm to the environment (whether the harm occurs on or off premises to which the licence		Noted			

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	applies), the authorised officer may request a written report of the event.			
R3.2	The licensee must make all reasonable inquiries in relation to the event and supply the report to the EPA within such time as may be specified in the request.		Noted	
	The request may require a report which includes any or all of the following information:		Noted	
	(a) the cause, time and duration of the event;			
	(b) the type, volume and concentration of every pollutant discharged as a result of the event;			
	(c) name, address, business hours telephone, number of employees or agents of the licensee, or a specified class who witnessed the event;			
R3.3	(d) the name, address and business hours telephone number of every other person (of whom the licensee is aware) who witnessed the event, unless the licensee has been unable to obtain that information after making reasonable effort;			
	(e) action taken by the licensee in relation to the event, including any follow-up contact with any complainants;			
	 (f) details of any measure taken or proposed to be taken to prevent or mitigate against a recurrence of such an event; 			
	(g) any other relevant matters.			
R3.4	The EPA may make a written request for further details in relation to any of the above matters if it is not satisfied with the report provided by the licensee. The licensee must provide such further details to the EPA within the time specified in the request.		Noted	
Reporting of b	plasting monitoring			
	The results of the blast monitoring required by condition M7.1 must be submitted to the EPA at the end of each reporting period.	 Review of Blast Monitoring Results 2007, The Saros Group, Feb 2008 Review of Blast Monitoring Report 2008, The Saros Group, Jan 2009 Review of Blast Monitoring Report 2009, The Saros Group, Jan 2010 Review of Blast Monitoring Report 2010, The Saros 	Noted	April 2007 to April 2010 The blast results did not exceed the overpressure limit of 115dB (Lin peak) or trigger the fixed location vibration monitors on any occasion during the April 2007 to April 2010 period. May 2010 to April 2011 Five blast overpressure results exceeded the 115dB (Lin peak) between May 2010 and May 2011, which is less than the 5% criteria for
		Group, Jan 2011		overpressure exceedance. No blasts exceeded the 120dB (Lin peak) criteria.
R4.2	The licensee must report any exceedence of the licence	Review of Blast Monitoring Report 2009, The Saros	Noted	May 2010 to April 2011

	blasting limits to the regional office of the EPA as soon as practicable after the exceedence becomes known to the licensee or to one of the licensee's employees or agents.	Group, Jan 2010 Review of Blast Monitoring Report 2010, The Saros Group, Jan 2011		No blasts exceeded the 120dB (Lin peak) criteria between May 2010 and April 2011.
General co	onditions			
Copy of lic	cence kept at the premises			
G1.1	A copy of this licence must be kept at the premises to which the licence applies.		Yes	A copy of the EPL is kept in the Environment Section at the Cowal Gold Project site administration offices.
G1.2	The licence must be produced to any authorised officer of the EPA who asks to see it.		Noted	
G1.3	The licence must be available for inspection by any employee or agent of the licensee working at the premises.		Noted	
Special co	onditions			
E1	Not applicable.			



ATTACHMENT C - MINING LEASE 1535

No.	ML 1535 Condition	Audit Evidence	Compliance	Comments
1	Notice to Landholders			
	The lease-holder must serve on each landholder of the land a notice in writing indicating that this lease has been granted/renewed and whether the lease includes the surface.		Not applicable	Barrick is the registered proprietor of the land on which the mining lease is located.
4	Working Equipment			
	The lease holder must ensure that at least 135 competent people are efficiently employed on the lease areaOR Expend on operations carried out on the lease in the course of prospecting or mining an amount of not less than \$2,400,000 during each year of the term of this lease.		Yes	Barrick spends more than \$2,400,000 during each year on exploration and mining on the lease.
6	Reports			
	The lease holder shall provide within a period of 28 days after each anniversary of the date this lease has effect a progress report to the satisfaction of the Director-General		Yes	Progress Report prepared for submission to DPI annually and also submits the AEMR as required under MCoA 9.2.
11	Safety			
	Operations are to be carried out in a manner that ensures safety of persons or stock in the vicinity of the operations		Yes	A safety protective fence has been constructed around all areas of mine excavation, tailing storage facilities, process plant, and the mine lease boundary to restrict entry of persons and stock.
12	Rehabilitation			
	Land disturbed must be rehabilitated to a stable and permanent form suitable for a subsequent land use acceptable to the Director-	Mining Operations Plan 2009 to 2010	Yes	Mining Operations Plan for June 2007 to June 2009 submitted to the DPI (Minerals) May 2007.
	General and in accordance with the Mining Operations Plan	Letter to DPI-Mineral re MOP 2009-2010, 31 Mar 2009		The rehabilitation activities are described in section 4 of the MOP. A summary of the rehabilitation actions is presented in the AEMR.
		Letter from DPI-Minerals re Approval of MOP, 3 April 2009 Amount to 2000 2010		A Mining Operations Plan for 2009-2010 was approved by DPI-Minerals on 31 March 2009.
		Amendment to 2009-2010 MOP, March 2010 Letter from DII re Extension of		An amendment to the 2009-2010 MOP was approved in March 2010.
		MOP to 31 March 2011, dated		May 2010 to April 2011
		23 Nov 2010 Letter from DII re MOP Jan 2011 to Sep 2012, Dated 30 Mar 2011		An extension of the 2009-2010 MOP until 31 March 2011 was granted by DII on 23 November 2010, and a MOP for January 2011 to September 2012 was submitted to DII and deemed acceptable on 30 March 2011
13	The lease holder must comply with any direction given by the Director-General regarding the stabilisation and revegetation of any mine residues, tailing or overburden dumps situated on the lease area		Noted	

14	Prevention of Soil Erosion and Pollution			
	Operations must be carried out in a manner that does not cause or aggravate air pollution, water pollution (including sedimentation) or soil contamination or erosion unless otherwise authorised by a relevant approval and in accordance with the Mining Operations Plan	Erosion and Sediment Control Management Plan, revised Dec 2009 Dust Management Plan, revised Feb 2009	Yes	The operations were observed as being undertaken in accordance with the environmental management plans, Mining Operations Plan and Addenda.
15	Transmission lines, Communication lines and Pipelines			
	Operations must not interfere with or impair the stability or efficiency of any transmission line, communications line or pipeline or other utility on the area		Yes	Relocation of Telstra cables and power lines within the ML boundary occurred during construction in the 1 st quarter of 2004.
16	Fences and gates			
	(a) Activities on the lease must not interfere with or damage fences without the prior written approval of the owner		Not applicable	Barrick is the registered proprietor of the land on which the mining lease is located.
17	Roads			
	 (a) Operations must not affect any road unless in accordance with an accepted Mining Operations Plan or with the prior approval of the Director-General (b) The lease holder must pay the local council, DLWC or the RTA the cost incurred in fixing any damage to roads caused by the operations carried out under this lease 		Yes	The external road access route to the CGP site from West Wyalong as approved in the Development Consent is complete and in use for all traffic to and from the mine site.
18	Access tracks must be kept to a minimum and be positioned so that they do not cause any unnecessary damage to the land		Noted	Access tracks within the mining lease area have been established in accordance with the mine plan development and any temporary access tracks will be rehabilitated when they are no longer required.
19	Trees and Timber			
	(c) The lease holder must not cut, destroy, ringbark or remove any timber or other vegetative cover on the lease except such as directly obstructs or prevents the carrying out of operations	Vegetation Clearance Protocol Nov 2008 Letter from DoP re Inland Greybox Woodland, 10 Aug 2007 Letter from DECC re Inland Greybox Woodland, 27 Aug 2007 Letter from DECC re Myall Woodland, 29 Aug 2007	Yes	Barrick is retaining any trees within the mining lease not in the path of the project development. Approval to remove any trees or vegetative cover within the mining lease area must be obtained from the Environmental Manager prior to removal. DECC, DPI (Minerals) and DoP accepted the implementation of the Vegetation Clearance Protocols related to the Inland Grey Box Woodland, dated 9 August 2007, and Myall Woodland dated 20 August 2007.

23	Security				
24	Mine Safety Plan				
	Prior to commencement of any construction activities on the lease area and as required by the Director-General the lease holder must prepare a Mine Safety Plan to ensure the Mine Safety General Rule 2000 is adhered to.	•	Mine Safety Plan	Yes	Mine Safety Plan was developed and submitted to the DMR.
25	Mining Rehabilitation, Environmental Management Process (MREMP) Mining Operations Plan (MOP)	•	Mining Operations Plan 2007 to Jun 2009 Mining Operations Plan 2009- 2010, dated 31 Mar 2009 Letter from DPI-Minerals re Approval of MOP, 3 Apr 2009	Yes	An annual meeting is held of the Mining, Rehabilitation and Environmental Management Process Committee (MREMP) to discuss the Annual Environmental Management Report (AEMR). The participants included DPI (Minerals), DECC, DWE, Councils, and Dam Safety Committee representatives.
	(1) Mining operations, including mining purposes, must be conducted in accordance with the MOP satisfactory to the Director-General	•	Amended to MOP Mar 2010	Yes	The Mining Operations Plan for June 2007 to June 2009 and 2009-2010 were submitted to DPI/DII and the departments advised of satisfaction of MOP.
	(9) An Initial Mining Operations Plan must be submitted prior to commencement of construction on the site	٠	Initial Mining Operations Plan Cowal Gold Project Mar 2004	Yes	The Initial Mining Operations Plan was submitted to DMR prior to commencement of construction of the mine on the CGP site.
26	Annual Environmental Management Report (AEMR)				
	(1) Within 12 of the commencement of mining operations and thereafter annually the lease holder must lodge an AEMR with the Director-General.		2007 AEMR, May 2008 2008 AEMR, Mar 2009 2009 AEMR, April 2010 Draft 2010 AEMR, April 2011	Yes	April 2007 to April 2011 The AEMR's for the CGP have been prepared in accordance with the agency Guidelines. A presentation of the AEMR has been provided to the relevant government authorities each year (refer to condition 25 above).

	,			
27	(a) Ground Vibration The lease holder must ensure that ground vibration peak particle velocity generated by any blasting within the lease area does not exceed 10mm/sec and does not exceed 5mm/sec in more than 5% of the total number of blasts over a period of 12 months at any dwelling or occupied premises, not owned by the lease holder or a related corporation, unless determined otherwise by the EPA.	Blast Management Plan 2009Review of Blast Monitoring Report 2009, The Saros Group, Jan 2010 Review of Blast Monitoring Report 2010, The Saros Group, Jan 2011	Noted	April 2007 to April 2010 The blast results did not exceed the vibration limit of 5mm/s or trigger the fixed location vibration monitors on any occasion during the April 2007 to April 2010 period. May 2010 to April 2011 The blast monitoring results did not exceed the vibration limit of 5mm/s or trigger the fixed location vibration monitors on any occasion during the May 2010 to April 2011 period
	(b) Blast Overpressure The lease holder must ensure that the blast overpressure noise level generated by any blasting within the lease area does not exceed 120dB (linear) and does not exceed 115 db(linear) in more than 5% of the total number of blasts over a period of 12 months, at any dwelling or occupied premises, not owned by the lease holder or a related corporation, unless determined otherwise by the EPA.	Blast Management Plan 2009Review of Blast Monitoring Report 2009, The Saros Group, Jan 2010 Review of Blast Monitoring Report 2010, The Saros Group, Jan 2011	Noted	April 2007 to April 2010 The blast results did not exceed the overpressure limit of 115dB (Lin peak) on any occasion during the April 2007 to April 2010 period. May 2010 to April 2011 Five blast overpressure results exceeded the 115dB (Lin peak) between May 2010 and May 2011, which is less than the 5% criteria for overpressure exceedance. No blasts exceeded the 120dB (Lin peak) criteria.
28	Use of Cyanide			
	The lease holder must not use cyanide or any solution containing cyanide for the recovery of minerals on the lease area without the prior written approval of the Minister and subject to any conditions he may stipulate.	Letter from DPI re Approval of Cyanide Use on Mining Lease 1535, Cowal Gold Mine, 17 Jan 2006	Yes	Letter of approval received from DPI in January 2006 for use of cyanide in the CGP process plant.
29	Control of Operations			
	 (a) If an Environmental Officer of the DMW believes that the lease holder is not complying with any provision of the Act or any condition of this lease relating to the working of the lease, he may direct the lease holder to: (i) cease working the lease; (ii) cease that part of the operation not complying with the Act or conditions; Until in the opinion of the Environmental Officer the situation is rectified. (c) The lease holder must comply with any written direction given. The Director-General may confirm, vary or revoke any such direction. (d) A written direction referred to in this condition may be served on the Mine Manager. 		Noted	



Groundwater Bores – Cowal Gold Project April 2011

Cowal ID	Purpose	Licence no.	Date granted	Expiry date	Lot	DP	Parish	County
Lot 23 Bore (expired)	Production	70BL228907	12-Dec-03	11-Dec-08	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
Lot 23 Bore (expired)	Production	70BL228375	13-Jan-03	12-Jan-08	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
BCPC Bore 4	Production	70BL229248	19-Dec-03	18-Dec-08	Road East Lot 91	753077	Cadalgule e	Gipps
BCPC Bore 3	Production	70BL229249	6-May-04	21-Dec-08	Road North Lot 105	753077	Cadalgule e	Gipps
BCPC Bore 2	Production	70BL229250	6-May-04	21-Dec-08	TSR 84719 (7002 ref)	753077	Cadalgule e	Gipps
BCPC Bore 1	Production	70BL229251	6-May-04	21-Dec-08	Road adj Lot 55	753089	Gibrigal	Gipps
BLRP1	Monitoring	70BL229648	15-Apr-04	Perpetuity	TSR84719 (7002 ref)	753077	Cadalgule e	Gipps
BLRP2	Monitoring	70BL229647	15-Apr-04	Perpetuity	TSR84719 (7002 ref)	753077	Cadalgule e	Gipps
BLRP3	Monitoring	70BL229649	15-April-04/ 10-Nov-94	Perpetuity	Rd Res. Adj Lot 12	753089	Gibrigal	Gipps
BLRP4	Monitoring	70BL229651	15-April-04/ 10-Nov-94	Perpetuity	Rd Res. Adj Lot 55	753089	Gibrigal	Gipps
BLRP5	Monitoring	70BL229653	15-April-04/ 10-Nov-94	Perpetuity	Rd Res. Adj Lot 68	753077	Cadalgule e	Gipps
BLRP6	Monitoring	70BL229652	15-April-04/ 10-Nov-94	Perpetuity	Rd Res. Adj Lot 66	753077	Cadalgule e	Gipps
BLRP7	Monitoring	70BL229650	15-April-04/ 10-Nov-94	Perpetuity	Rd Res. Adj Lot 18	753129	Cadalgule e	Gipps
P350	Monitoring	70BL230577	23-Mar-05	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
PPS01	Monitoring	70BL230578	23-Mar-05	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
PPS05	Monitoring	70BL230579	23-Mar-05	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
PPS06	Monitoring	70BL230580	23-Mar-05	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
RA345	Monitoring	70BL230581	23-Mar-05	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
SP02	Monitoring	70BL230582	23-Mar-05	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
PDB3A	Monitoring	70BL230583	23-Mar-05	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
F	Monitoring	70BL230586	23-Mar-05	Perpetuity	Lot 7001	1029713	Lake	Gipps
G	Monitoring	70BL230587	23-Mar-05	Perpetuity	Lot 7001	1029713	Lake	Gipps
	Monitoring	70BL230588	23-Mar-05	Perpetuity	Lot 7001	1029713	Lake	Gipps
L	Monitoring	70BL230589	23-Mar-05	Perpetuity	Lot 7001	1029713	Lake	Gipps
М	Monitoring	70BL230590	23-Mar-05	Perpetuity	Lot 7001	1029713	Lake	Gipps
PZ04	Monitoring	70BL230591	24-Mar-05	Perpetuity		753097	Lake	Gipps
PZ05	Monitoring	70BL230592	24-Mar-05	Perpetuity	-	753097	Lake	Gipps
PZ08	Monitoring	70BL230593	24-Mar-05	Perpetuity	Crown Land	753097	Lake	Gipps
PZ09	Monitoring	70BL230594	24-Mar-05	Perpetuity	North of Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
0	Monitoring	70BL230595	24-Mar-05	Perpetuity	_	753097	Lake	Gipps
TSFNA	Monitoring	70BL229727	2-Feb-04	Perpetuity	Lot 7	753083	Corringle	Gipps
TSFNB	Test	70BL230046	27-May-04	Perpetuity	Lot 7	753083	Corringle	Gipps
TSFNB	Test	70BL230301	28-Sep-04	Perpetuity	Lot 7	753083	Corringle	Gipps
TSFNB	Monitoring	70BL232569	2-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 7	753083	Corringle	Gipps
TSFNC	Test	70BL230025	28-Sep-04	Perpetuity	Lot 7	753083	Corringle	Gipps
TSFNC	Test	70BL230302	28-Sep-04	Perpetuity	Lot 7	753083	Corringle	Gipps
TSFNC	Monitoring	70BL232568	2-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 7	753083	Corringle	Gipps
PDB1A	Test	70BL229746	20-Feb-04	Perpetuity	Lot 2	530299	Lake	Gipps
PDB1A	Monitoring	70BL232565	2-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 2	530300	Lake	Gipps
PDB1B	Test	70BL232305	28-Sep-04	Perpetuity	Lot 2	530299	Lake	Gipps
PDB1B	Test	70BL230306	28-Sep-04	Perpetuity	Lot 2	530299	Lake	Gipps
PDB1B	Monitoring	70BL230500	2-Sep-04 2-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 2	530299	Lake	Gipps
PDB1C	Test	70BL230063	28-Sep-04	Perpetuity	Lot 2	530299	Lake	Gipps

Cowal ID	Purpose	Licence no.	Date granted	Expiry date	Lot	DP	Parish	County
PDB1C	Monitoring	70BL230307	28-Sep-04	Perpetuity	Lot 2	530299	Lake	Gipps
PDB2A	Monitoring	70BL229655	15-Apr-04	Perpetuity	Former Game Reserve		Lake	Gipps
PDB2B	Monitoring	70BL232581-2	3-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 2	753084	Lake	Gipps
	Monitoring	70BL229756	20-Feb-04	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
PDB3B	Test	70BL230304	28-Sep-04	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
PDB3B	Monitoring	70BL232572	02-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
PDB4B	Monitoring	70BL229759	20-Feb-04	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
PDB4B	Monitoring	70BL232573	02-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
	Test	70BL228999	6-Feb-03	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
	Test	70BL229000	6-Feb-03	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
PDB4A	Test / Monitoring	70BL229001	6-Feb-03	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
PDB4B	Test	70BL230024	28-Sep-04	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
PDB4B	Test	70BL230303	28-Sep-04	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
PDB5 A	Monitoring	70BL229747	20-Feb-04	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PDB5 A	Test	70BL231088	6-Mar-06	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PDB5 A	Test	70BL231089	6-Mar-06	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PDB5B	Monitoring	70BL230584	23-Mar-05	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PDB5 B	Test	70BL230305	28-Sep-04	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PDB5 B	Test	70BL230045	28-Sep-04	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
MON001A	Test	70BL230299	28-Sep-04	Perpetuity	Lot 7	753083	Corringle	Gipps
MON001A	Test	70BL230064	27-Jul-04	Perpetuity	Lot 7	753083	Corringle	Gipps
MON001B	Test	70BL230058	27-Jul-04	Perpetuity	Lot 7	753083	Corringle	Gipps
MON001B	Test	70BL230300	28-Sep-04	Perpetuity	Lot 7	753083	Corringle	Gipps
MON002A	Test	70BL230308	28-Sep-04	Perpetuity	Lot 107	1059150	Corringle	Gipps
MON002A	Test	70BL230050	28-Sep-04	Perpetuity	Lot 107	1059150	Corringle	Gipps
MON002A	Monitoring	70BL232578	02-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 107	1059150	Corringle	Gipps
MON002B	Test	70BL230038	28-Sep-04	Perpetuity	Lot 107	1059150	Corringle	Gipps
MON002B	Test	70BL230309	28-Sep-04	Perpetuity	Lot 107	1059150	Corringle	Gipps
MON002B	Monitoring	70BL230579	02-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 107	1059150	Corringle	Gipps
P415B	Monitoring	70BL229725	02-Feb-04/ 19- May-95	Perpetuity	Lot 23		Lake	Gipps
P415A	Monitoring	70BL229726	02-Feb-04/ 19- May-95	Perpetuity	Lot 23	530299	Lake	Gipps
P561A	Monitoring	70BL226558	10-Jul-97	Perpetuity	Lot 12	753083	Corringle	Gipps
P561B	Monitoring	70BL226558	10-Jul-97	Perpetuity	Lot 12	753083	Corringle	Gipps
P560A (decomm)	Monitoring	70BL226558	10-Jul-97	Perpetuity	Lot 12	753083	Corringle	Gipps
P560B (decomm)	Monitoring	70BL226558	10-Jul-97	Perpetuity	Lot 12	753083	Corringle	Gipps
P554A (decomm)	Monitoring	70BL229640	15-April-04/ 10-July -97	Perpetuity	Closed Road	753083	Corringle	Gipps
P554B (decomm)	Monitoring	70BL229639	15-April-04/ 10-July -97	Perpetuity	Within Lot 44	753083	Corringle	Gipps
P557A (decomm)	Monitoring	70BL226558	10-Jul-97	Perpetuity	Lot 3	753083	Corringle	Gipps
P557B (decomm)	Monitoring	70BL226558	10-Jul-97	Perpetuity	Lot 3	753083	Corringle	Gipps
P559	Monitoring	70BL226558	10-Jul-97	Perpetuity	Lot 9	753083	Corringle	Gipps
P556A (decomm)	Monitoring	70BL226558	10-Jul-97	Perpetuity	Lot 9	753083	Corringle	Gipps
P556B (decomm)	Monitoring	70BL226558	10-Jul-97	Perpetuity	Lot 9	753083	Corringle	Gipps
P558	Monitoring	70BL226558	10-Jul-97	Perpetuity	Lot 9	753083	Corringle	Gipps
P555A	Monitoring	70BL226558	10-Jul-97	Perpetuity	Lot 3	753083	Corringle	Gipps

Cowal ID	Purpose	Licence no.	Date granted	Expiry date	Lot	DP	Parish	County
P555B	Monitoring	70BL226558	10-Jul-97	Perpetuity	Lot 3	753083	Corringle	Gipps
D323	Monitoring	70BL229654	15-Apr-04	Perpetuity			Lake	Gipps
P321	Monitoring	70BL229642	15-Apr-04	Perpetuity		1029713	Lake	Gipps
P318	Monitoring	70BL229643	15-Apr-04	Perpetuity	Closed TSR	1029713	Lake	Gipps
P322	Monitoring	70BL229644	15-Apr-04	Perpetuity	17085 (7001	1029713	Lake	Gipps
P330	Monitoring	70BL229645	15-Apr-04	Perpetuity	ref)	1029713	Lake	Gipps
P320	Monitoring	70BL229646	15-Apr-04	Perpetuity		1029713	Lake	Gipps
P331	Monitoring	70BL229641	15-Apr-04	Perpetuity		1029713	Lake	Gipps
PBP1	Test	70BL230374	19-Nov-04	Perpetuity	Lot 2	530299	Lake	Gipps
PBP1	Monitoring	70BL232566	02-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 2	530299	Lake	Gipps
PBP2	Test	70BL230381	19-Nov-04	Perpetuity	Lot 2	530299	Lake	Gipps
PBP3	Test	70BL230375	19-Nov-04	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
PBP3	Monitoring	70BL232571	02-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
PBP5	Test	70BL230376	19-Nov-04	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PBP5	Monitoring	70BL230585	02-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PBP4	Test	70BL230377	19-Nov-04	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PBP4	Monitoring	70BL232574	02-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
P555C	Test	70BL230378	19-Nov-04	Perpetuity	Lot 105	1059150	Corringle	Gipps
P555C	Monitoring	70BL232564	02-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 105	1059150	Corringle	Gipps
P558A	Test	70BL230379	19-Nov-04	Perpetuity	Lot 104	1059150	Corringle	Gipps
P558A	Monitoring	70BL232575	02-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 104	1059150	Corringle	Gipps
P412C	Monitoring	70BL230380	19-Nov-04	Perpetuity	Lot 7	753083	Corringle	Gipps
P412C	Monitoring	70BL232570	2-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 7	753083	Corringle	Gipps
P558B	Test	70BL230383	19-Nov-04	Perpetuity	Lot 104	1059150	Corringle	Gipps
P558B	Monitoring	70BL232576	02-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 104	1059150	Corringle	Gipps
P555D	Test	70BL230384	19-Nov-04	Perpetuity	Lot 105	1059150	Corringle	Gipps
P555D	Monitoring	70BL232577	02-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 105	1059150	Corringle	Gipps
P413A (destroyed)	Monitoring	70BL226125	19-May-95	Perpetuity	Lot 11	753097	Corringle	Gipps
P413B (destroyed)	Monitoring	70BL226125	19-May-95	Perpetuity	Lot 11	753077	Corringle	Gipps
P418A	Test	70BL226125	19-May-95	Perpetuity	Lot 11	753077	Corringle	Gipps
P418A	Monitoring			Perpetuity	Lot 11	753077	Corringle	Gipps
P418B	Test	70BL226125	19-May-95	Perpetuity	Lot 11	753077	Corringle	Gipps
P418B	Monitoring			Perpetuity	Lot 11	753077	Corringle	Gipps
P410A	Monitoring	70BL226125	19-May-95	Perpetuity	Lot 12	753077	Corringle	Gipps
P410B	Monitoring	70BL226125	19-May-95	Perpetuity	Lot 12	753077	Corringle	Gipps
P412B (expired)	Test	70BL226125	19-May-95	Perpetuity	Lot 3	753089	Corringle	Gipps
P416A (expired)	Test	70BL226125	19-May-95	Perpetuity	Lot 3	530299	Corringle	Gipps
P416B (expired)	Test	70BL226125	19-May-95	Perpetuity	Lot 3	530299	Corringle	Gipps
P414 (expired)	Test	70BL226125	19-May-95	Perpetuity	Lot 3	753083	Corringle	Gipps
P414B (expired)	Test	70BL226125	19-May-95	Perpetuity	Lot 3	530299	Corringle	Gipps
Expired	Monitoring	70BL226125	19-May-95	Perpetuity	Lot 3	530299	Corringle	Gipps
Expired	Monitoring	70BL226125	19-May-95	Perpetuity	Lot 7	753097	Corringle	Gipps
Expired	Monitoring	70BL226125	19-May-95	Perpetuity	Lot 7	753097	Corringle	Gipps
Expired	Monitoring	70BL226125	19-May-95	Perpetuity	Lot 7	753097	Corringle	Gipps
Expired	Monitoring	70BL226125	19-May-95	Perpetuity	Lot 7	753083	Corringle	Gipps
RA341	Monitoring	70BL229748	20-Feb-04	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
RA342	Monitoring	70BL229749	20-Feb-04	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
RA344	Monitoring	70BL229750	20-Feb-04	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
RA346	Monitoring	70BL229751	20-Feb-04	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps

Cowal ID	Purpose	Licence no.	Date granted	Expiry date	Lot	DP	Parish	County
RA347	Monitoring	70BL229752	20-Feb-04	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
RA348	Monitoring	70BL229753	20-Feb-04	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
RA349	Monitoring	70BL229754	20-Feb-04	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
RA350	Monitoring	70BL229755	20-Feb-04	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
D325	Monitoring	70BL229757	20-Feb-04	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
D326	Monitoring	70BL229758	20-Feb-04	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
P417A	Monitoring	70BL229637	15-April-04/ 19-May-95	Perpetuity	On Road Reserve inside Lot 44	753083	Corringle	Gipps
P417B	Monitoring	70BL229638	15-April-04/ 19-May-95	Perpetuity	On Road Reserve inside Lot 44	753083	Corringle	Gipps
	Monitoring	70BL153673	21-Dec-93	Perpetuity	Portion 23		Corringle	Gipps
	Monitoring	70BL153674	21-Dec-93	Perpetuity	TSR 36256		Cadalgule	Gipps
	Monitoring	70BL231969		Perpetuity	Adj Lot 55	753083	е	
				. ,	Lot 64 / Adj Lot			
South ML	Monitoring	70BL231970	11-May-07	Perpetuity	64	753084	Corringle	Gipps
South ML	Monitoring	70BL231971	11-May-07	Perpetuity	Lot 38	39733	Corringle	Gipps
South ML	Monitoring	70BL231972	11-May-07	Perpetuity	Lot 3	753084	Corringle	Gipps
	Monitoring	70BL231973		Perpetuity	Adj Lot 65	39733		
	Monitoring	70BL231974		Perpetuity	Adj Lot 66	753084		
	Monitoring	70BL231975		Perpetuity	Lot 55	753083		
	Monitoring	70BL231976		Perpetuity	Lot 55	753083		
Expired	Dewatering (test)	70BL230110	1-Jul-04	Perpetuity	Former Game Reserve		Lake	Gipps
Expired	Dewatering (test)	70BL230116	2-Jul-04	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
Expired	Dewatering (test)	70BL230117	2-Jul-04	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
Expired	Dewatering (test)	70BL230118	2-Jul-04	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
Expired	Dewatering (test)	70BL230119	2-Jul-04	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
Expired	Dewatering (test)	70BL230115	2-Jul-04	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
Expired	Dewatering (test)	70BL230097	2-Jul-04	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
Expired	Dewatering (test)	70BL230095	1-Jul-04	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
Expired	Dewatering (test)	70BL230093	1-Jul-04	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
Expired	Dewatering (test)	70BL230092	1-Jul-04	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
Expired	Dewatering (test)	70BL230091	1-Jul-04	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
Expired	Dewatering (test)	70BL230100	1-Jul-04	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
Expired	Dewatering (test)	70BL230099	1-Jul-04	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
Expired	Dewatering (test)	70BL230096	1-Jul-04	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
Expired	Dewatering (test)	70BL230105	2-Jul-04	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps

Cowal ID	Purpose	Licence no.	Date granted	Expiry date	Lot	DP	Parish	County
Expired	Dewatering (test)	70BL230103	2-Jul-04	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
Expired	Dewatering (test)	70BL230098	2-Jul-04	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
Expired	Dewatering (test)	70BL230109	2-Jul-04	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
Expired	Dewatering (test)	70BL230101	1-Jul-04	Perpetuity	Closed TSR 17085		Lake	Gipps
Expired	Dewatering (test)	70BL230102	1-Jul-04	Perpetuity	Closed TSR 17085		Lake	Gipps
Expired	Dewatering (test)	70BL230104	1-Jul-04	Perpetuity	Closed TSR 17085		Lake	Gipps
Expired	Dewatering (test)	70BL230108	1-Jul-04	Perpetuity			Lake	Gipps
Expired	Dewatering (test)	70BL230106	1-Jul-04	Perpetuity	Former Game Reserve		Lake	Gipps
Expired	Dewatering (test)	70BL230113	1-Jul-04	Perpetuity			Lake	Gipps
Expired	Dewatering (test)	70BL230111	2-Jul-04	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
Expired	Dewatering (test)	70BL230112	2-Jul-04	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
Expired	Dewatering (test)	70BL230114	2-Jul-04	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
Expired	Dewatering (test)	70BL230094	2-Jul-04	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
Expired	Dewatering (test)	70BL230090	2-Jul-04	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
Expired	Dewatering (test)	70BL230107	2-Jul-04	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
Е	Test	70BL231071	6-Mar-06	Perpetuity	Lot 7001	1029713	Lake	Gipps
F	Test	70BL231072	6-Mar-06	Perpetuity	Lot 7001	1029713	Lake	Gipps
7 Test	Test	70BL231073	6-Mar-06	Perpetuity		753097	Lake	Gipps
11 Test	Test	70BL231074	6-Mar-06	Perpetuity		753097	Lake	Gipps
6 Test	Test	70BL231075	6-Mar-06	Perpetuity	Crown Land	753097	Lake	Gipps
H Test	Test	70BL231076	6-Mar-06	Perpetuity	North of Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
G Test	Test	70BL231077	6-Mar-06	Perpetuity		753097	Lake	Gipps
A Test	Test	70BL231078	6-Mar-06	Perpetuity		753097	Lake	Gipps
D	Test	70BL231080	6-Mar-06	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
С	Test	70BL231081	6-Mar-06	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
В	Test	70BL231082	6-Mar-06	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
K	Test	70BL231083	6-Mar-06	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
	Test	70BL231084	6-Mar-06	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
J	Test	70BL231085	6-Mar-06	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
No 4	Test	70BL231086	6-Mar-06	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
No 5	Test	70BL231000 70BL231087	6-Mar-06	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
			+	<u> </u>	+			
Spare	Test	70BL231090	6-Mar-06	Perpetuity	Lot 25	753097	Lake	Gipps
Spare	Test	70BL231091	6-Mar-06	Perpetuity	Lot 25	753097	Lake	Gipps
Spare	Test	70BL231092	6-Mar-06	Perpetuity	Lot 25	753097	Lake	Gipps
Spare	Test	70BL231093	6-Mar-06	Perpetuity	Lot 25	753097	Lake	Gipps
Spare	Test	70BL231094	6-Mar-06	Perpetuity	Lot 25	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD16	Dewatering (extraction)	70BL230225	6-Jan-10	5-Jan-15	Closed TSR 17085		Lake	Gipps

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Cowal ID	Purpose	Licence no.	Date granted	Expiry date	Lot	DP	Parish	County
PD30 (PZ23) B30	Dewatering (extraction)	70BL230234	6-Jan-10	5-Jan-15	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
Expired (PD27)	Dewatering (extraction)	70BL230229	6-Jan-05	5-Jan-10	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
Expired (B26)	Dewatering (extraction)	70BL230230	6-Jan-05	5-Jan-10	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
Expired (B27)	Dewatering (extraction)	70BL230231	6-Jan-05	5-Jan-10	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD20	Dewatering (extraction)	70BL230219	6-Jan-10	5-Jan-15	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD23	Dewatering (extraction)	70BL230232	6-Jan-10	5-Jan-15	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD24	Dewatering (extraction)	70BL230233	6-Jan-10	5-Jan-15	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD5	Dewatering (extraction)	70BL230211	6-Jan-10	5-Jan-15	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD6	Dewatering (extraction)	70BL230212	6-Jan-10	5-Jan-15	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD7	Dewatering (extraction)	70BL230213	6-Jan-10	5-Jan-15	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD8	Dewatering (extraction)	70BL230214	6-Jan-10	5-Jan-15	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD9	Dewatering (extraction)	70BL230215	6-Jan-10	5-Jan-15	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD10	Dewatering (extraction)	70BL230216	6-Jan-10	5-Jan-15	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD21	Dewatering (extraction)	70BL230220	6-Jan-10	5-Jan-15	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD22	Dewatering (extraction)	70BL230221	6-Jan-10	5-Jan-15	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD19	Dewatering (extraction)	70BL230222	6-Jan-10	5-Jan-15	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD1	Dewatering (extraction)	70BL230206	6-Jan-10	5-Jan-15	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
B20	Dewatering (extraction)	70BL230224	6-Jan-05	5-Jan-10	Closed TSR 17085		Lake	Gipps
B19	Dewatering (extraction)	70BL230223	6-Jan-10	5-Jan-15	Closed TSR 17085		Lake	Gipps
PD18	Dewatering (extraction)	70BL230226	6-Jan-10	5-Jan-15			Lake	Gipps
PD26 (B23)	Dewatering (extraction)	70BL230227	6-Jan-10	5-Jan-15	Crown Land North of Lot 23		Lake	Gipps
PD25 (expired)	Dewatering (extraction)	70BL230228	6-Jan-05	5-Jan-10	(Former Game Reserve)		Lake	Gipps
PD17	Dewatering (extraction)	70BL230205	6-Jan-10	5-Jan-15		7301	Lake	Gipps
PD2	Dewatering (extraction)	70BL230207	6-Jan-10	5-Jan-15	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD3	Dewatering (extraction)	70BL230208	6-Jan-10	5-Jan-15	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD4	Dewatering (extraction)	70BL230209	6-Jan-10	5-Jan-15	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD14	Dewatering (extraction)	70BL230210	6-Jan-10	5-Jan-15	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps

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PD11	Dewatering (extraction)	70BL230217	6-Jan-10	5-Jan-15	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD12	Dewatering (extraction)	70BL230218	6-Jan-10	5-Jan-15	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
Lake Underground Poly Pipeline from BCPC Borefield Pipeline and Levee	Pipeline and Levee	70SL090308 (surface)	11-Jan-05	11-Jan-09	Lot 18 Lot 23 Lot 24 Lot 24 Lot 44 Lot 45 Lot 46 Lot 47 Lot 11 Lot 2 Lot 23 Lot 24 Lot 25	53097 753097 753097 754097 742918 42918 42918 42918 753083 530299 753097 793097	Crown Land Lake Cowal	Wamboyne TSR 17085
Sandy Creek Dam	Bywash Dam	70SL090680 (surface)	10-Jun-04	10-Jun-14	Lot 1, Lot 15	753084, 753097	Lake, Cowal	Gipps Gipps
Bland Creek Dam	Bywash Dam	70SL023726 (surface)	14-Jul-04	14-Jul-14	Lot 33, Lot 45	53097, 753100	Lake, Marsden	Gipps Gipps
PP01	Monitoring	70BL232327	17-Jan-08	Perpetuity	Lot 7009	1069239	Corringle	Gipps
PP02	Monitoring	70BL232329	17-Jan-08	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Corringle	Gipps
PP03	Monitoring	70BL232328	17-Jan-08	Perpetuity	Lot 7009	1069239	Corringle	Gipps
PP04 PP05	Monitoring	70BL232330	17-Jan-08	Perpetuity	Lot 7009	1069239	Corringle	Gipps
PP05 PP06	Monitoring	70BL232331 70BL232332	17-Jan-08 17-Jan-08	Perpetuity	Lot 7009	1069239 1069239	Corringle	Gipps
1535WB39	Monitoring	/ UBLZ3Z33Z	17-Jan-00	Perpetuity	Lot 7009	1009239	Corringle	Gipps
Saline floor	Test	70BL232443-TB1	12-May-08	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PZ20 1535WB31	Test	70BL232443-TB2	12-May-08	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
Saline floor 1535WB29	Test	70BL232443-TB3	12-May-08	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
Saline floor	Test	70BL232443-TB4	12-May-08	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
1535WB01 Saline floor	Test	70BL232443-TB5	12-May-08	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
1535WB12 Saline floor	Test	70BL232443-TB6	12-May-08	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
1535WB23 Saline floor	Test	70BL232442-TB1	07-May-08	Perpetuity	Lot 25	753097	Lake	Gipps
1535WB02 Saline floor	Test	70BL232442-TB2	07-May-08	Perpetuity	Lot 25	753097	Lake	Gipps
1535WB13 Saline floor	Test	70BL232442-TB3	07-May-08	Perpetuity	Lot 25	753097	Lake	Gipps
1535WB20 Saline floor	Test	70BL232442-TB4	07-May-08	Perpetuity	Lot 25	753097	Lake	Gipps
1535WB03 Saline floor	Test	70BL232442-TB5	07-May-08	Perpetuity	Lot 25	753097	Lake	Gipps
SP19	Monitoring	70BL232551-MB1	14-Aug-08	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Corringle	Gipps
SP20	Monitoring	70BL232551-MB2	14-Aug-08	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Corringle	Gipps
SP21	Monitoring	70BL232552-MB1	14-Aug-08	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Corringle	Gipps
SP22	Monitoring	70BL232552-MB2	14-Aug-08	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Corringle	Gipps
SP23	Monitoring	70BL232552-MB3	14-Aug-08	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Corringle	Gipps
SP24	Monitoring	70BL232552-MB4	14-Aug-08	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Corringle	Gipps
SP25	Monitoring	70BL232552-5	14-Aug-08	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
SP26	Monitoring	70BL232552-6	14-Aug-08	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
	Production							
1535WB01 1535WB20	(resting)	70BL232691	28-Jan-10	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
(decomm)	(decomm)	70BL232692	28-Jan-10	Perpetuity	Lot 25	753097	Lake	Gipps
PPS04	Monitoring	70BL232581-1	3-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 2	753084	Lake	Gipps
SP-1	Monitoring	70BL232583-1	03-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PZ01	Monitoring	70BL232580-1	3-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 1	1059284	Lake	Gipps
PZ10	Monitoring	70BL232580-2	4-Sep-09	Perpetuity	Lot 1	1059284	Lake	Gipps

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PZ02	Monitoring	70BL232582-1	3-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 2	753084	Lake	Gipps
PZ03	Monitoring	70BL232582-2	3-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 2	753084	Lake	Gipps
PZ06	Piezo	70BL232583-2	03-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PZ07	Piezo	70BL232583-3	03-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
CB01	Monitoring	70BL232584	03-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
PZ22 (OoW PZ1)	Piezo	70BL232757	03-Sep-09	Perpetuity	Lot 7001	1029713	Lake	Gipps
PZ11 (OoW PZ2)	Monitoring	70BL232758-MB1	03-Sep-09	Perpetuity	Crown Land adj 7001	1029712		
PZ12 (OoW PZ3)	Monitoring	70BL232758-MB2	03-Sep-09	Perpetuity	Crown Land adj 7001	1029712		
PZ13 (OoW PZ4)	Monitoring	70BL232758-MB3	03-Sep-09	Perpetuity	Crown Land adj 7001	1029712		
PZ14 (OoW PZ5)	Monitoring	70BL232759-MB1	03-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
PZ21 (OoW PZ6)	Monitoring	70BL232759-MB2	03-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD30 (OoW PZ7)	Production	70BL232759-MB3	03-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
PZ15 (OoW PZ8)	Monitoring	70BL232760-MB1	03-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PZ16 (OoW PZ9)	Monitoring	70BL232760-MB2	03-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PZ17 (OoW PZ10)	Monitoring	70BL232760-MB3	03-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PZ18 (OoW PZ11)	Monitoring	70BL232760-MB4	03-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PZ19 (OoW PZ12)	Monitoring	70BL232760-MB5	03-Sep-08	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PC01	Test	70BL233236	06-Jan-10	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PC02	Test	70BL233237	06-Jan-10	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PC03	Test	70BL233238	06-Jan-10	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PC04 PC05	Test	70BL233239 70BL233240	06-Jan-10 06-Jan-10	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097 753097	Lake	Gipps
PC05 PC06	Test Test	70BL233240 70BL233241	06-Jan-10	Perpetuity Perpetuity	Lot 24 Lot 24	753097	Lake Lake	Gipps Gipps
PC07	Test	70BL233241 70BL233242	06-Jan-10	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
							1 1	
PC08	Test	70BL233243	06-Jan-10	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PC09	Test	70BL233244	06-Jan-10	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PC10	Test	70BL233245	06-Jan-10	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
DuffPZ001	Monitoring	70BL232972-P1	18-Sep-09	Perpetuity	Lot 15	573129		
DuffPZ002	Monitoring	70BL232972-P2	18-Sep-09	Perpetuity	Lot 15	573129		
DuffPZ003	Monitoring	70BL232972-P3	18-Sep-09	Perpetuity	Lot 15	573129		
DuffPZ004	Monitoring	70BL232972-P4	18-Sep-09	Perpetuity	Lot 15	573129		
DuffPZ005	Monitoring	70BL232972-P5	18-Sep-09	Perpetuity	Lot 15	573129		
SB-01	Test	70BL233057		Perpetuity	Lot 15	573129		
SB-02	Test	70BL233058		Perpetuity	Lot 15	573129		
Spare	Test	70BL233059		Perpetuity	Lot 15	573129		
Spare	Test	70BL233060		Perpetuity	Lot 15	573129		
1535WB39	Production (resting)			Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
1535WB13	Monitoring			Perpetuity	Lot 25	753097	Lake	Gipps
1535WB12	Monitoring			Perpetuity	Lot 24 Lot 15	753097 573129	Lake	Gipps
OuffL15TB01	Test			Perpetuity			+ +	
OuffL15TB02	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 15	573129	+ +	
OuffL15TB03	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 15 Lot 15	573129 573129	+	
DuffL15TB04	Test			Perpetuity			ļ .	
OuffL15TB05	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 15	573129	ļ <u>l</u>	
OuffL15TB06	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 15	573129	ļ	
OuffL15TB07	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 15	573129		
DuffL15TB08	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 15	573129		
OuffL15TB09	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 15	573129		
OuffL15TB10	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 15	573129		
DuffL15TB11	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 15	573129		
OuffL15TB12	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 15	573129	1	

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DuffL15TB13	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 15	573129		
DuffL15TB14	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 15	573129		
DuffL15TB15	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 15	573129		
DuffL15TB16	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 15	573129		
DuffL15TB17	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 15	573129		
DuffL15TB18	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 15	573129		
DuffL15TB19	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 15	573129		
DuffL15TB20	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 15	573129		
DuffL15TB21	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 15	573129		
DuffL15TB22	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 15	573129		
DuffL15TB23	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 15	573129		
DuffL15TB24	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 15	573129		
DuffL15TB25	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 15	573129		
Hamm71TB01	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 71	7531879		
Hamm71TB02	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 71	7531879		
Hamm71TB03	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 71	7531879		
Hamm71TB04	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 71	7531879		
Hamm71TB05	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 71 Lot 71	7531879 7531879		
Hamm71TB06 Hamm71TB07	Test Test			Perpetuity Perpetuity	Lot 71	7531879		
Hamm71TB08 Hamm71TB09	Test Test			Perpetuity Perpetuity	Lot 71 Lot 71	7531879 7531879		
Hamm71TB10	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 71	7531879		
Hamm71TB10	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 71	7531879		
Hamm71TB12	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 71	7531879		
Hamm71TB13	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 71	7531879		
Hamm71TB14	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 71	7531879		
Hamm71TB15	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 71	7531879	1.4.	0'
PD new 1	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 2	753084	Lake	Gipps
PD new 2	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 2	753084	Lake	Gipps
PD new 3	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 2	753084	Lake	Gipps
PD new 4	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 2	753084	Lake	Gipps
PD new 5	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 2	753084	Lake	Gipps
PD new 6	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 2	753084	Lake	Gipps
PD new 7	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD new 8 PD new 9	Test Test			Perpetuity	Lot 23 Lot 23	753097 753097	Lake Lake	Gipps
PD new 10	Test			Perpetuity Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps Gipps
PD new 11	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD new 12	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD new 13	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD new 14	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD new 15	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 23	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD new 16	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD new 17	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD new 18	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD new 19	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD new 20	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD new 21	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD new 22	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD new 23	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD new 24	Test			Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps
PD new 25	Test		İ	Perpetuity	Lot 24	753097	Lake	Gipps